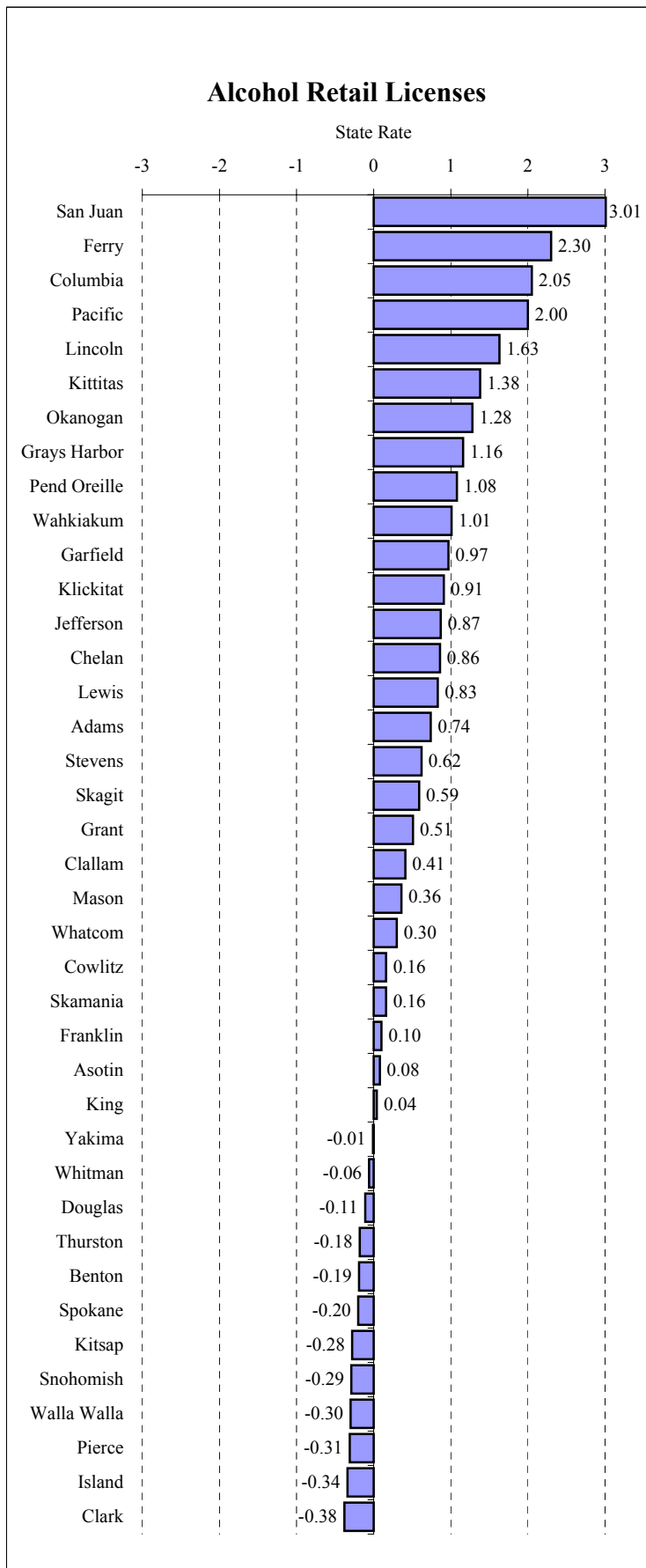
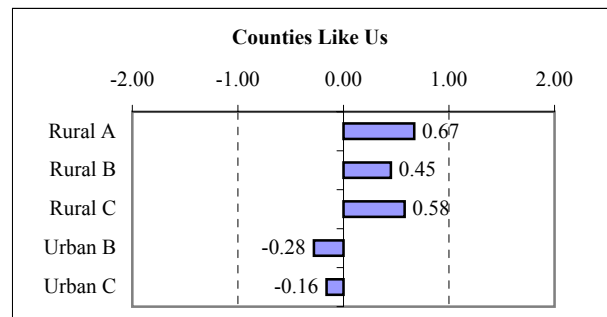


Factor: Availability of Drugs



County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	2.92	0.74	Rural B
Asotin	2.04	0.08	Rural B
Benton	1.67	-0.19	Urban C
Chelan	3.09	0.86	Rural B
Clallam	2.48	0.41	Rural C
Clark	1.42	-0.38	Urban C
Columbia	4.68	2.05	Rural B
Cowlitz	2.14	0.16	Rural C
Douglas	1.78	-0.11	Rural B
Ferry	5.01	2.30	Rural A
Franklin	2.07	0.10	Rural A
Garfield	3.23	0.97	Rural B
Grant	2.62	0.51	Rural A
Grays Harbor	3.48	1.16	Rural C
Island	1.48	-0.34	Rural C
Jefferson	3.10	0.87	Rural C
King	1.98	0.04	Urban A
Kitsap	1.56	-0.28	Urban C
Kittitas	3.78	1.38	Rural B
Klickitat	3.14	0.91	Rural A
Lewis	3.05	0.83	Rural C
Lincoln	4.11	1.63	Rural B
Mason	2.42	0.36	Rural C
Okanogan	3.64	1.28	Rural A
Pacific	4.60	2.00	Rural C
Pend Oreille	3.37	1.08	Rural A
Pierce	1.52	-0.31	Urban B
San Juan	5.96	3.01	Rural C
Skagit	2.72	0.59	Rural C
Skamania	2.14	0.16	Rural A
Snohomish	1.54	-0.29	Urban B
Spokane	1.66	-0.20	Urban B
Stevens	2.76	0.62	Rural B
Thurston	1.69	-0.18	Urban C
Wahkiakum	3.28	1.01	Rural C
Walla Walla	1.53	-0.30	Rural B
Whatcom	2.33	0.30	Urban C
Whitman	1.85	-0.06	Rural B
Yakima	1.92	-0.01	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Alcohol Retail Licenses

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

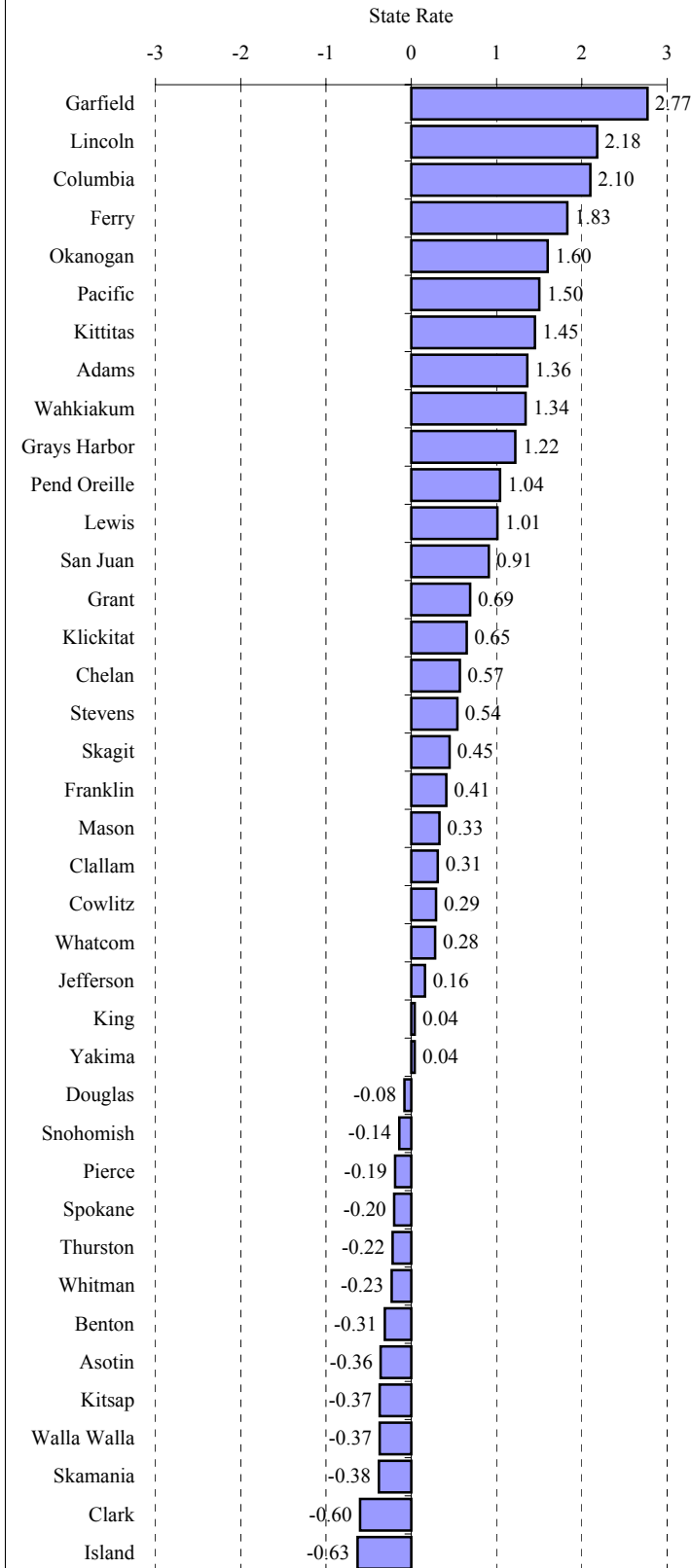


Note: The State and County rate are the annual number of alcohol retail licenses active during the year, per 1,000 persons (all ages). Retail licenses include restaurants, grocery stores, and wine shops but do not include state liquor stores and agencies. Retail alcohol facilities on military bases and reservations are not licensed by the State and therefore are not included in these data. Policies on licensing distributors, taxing the proceeds, and determining who can sell alcohol varies substantially from state to state. Consequently, there is no consistent comparable source for national data.

State Source: Washington State Liquor Control Board, Annual Operations Report

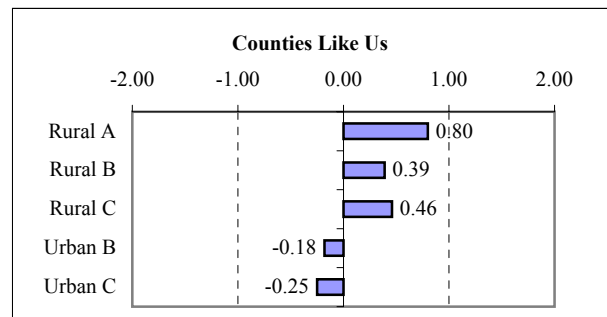
Factor: Availability of Drugs

Tobacco Retail and Vending Machine Licenses



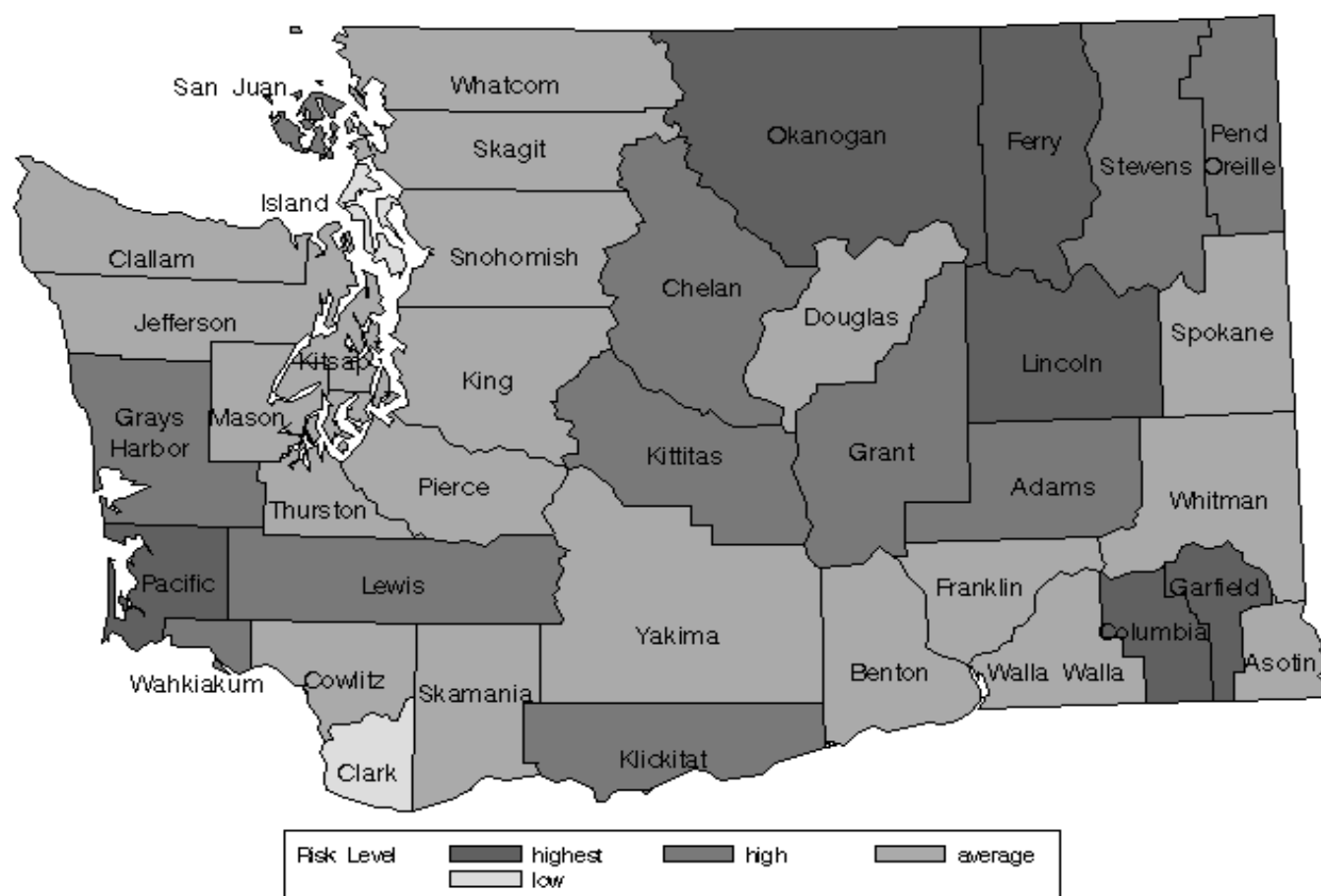
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	2.72	1.36	Rural B
Asotin	1.24	-0.36	Rural B
Benton	1.28	-0.31	Urban C
Chelan	2.03	0.57	Rural B
Clallam	1.82	0.31	Rural C
Clark	1.03	-0.60	Urban C
Columbia	3.35	2.10	Rural B
Cowlitz	1.80	0.29	Rural C
Douglas	1.48	-0.08	Rural B
Ferry	3.12	1.83	Rural A
Franklin	1.90	0.41	Rural A
Garfield	3.93	2.77	Rural B
Grant	2.14	0.69	Rural A
Grays Harbor	2.60	1.22	Rural C
Island	1.01	-0.63	Rural C
Jefferson	1.69	0.16	Rural C
King	1.58	0.04	Urban A
Kitsap	1.23	-0.37	Urban C
Kittitas	2.79	1.45	Rural B
Klickitat	2.11	0.65	Rural A
Lewis	2.42	1.01	Rural C
Lincoln	3.42	2.18	Rural B
Mason	1.83	0.33	Rural C
Okanogan	2.92	1.60	Rural A
Pacific	2.83	1.50	Rural C
Pend Oreille	2.44	1.04	Rural A
Pierce	1.38	-0.19	Urban B
San Juan	2.33	0.91	Rural C
Skagit	1.94	0.45	Rural C
Skamania	1.23	-0.38	Rural A
Snohomish	1.43	-0.14	Urban B
Spokane	1.37	-0.20	Urban B
Stevens	2.01	0.54	Rural B
Thurston	1.36	-0.22	Urban C
Wahkiakum	2.70	1.34	Rural C
Walla Walla	1.23	-0.37	Rural B
Whatcom	1.79	0.28	Urban C
Whitman	1.35	-0.23	Rural B
Yakima	1.58	0.04	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Tobacco Retail and Vending Machine Licenses

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

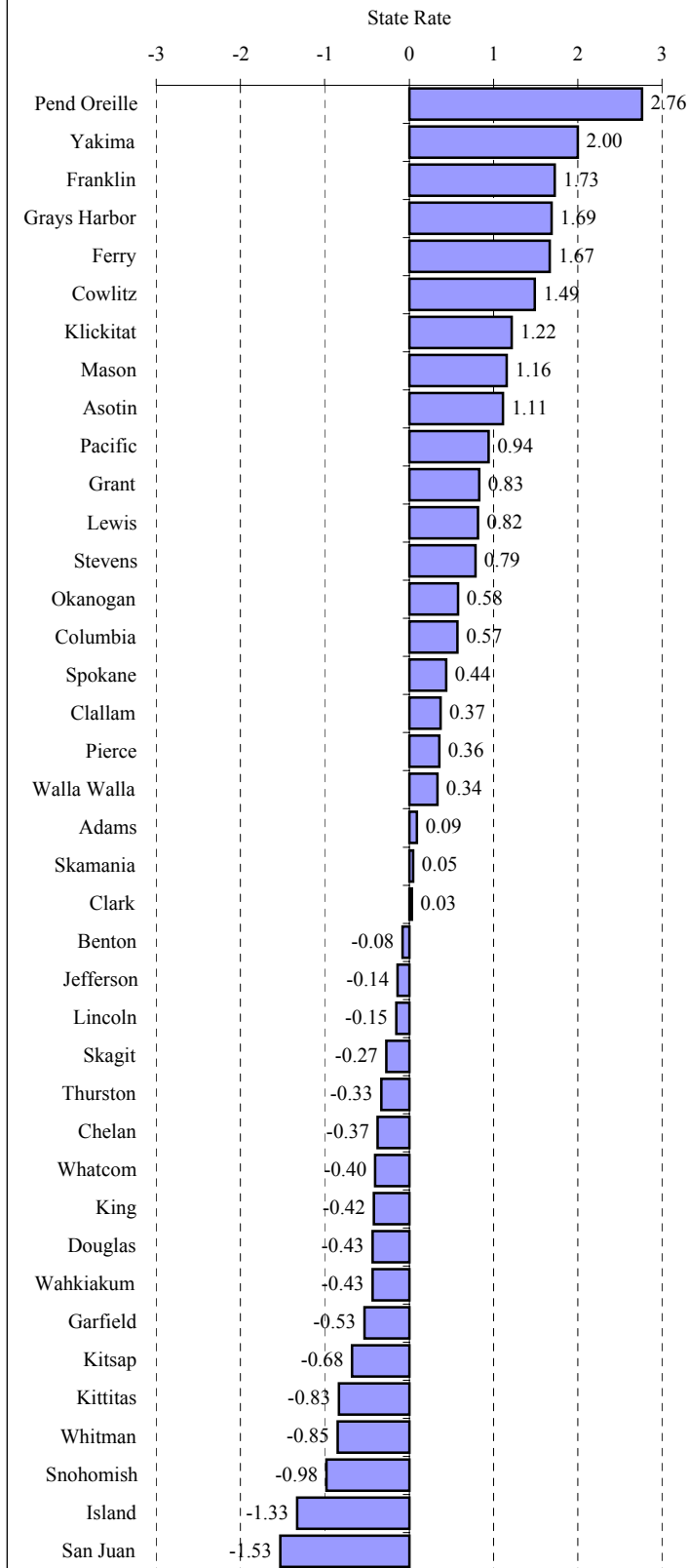


Note: The State and County rate are the annual number of tobacco retailer and vending machine licenses active during the year, per 1,000 persons (all ages). Tobacco retailers on military bases and reservations are not licensed by the State and therefore are not included in these data. Tobacco sales licenses include tobacco retailer licenses (stores that sell tobacco products) and tobacco vending machines. November counts are selected as representative of the average yearly number of retailers. No source of comparable national data was obtained.

State Source: Department of Health (from the Department of Licensing), Tobacco Prevention Program, Tobacco Statistics

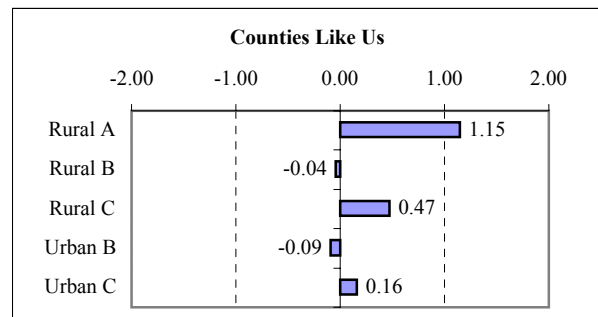
Factor: Exteme Economic and Social Deprivation

Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), Child Recipients



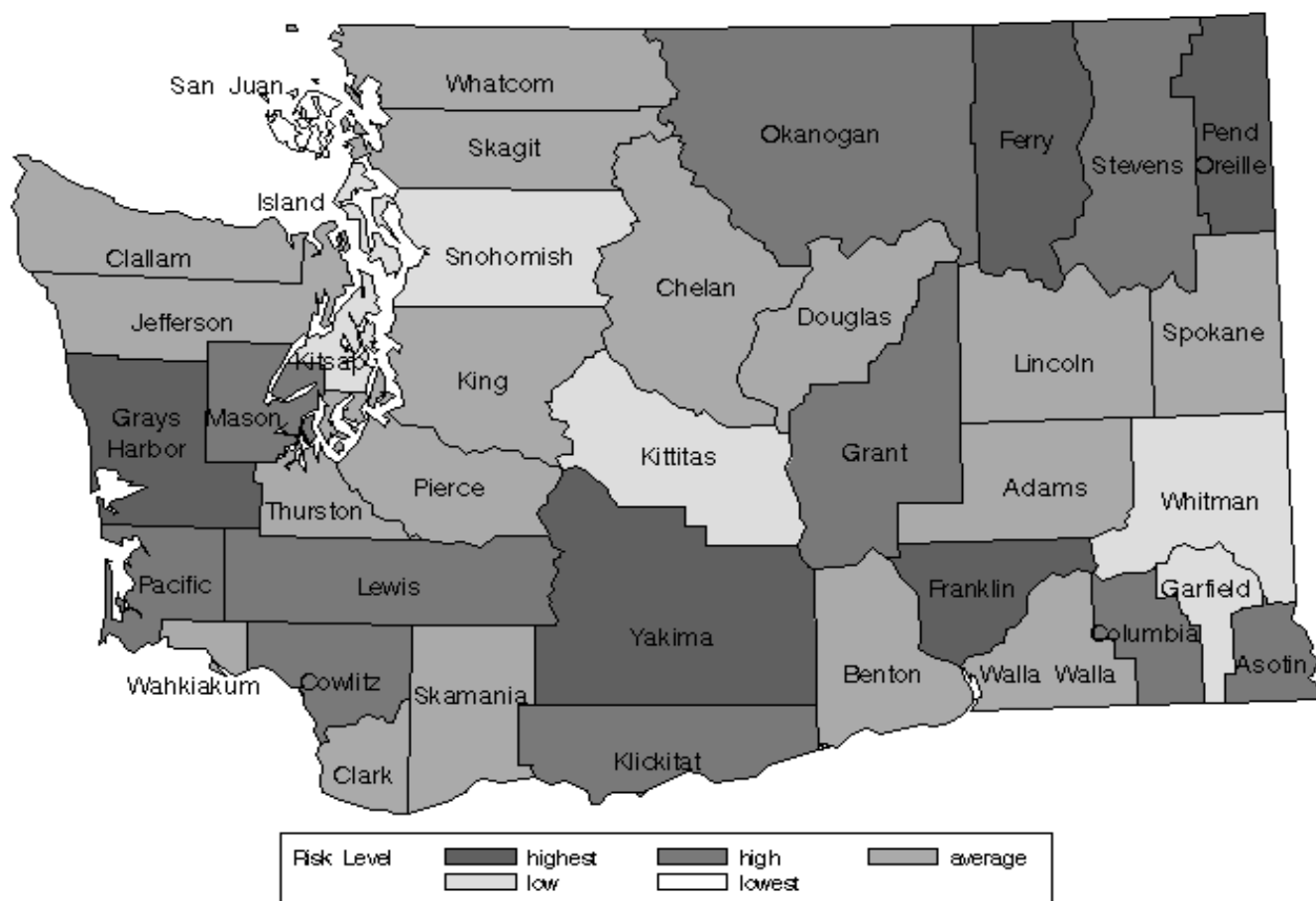
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	83.79	0.09	Rural B
Asotin	119.06	1.11	Rural B
Benton	77.65	-0.08	Urban C
Chelan	67.58	-0.37	Rural B
Clallam	93.27	0.37	Rural C
Clark	81.52	0.03	Urban C
Columbia	100.22	0.57	Rural B
Cowlitz	132.53	1.49	Rural C
Douglas	65.56	-0.43	Rural B
Ferry	138.73	1.67	Rural A
Franklin	140.95	1.73	Rural A
Garfield	61.86	-0.53	Rural B
Grant	109.37	0.83	Rural A
Grays_Harbor	139.36	1.69	Rural C
Island	34.04	-1.33	Rural C
Jefferson	75.74	-0.14	Rural C
King	65.74	-0.42	Urban A
Kitsap	56.75	-0.68	Urban C
Kittitas	51.70	-0.83	Rural B
Klickitat	123.18	1.22	Rural A
Lewis	109.02	0.82	Rural C
Lincoln	75.10	-0.15	Rural B
Mason	121.08	1.16	Rural C
Okanogan	100.73	0.58	Rural A
Pacific	113.14	0.94	Rural C
Pend_Oreille	176.76	2.76	Rural A
Pierce	93.07	0.36	Urban B
San_Juan	27.05	-1.53	Rural C
Skagit	70.95	-0.27	Rural C
Skamania	82.24	0.05	Rural A
Snohomish	46.24	-0.98	Urban B
Spokane	95.80	0.44	Urban B
Stevens	108.16	0.79	Rural B
Thurston	69.03	-0.33	Urban C
Wahkiakum	65.49	-0.43	Rural C
Walla_Walla	92.45	0.34	Rural B
Whatcom	66.52	-0.40	Urban C
Whitman	50.73	-0.85	Rural B
Yakima	150.33	2.00	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), Child Recipients

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



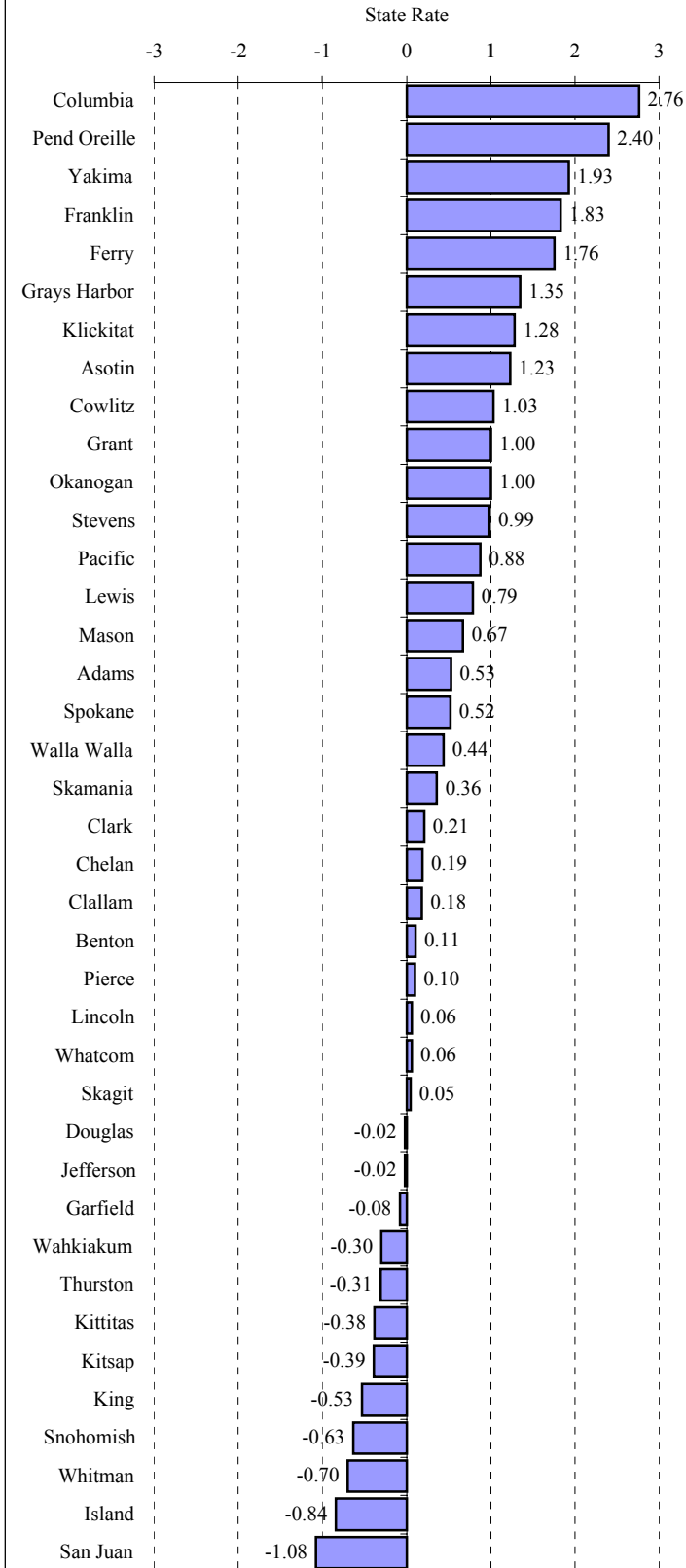
Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of children (age birth-17) participating in Aid to Families (AFDC/TANF) programs in the month of April, per 1,000 children (age birth-17). April was selected as the month with an average number of recipients. Nationally, prior to 1997 AFDC Flash Report was used which counts children 0-17. However National TANF child recipients are defined as children 0-19 with almost no children of age 19, therefore national denominators after 1996 are for children 0-18.

State Source: Department of Social and Health Services, Research and Data Analysis, Automated Client Eligibility System and Warrant Roll

National Source: U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Planning Research and Evaluation: Characteristics and Financial Circumstances of TANF Recipients Table I-29

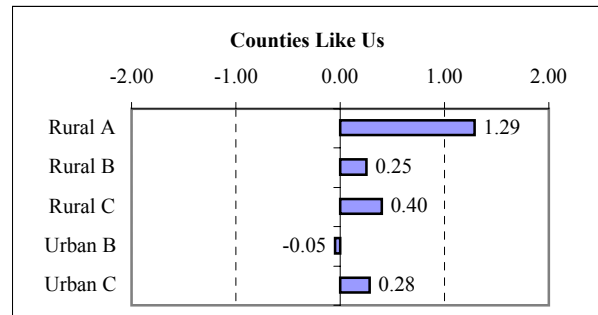
Factor: Exteme Economic and Social Deprivation

Food Stamp Recipients (All Ages)



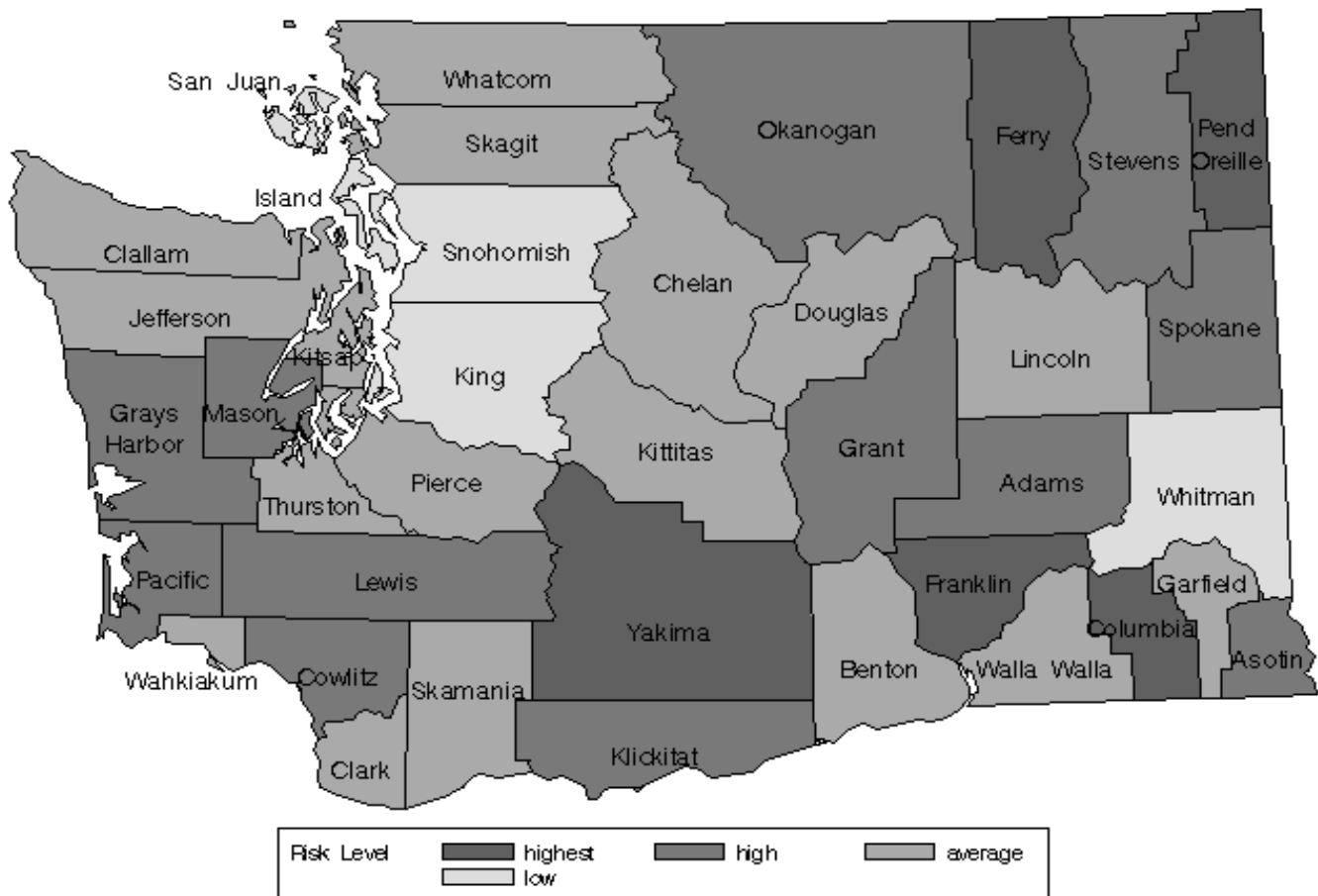
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	83.02	0.53	Rural B
Asotin	107.92	1.23	Rural B
Benton	68.02	0.11	Urban C
Chelan	70.88	0.19	Rural B
Clallam	70.43	0.18	Rural C
Clark	71.48	0.21	Urban C
Columbia	162.51	2.76	Rural B
Cowlitz	100.59	1.03	Rural C
Douglas	63.43	-0.02	Rural B
Ferry	126.65	1.76	Rural A
Franklin	129.16	1.83	Rural A
Garfield	61.21	-0.08	Rural B
Grant	99.74	1.00	Rural A
Grays Harbor	112.03	1.35	Rural C
Island	34.11	-0.84	Rural C
Jefferson	63.15	-0.02	Rural C
King	45.20	-0.53	Urban A
Kitsap	50.15	-0.39	Urban C
Kittitas	50.33	-0.38	Rural B
Klickitat	109.71	1.28	Rural A
Lewis	92.12	0.79	Rural C
Lincoln	66.22	0.06	Rural B
Mason	87.74	0.67	Rural C
Okanogan	99.78	1.00	Rural A
Pacific	95.24	0.88	Rural C
Pend Oreille	149.69	2.40	Rural A
Pierce	67.66	0.10	Urban B
San Juan	25.43	-1.08	Rural C
Skagit	65.81	0.05	Rural C
Skamania	76.83	0.36	Rural A
Snohomish	41.45	-0.63	Urban B
Spokane	82.51	0.52	Urban B
Stevens	99.48	0.99	Rural B
Thurston	52.79	-0.31	Urban C
Wahkiakum	53.47	-0.30	Rural C
Walla Walla	79.71	0.44	Rural B
Whatcom	65.98	0.06	Urban C
Whitman	38.91	-0.70	Rural B
Yakima	132.94	1.93	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Food Stamp Recipients (All Ages)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

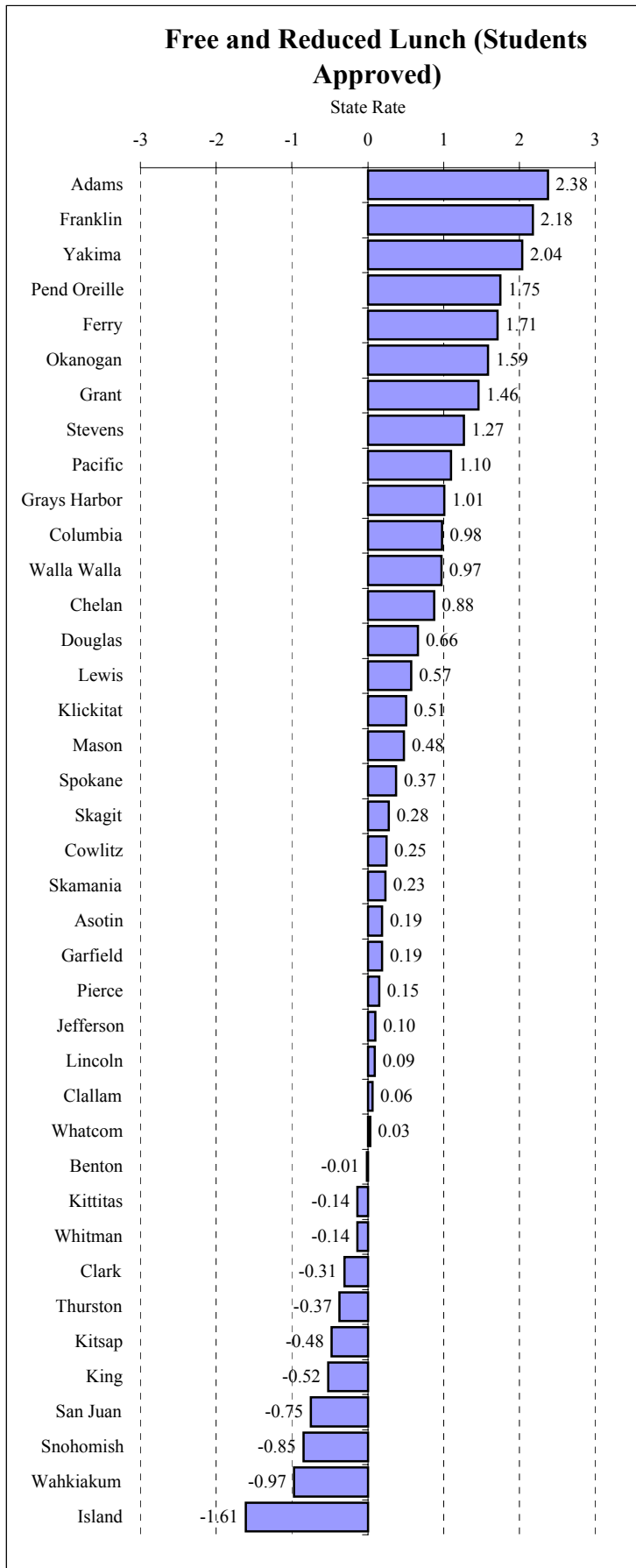


Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of persons (all ages) receiving food stamps in the month of April, per 1,000 persons (all ages). April was selected as the month with an average number of recipients. National rates use counts of all yearly recipients.

State Source: Department of Social and Health Services, Research and Data Analysis, Automated Client Eligibility System and Warrant Roll

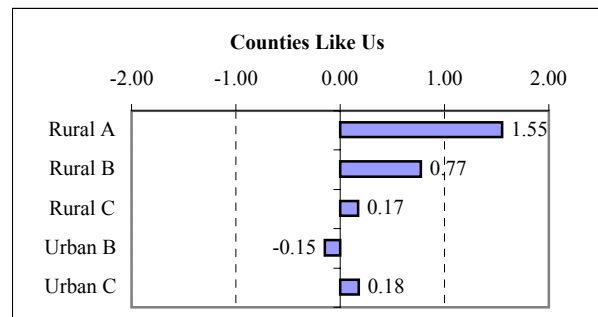
National Source: US Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the US; Federal Food Stamp Programs by State

Factor: Exteme Economic and Social Deprivation



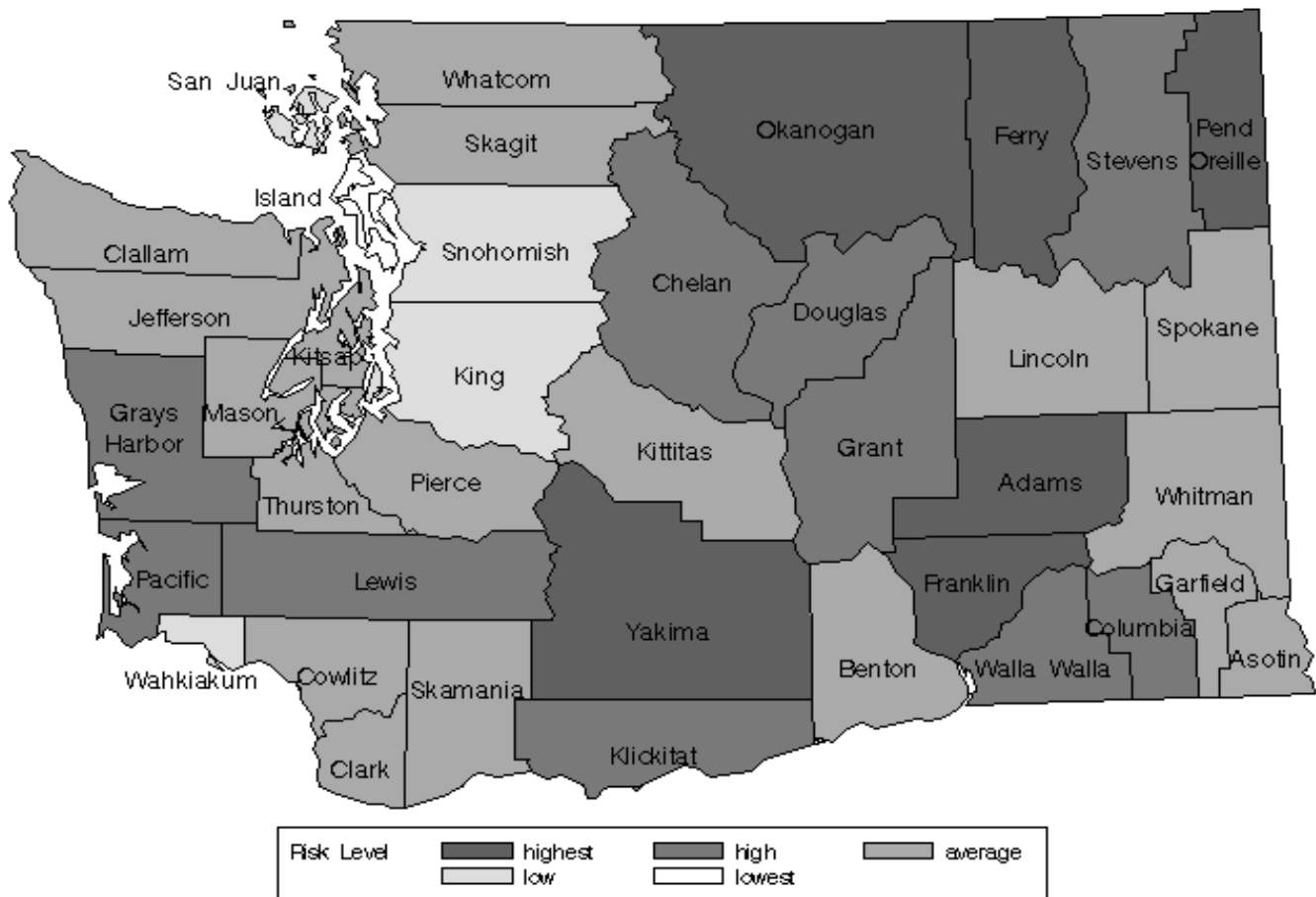
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	62.63	2.38	Rural B
Asotin	33.97	0.19	Rural B
Benton	31.23	-0.01	Urban C
Chelan	42.95	0.88	Rural B
Clallam	32.20	0.06	Rural C
Clark	27.41	-0.31	Urban C
Columbia	44.30	0.98	Rural B
Cowlitz	34.74	0.25	Rural C
Douglas	40.03	0.66	Rural B
Ferry	53.86	1.71	Rural A
Franklin	60.10	2.18	Rural A
Garfield	33.91	0.19	Rural B
Grant	50.59	1.46	Rural A
Grays Harbor	44.67	1.01	Rural C
Island	10.27	-1.61	Rural C
Jefferson	32.72	0.10	Rural C
King	24.62	-0.52	Urban A
Kitsap	25.16	-0.48	Urban C
Kittitas	29.60	-0.14	Rural B
Klickitat	38.14	0.51	Rural A
Lewis	38.94	0.57	Rural C
Lincoln	32.61	0.09	Rural B
Mason	37.73	0.48	Rural C
Okanogan	52.24	1.59	Rural A
Pacific	45.83	1.10	Rural C
Pend Oreille	54.37	1.75	Rural A
Pierce	33.40	0.15	Urban B
San Juan	21.55	-0.75	Rural C
Skagit	35.12	0.28	Rural C
Skamania	34.43	0.23	Rural A
Snohomish	20.24	-0.85	Urban B
Spokane	36.29	0.37	Urban B
Stevens	48.14	1.27	Rural B
Thurston	26.57	-0.37	Urban C
Wahkiakum	18.71	-0.97	Rural C
Walla Walla	44.16	0.97	Rural B
Whatcom	31.80	0.03	Urban C
Whitman	29.57	-0.14	Rural B
Yakima	58.26	2.04	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Free and Reduced Lunch (Students Approved)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



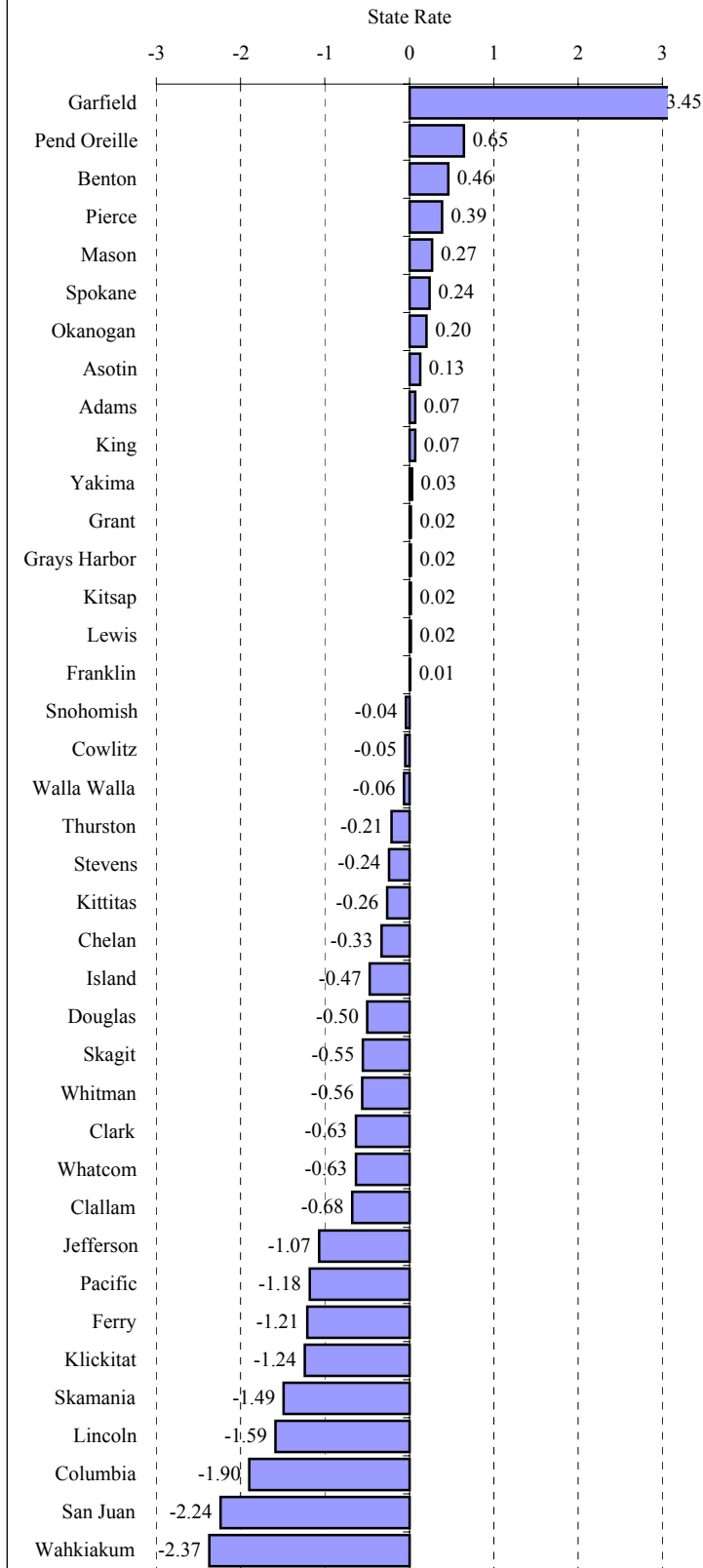
Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of students in public schools (K-12) whose applications have been approved for free and reduced price lunch programs, per 100 students enrolled in public schools (K-12). Children are eligible for free lunches if their family income is at or below 130% of the federal poverty level or for reduced price lunches if their family income is at or below 185% of the federal poverty level. The National rate is all students (K-12) served in free or reduced price lunch programs.

State Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Child Nutrition, Free and Reduced Price Lunch

National Source: U. S. Department of Agriculture, Food, Nutrition, & Consumer Service, Food & Consumer Service, National School Lunch Program

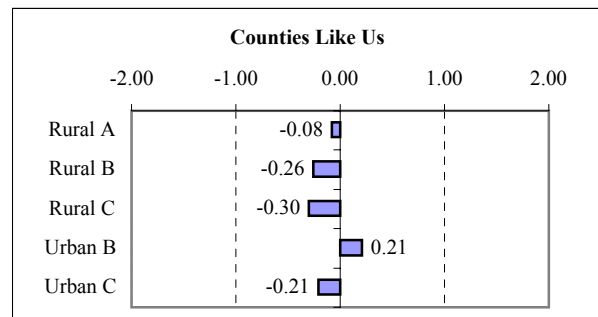
Factor: Exteme Economic and Social Deprivation

Low Birthweight Babies



County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	57.98	0.07	Rural B
Asotin	58.87	0.13	Rural B
Benton	63.46	0.46	Urban C
Chelan	52.28	-0.33	Rural B
Clallam	47.21	-0.68	Rural C
Clark	47.92	-0.63	Urban C
Columbia	29.94	-1.90	Rural B
Cowlitz	56.25	-0.05	Rural C
Douglas	49.83	-0.50	Rural B
Ferry	39.77	-1.21	Rural A
Franklin	57.12	0.01	Rural A
Garfield	106.06	3.45	Rural B
Grant	57.20	0.02	Rural A
Grays Harbor	57.23	0.02	Rural C
Island	50.26	-0.47	Rural C
Jefferson	41.71	-1.07	Rural C
King	57.91	0.07	Urban A
Kitsap	57.24	0.02	Urban C
Kittitas	53.23	-0.26	Rural B
Klickitat	39.31	-1.24	Rural A
Lewis	57.30	0.02	Rural C
Lincoln	34.33	-1.59	Rural B
Mason	60.79	0.27	Rural C
Okanogan	59.82	0.20	Rural A
Pacific	40.13	-1.18	Rural C
Pend Oreille	66.23	0.65	Rural A
Pierce	62.54	0.39	Urban B
San Juan	25.00	-2.24	Rural C
Skagit	49.19	-0.55	Rural C
Skamania	35.71	-1.49	Rural A
Snohomish	56.45	-0.04	Urban B
Spokane	60.34	0.24	Urban B
Stevens	53.58	-0.24	Rural B
Thurston	54.01	-0.21	Urban C
Wahkiakum	23.26	-2.37	Rural C
Walla Walla	56.05	-0.06	Rural B
Whatcom	47.99	-0.63	Urban C
Whitman	48.99	-0.56	Rural B
Yakima	57.39	0.03	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Low Birthweight Babies

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

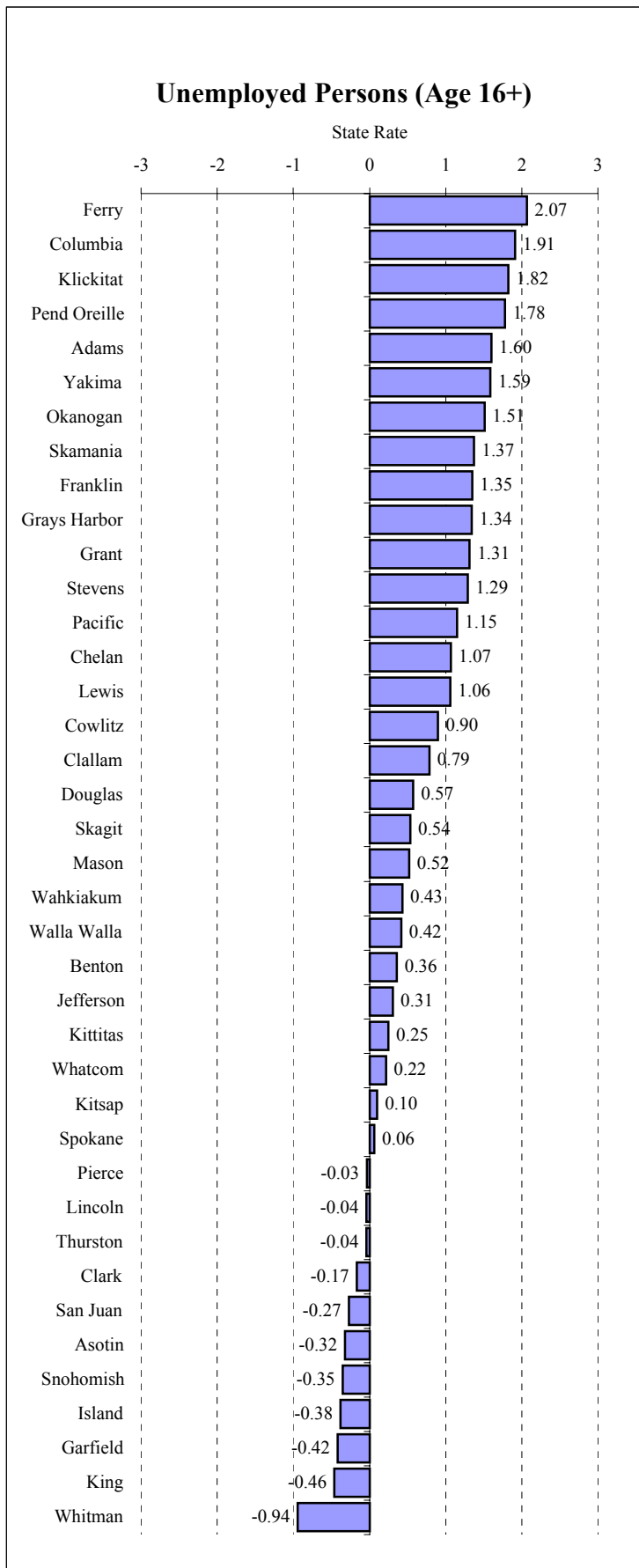


than 2,500 grams. Rate changes in data result from on-going updates to birth records. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5 or the number of live births is less than 100 in the geographic area.

State Source: Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Certificate Data File

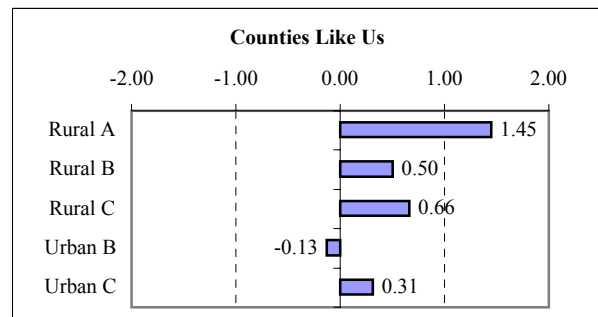
National Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Health Statistics
National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Services, WONDER Data System

Factor: Exteme Economic and Social Deprivation



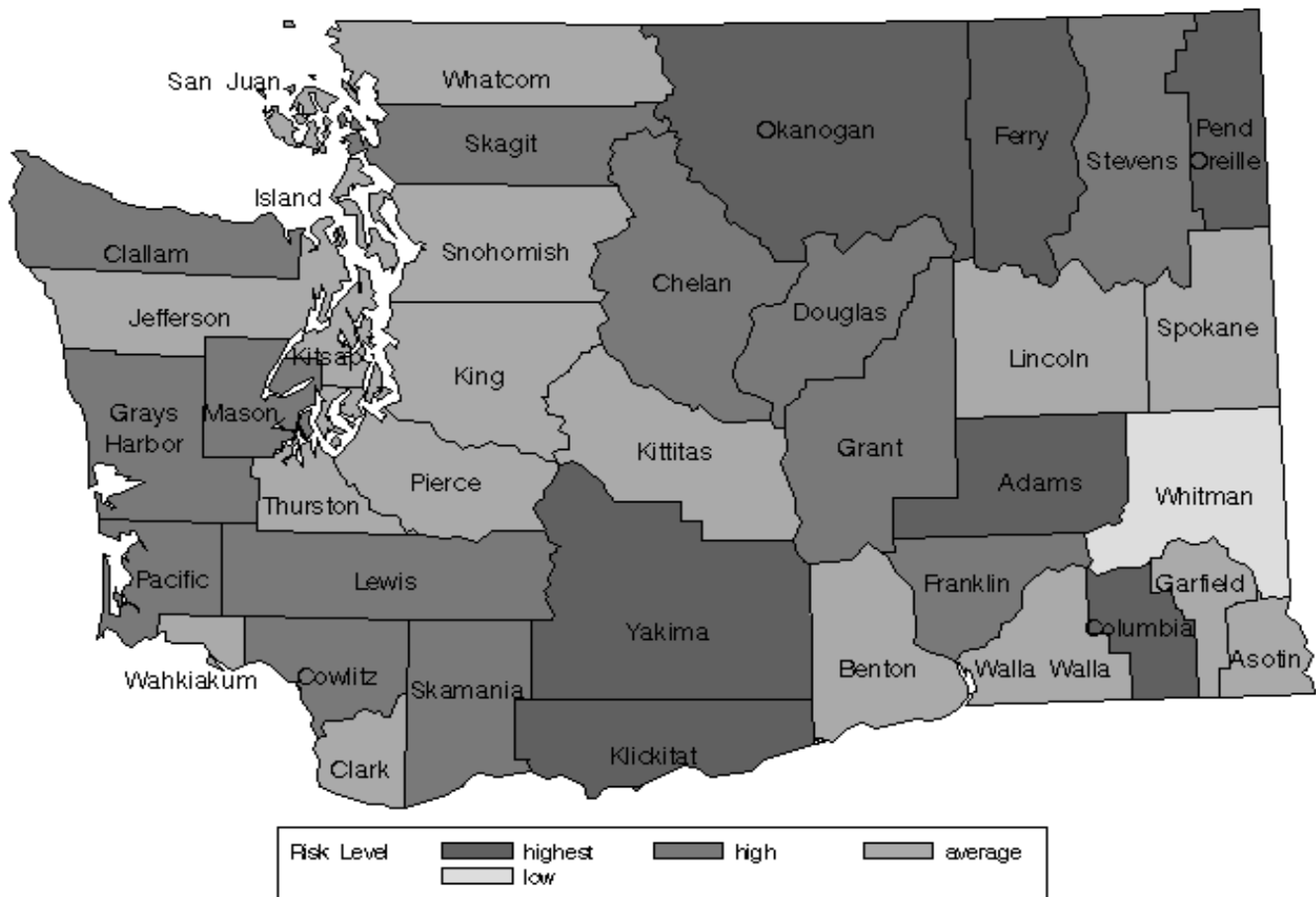
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	10.43	1.60	Rural B
Asotin	4.11	-0.32	Rural B
Benton	6.34	0.36	Urban C
Chelan	8.70	1.07	Rural B
Clallam	7.76	0.79	Rural C
Clark	4.59	-0.17	Urban C
Columbia	11.48	1.91	Rural B
Cowlitz	8.12	0.90	Rural C
Douglas	7.03	0.57	Rural B
Ferry	11.98	2.07	Rural A
Franklin	9.62	1.35	Rural A
Garfield	3.77	-0.42	Rural B
Grant	9.48	1.31	Rural A
Grays Harbor	9.57	1.34	Rural C
Island	3.92	-0.38	Rural C
Jefferson	6.17	0.31	Rural C
King	3.64	-0.46	Urban A
Kitsap	5.48	0.10	Urban C
Kittitas	5.99	0.25	Rural B
Klickitat	11.15	1.82	Rural A
Lewis	8.65	1.06	Rural C
Lincoln	5.03	-0.04	Rural B
Mason	6.87	0.52	Rural C
Okanogan	10.13	1.51	Rural A
Pacific	8.96	1.15	Rural C
Pend Oreille	11.05	1.78	Rural A
Pierce	5.05	-0.03	Urban B
San Juan	4.28	-0.27	Rural C
Skagit	6.96	0.54	Rural C
Skamania	9.69	1.37	Rural A
Snohomish	3.99	-0.35	Urban B
Spokane	5.36	0.06	Urban B
Stevens	9.43	1.29	Rural B
Thurston	5.04	-0.04	Urban C
Wahkiakum	6.59	0.43	Rural C
Walla Walla	6.55	0.42	Rural B
Whatcom	5.89	0.22	Urban C
Whitman	2.06	-0.94	Rural B
Yakima	10.41	1.59	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Unemployed Persons (Age 16+)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



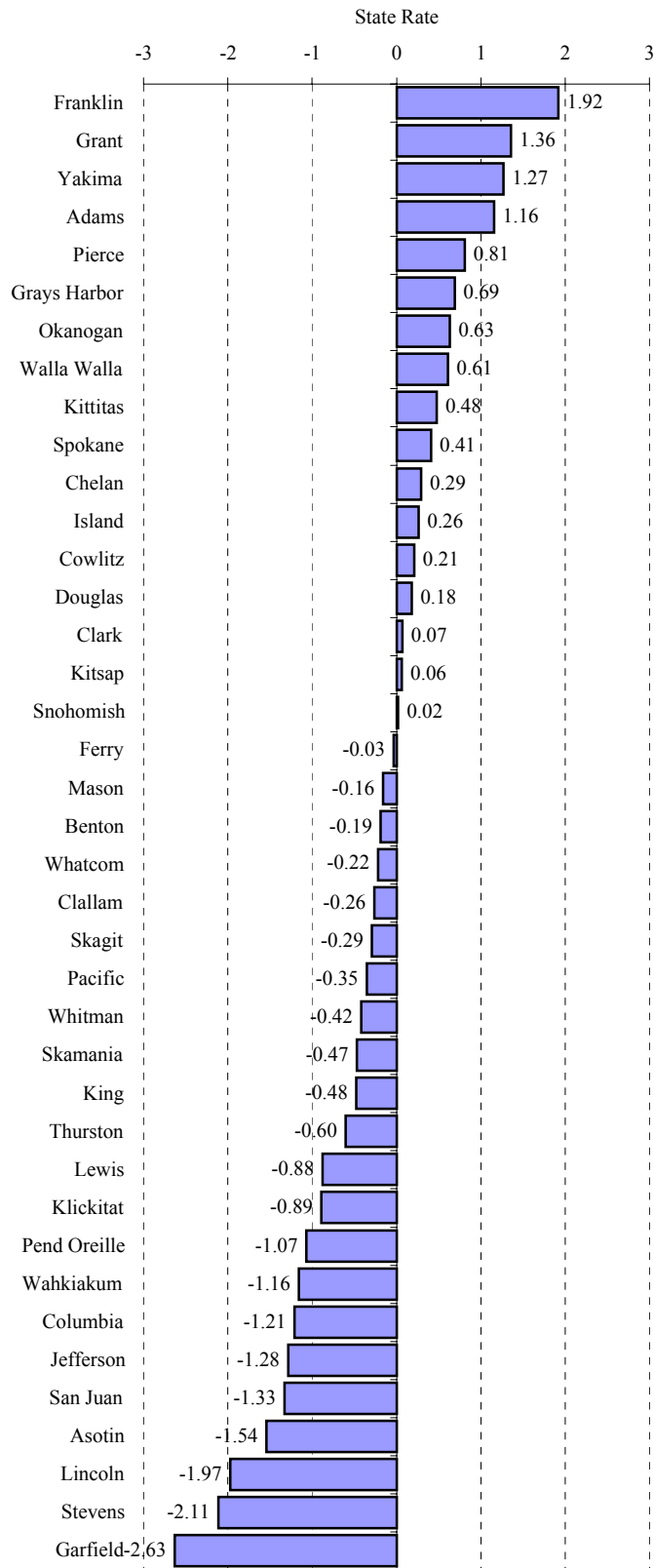
Note: The rates are the annual number of unemployed persons (age 16 and over) per 100 persons in the civilian labor force. Unemployed persons are individuals who are currently available for work have actively looked for work, and do not have a job. The civilian labor force includes persons who are working or looking for work.

State Source: Employment Security Department, Labor Market and Economic Analysis, County Unemployment File

National Source: U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey

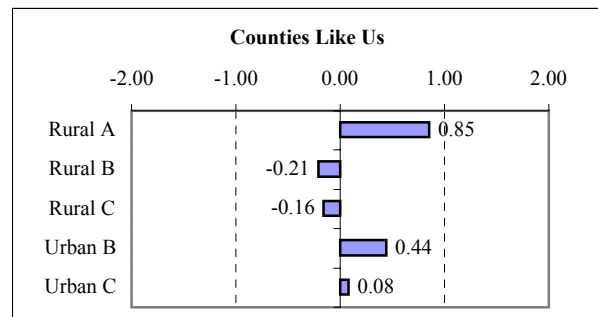
Factor: Low Neighborhood Attachment and Community Disorganization

Population Not Registered to Vote



County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	37.15	1.16	Rural B
Asotin	9.87	-1.54	Rural B
Benton	23.48	-0.19	Urban C
Chelan	28.31	0.29	Rural B
Clallam	22.84	-0.26	Rural C
Clark	26.10	0.07	Urban C
Columbia	13.23	-1.21	Rural B
Cowlitz	27.55	0.21	Rural C
Douglas	27.21	0.18	Rural B
Ferry	25.12	-0.03	Rural A
Franklin	44.83	1.92	Rural A
Garfield	-1.08	-2.63	Rural B
Grant	39.14	1.36	Rural A
Grays Harbor	32.40	0.69	Rural C
Island	28.00	0.26	Rural C
Jefferson	12.54	-1.28	Rural C
King	20.53	-0.48	Urban A
Kitsap	26.06	0.06	Urban C
Kittitas	30.30	0.48	Rural B
Klickitat	16.49	-0.89	Rural A
Lewis	16.52	-0.88	Rural C
Lincoln	5.58	-1.97	Rural B
Mason	23.84	-0.16	Rural C
Okanogan	31.81	0.63	Rural A
Pacific	21.88	-0.35	Rural C
Pend Oreille	14.65	-1.07	Rural A
Pierce	33.59	0.81	Urban B
San Juan	11.99	-1.33	Rural C
Skagit	22.46	-0.29	Rural C
Skamania	20.65	-0.47	Rural A
Snohomish	25.66	0.02	Urban B
Spokane	29.58	0.41	Urban B
Stevens	4.09	-2.11	Rural B
Thurston	19.34	-0.60	Urban C
Wahkiakum	13.67	-1.16	Rural C
Walla Walla	31.59	0.61	Rural B
Whatcom	23.20	-0.22	Urban C
Whitman	21.22	-0.42	Rural B
Yakima	38.22	1.27	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Population Not Registered to Vote

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



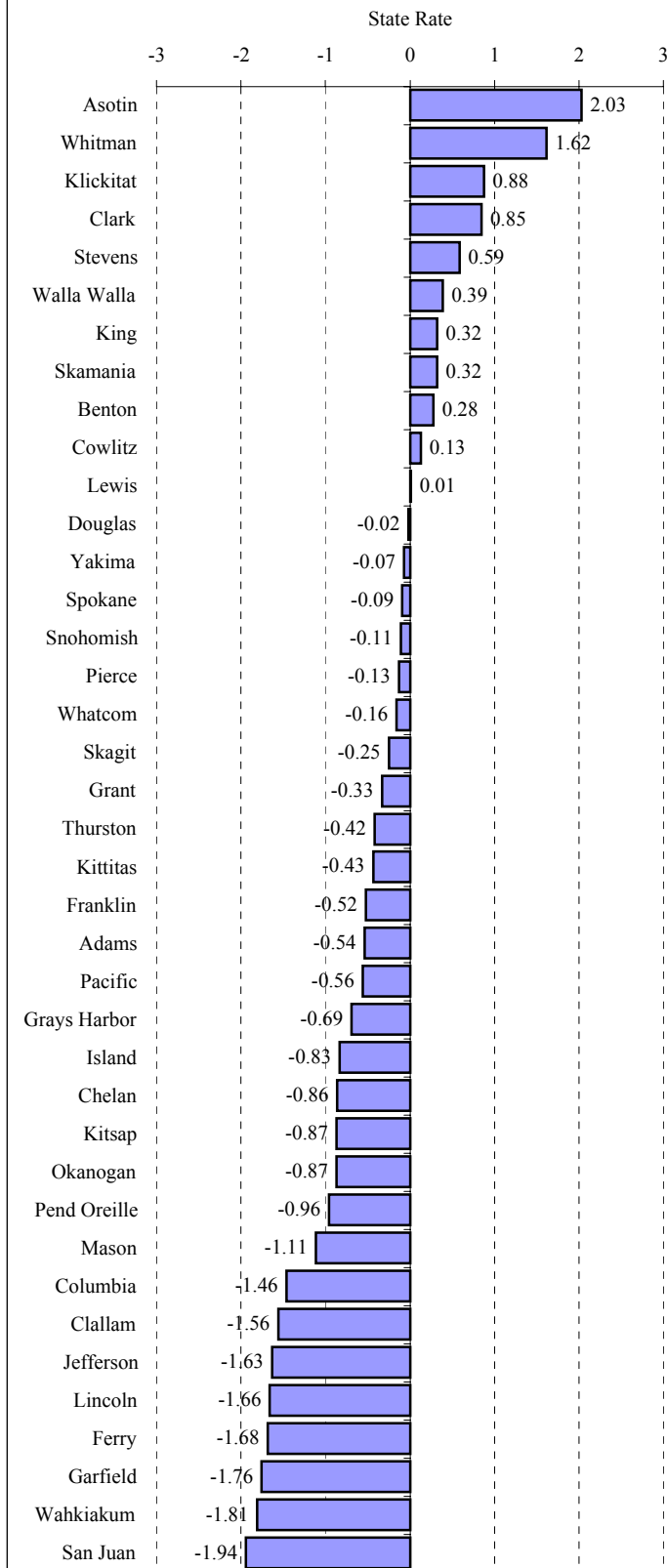
Note: The rate is the annual number of persons not registered to vote in the November elections, per 100 adults (age 18 and over). As part of the November Current Population Survey (the Voting and Registration Supplement), the Bureau of the Census collects data on voting and registration in years with presidential or congressional elections (i.e. every other year).

State Source: Office of the Secretary of State, Elections Division, Registered Voters

National Source: Calculated using data from U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States; "Voting-Age Population, Percent Reporting Registered, and Voted: 1980 to 2000"

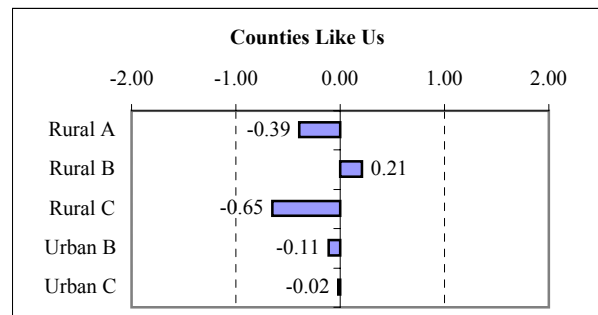
Factor: Low Neighborhood Attachment and Community Disorganization

Registered and Not Voting in the November Election



County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	37.21	-0.54	Rural B
Asotin	53.50	2.03	Rural B
Benton	42.41	0.28	Urban C
Chelan	35.13	-0.86	Rural B
Clallam	30.73	-1.56	Rural C
Clark	45.99	0.85	Urban C
Columbia	31.36	-1.46	Rural B
Cowlitz	41.43	0.13	Rural C
Douglas	40.46	-0.02	Rural B
Ferry	29.96	-1.68	Rural A
Franklin	37.29	-0.52	Rural A
Garfield	29.43	-1.76	Rural B
Grant	38.50	-0.33	Rural A
Grays Harbor	36.24	-0.69	Rural C
Island	35.37	-0.83	Rural C
Jefferson	30.25	-1.63	Rural C
King	42.62	0.32	Urban A
Kitsap	35.10	-0.87	Urban C
Kittitas	37.86	-0.43	Rural B
Klickitat	46.21	0.88	Rural A
Lewis	40.67	0.01	Rural C
Lincoln	30.05	-1.66	Rural B
Mason	33.59	-1.11	Rural C
Okanogan	35.07	-0.87	Rural A
Pacific	37.02	-0.56	Rural C
Pend Oreille	34.53	-0.96	Rural A
Pierce	39.76	-0.13	Urban B
San Juan	28.30	-1.94	Rural C
Skagit	39.05	-0.25	Rural C
Skamania	42.63	0.32	Rural A
Snohomish	39.91	-0.11	Urban B
Spokane	40.07	-0.09	Urban B
Stevens	44.33	0.59	Rural B
Thurston	37.95	-0.42	Urban C
Wahkiakum	29.10	-1.81	Rural C
Walla Walla	43.12	0.39	Rural B
Whatcom	39.62	-0.16	Urban C
Whitman	50.92	1.62	Rural B
Yakima	40.17	-0.07	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Registered and Not Voting in the November Election

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



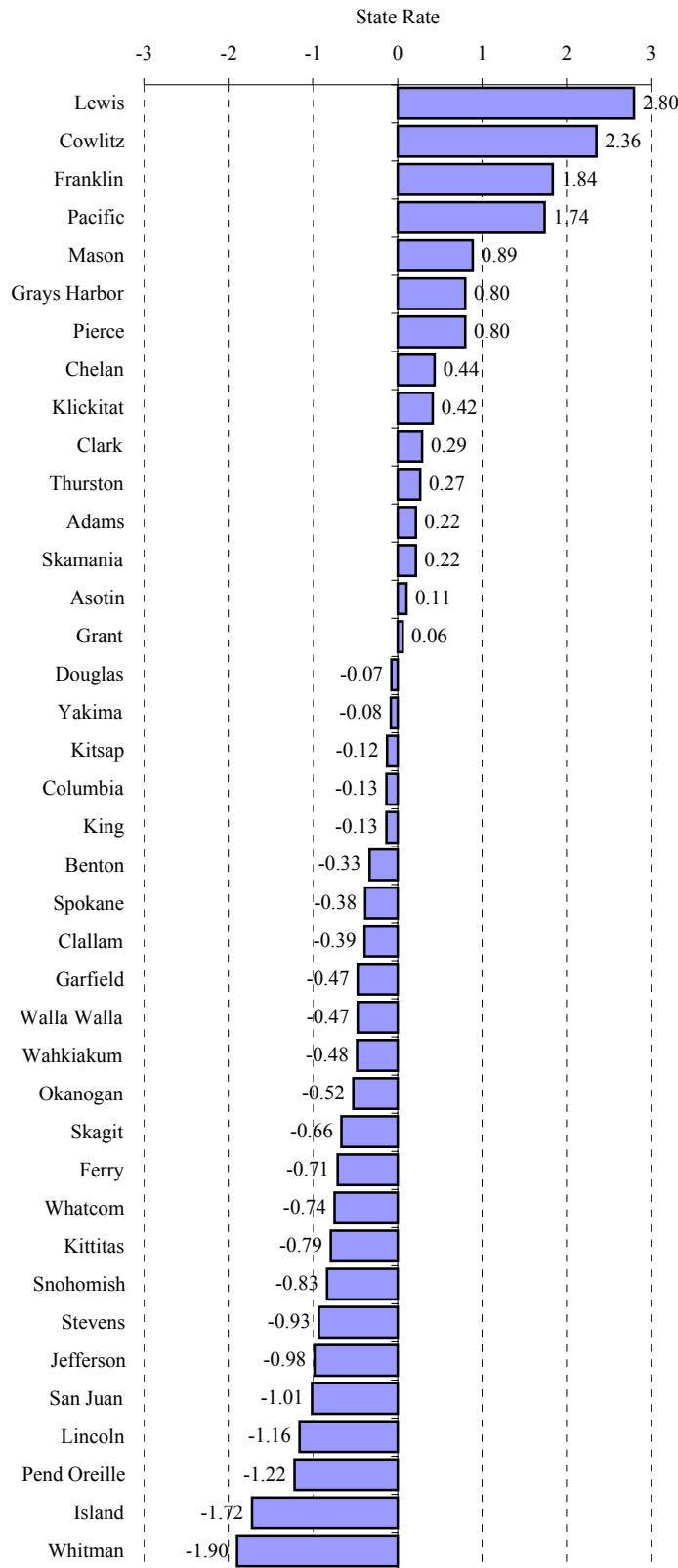
Note: The rate is the annual number of persons registered to vote in the November elections but not voting, per 100 adults (age 18 and over) registered to vote. As part of the November Current Population Survey (the Voting and Registration Supplement), the Bureau of the Census collects data on voting and registration in years with presidential or congressional elections (i.e. every other year).

State Source: Office of the Secretary of State, Elections Division, Registered Voters

National Source: Calculated using data from U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States; "Voting-Age Population, Percent Reporting Registered, and Voted: 1980 to 2000"

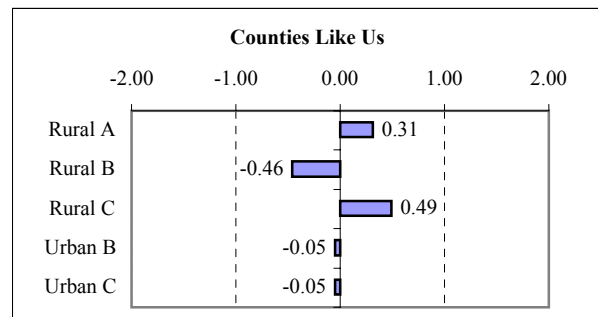
Factor: Low Neighborhood Attachment and Community Disorganization

Prisoners in State Correctional Systems, (Age 18+)



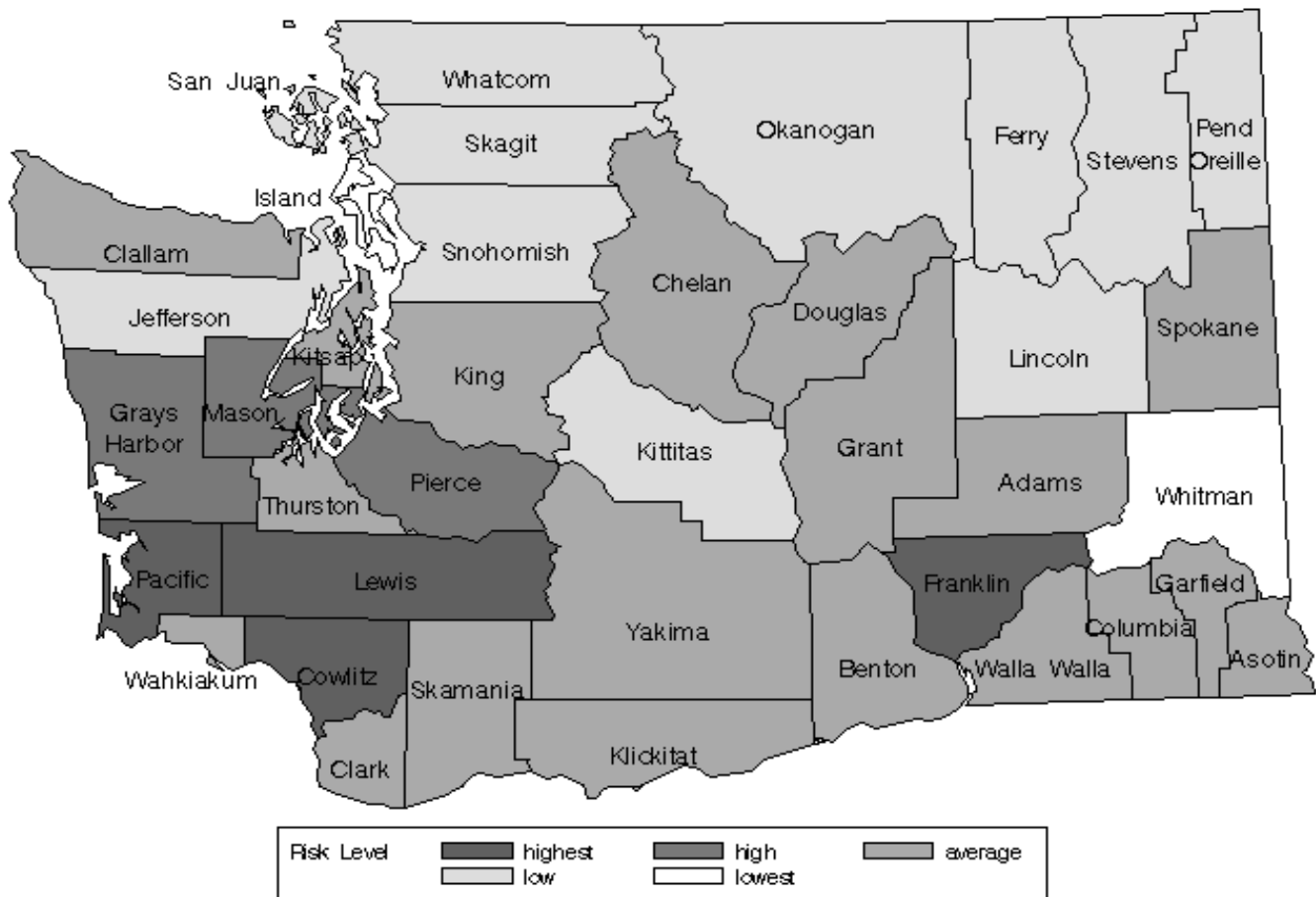
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	130.70	0.22	Rural B
Asotin	125.03	0.11	Rural B
Benton	102.89	-0.33	Urban C
Chelan	141.71	0.44	Rural B
Clallam	99.95	-0.39	Rural C
Clark	134.27	0.29	Urban C
Columbia	113.30	-0.13	Rural B
Cowlitz	239.08	2.36	Rural C
Douglas	116.26	-0.07	Rural B
Ferry	83.51	-0.71	Rural A
Franklin	212.63	1.84	Rural A
Garfield	96.01	-0.47	Rural B
Grant	122.73	0.06	Rural A
Grays Harbor	160.29	0.80	Rural C
Island	32.36	-1.72	Rural C
Jefferson	70.13	-0.98	Rural C
King	112.84	-0.13	Urban A
Kitsap	113.48	-0.12	Urban C
Kittitas	79.53	-0.79	Rural B
Klickitat	141.12	0.42	Rural A
Lewis	261.65	2.80	Rural C
Lincoln	61.16	-1.16	Rural B
Mason	164.63	0.89	Rural C
Okanogan	93.27	-0.52	Rural A
Pacific	207.68	1.74	Rural C
Pend Oreille	57.96	-1.22	Rural A
Pierce	160.18	0.80	Urban B
San Juan	68.58	-1.01	Rural C
Skagit	86.36	-0.66	Rural C
Skamania	130.69	0.22	Rural A
Snohomish	77.45	-0.83	Urban B
Spokane	100.46	-0.38	Urban B
Stevens	72.31	-0.93	Rural B
Thurston	133.36	0.27	Urban C
Wahkiakum	95.15	-0.48	Rural C
Walla Walla	95.98	-0.47	Rural B
Whatcom	82.37	-0.74	Urban C
Whitman	23.22	-1.90	Rural B
Yakima	115.44	-0.08	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Prisoners in State Correctional Systems, (Age 18+)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

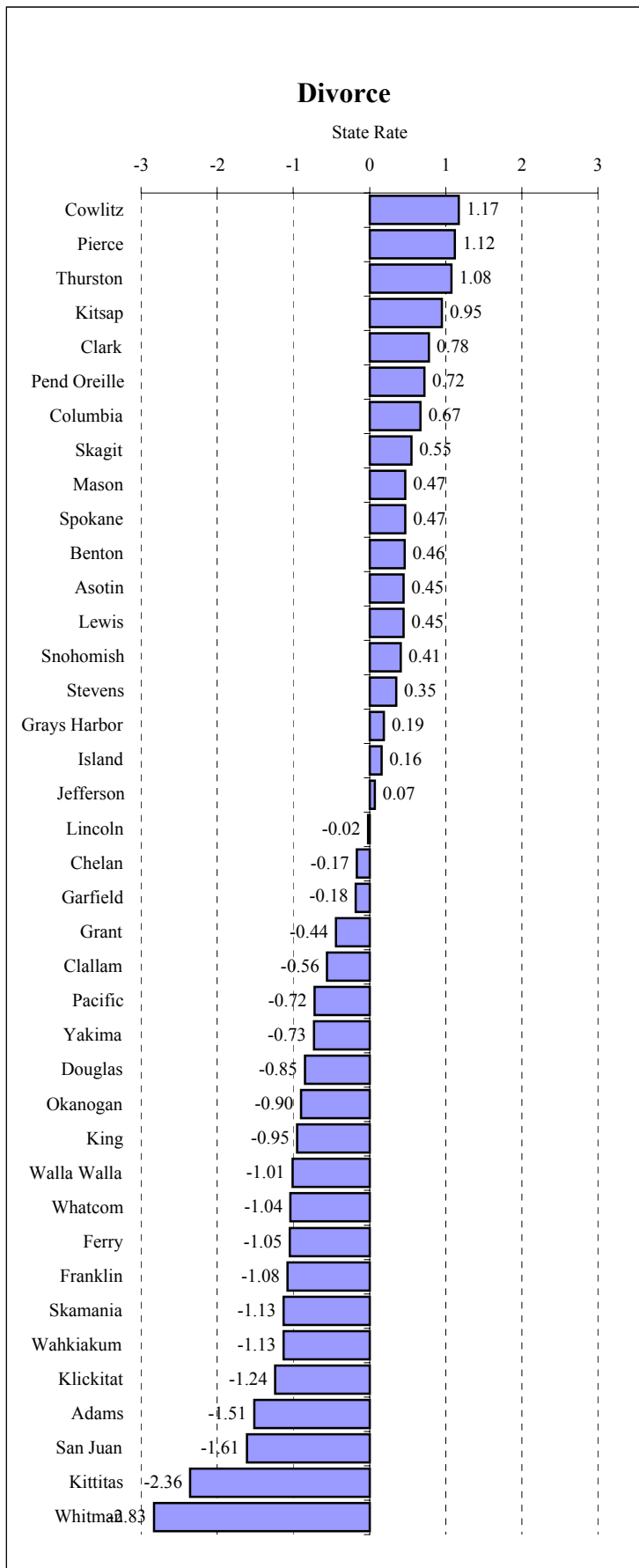


Note: The rate is the annual number of adult (age 18 and over) admissions to prison, per 100,000 persons (all ages). Admissions include new admissions, re-admissions, community custody inmate violations, and parole violations. Counts of admissions are duplicated so that individuals admitted to prison more than once in a year are counted each time they are admitted. The admissions are attributed to the county where the conviction occurred. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5. National data after 1998 are not available in an equivalent form.

State Source: Department of Corrections, Inmates File

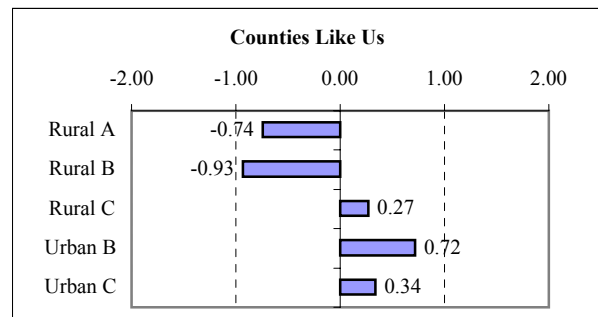
National Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics Correctional Populations in the U.S.

Factor: Family Conflict



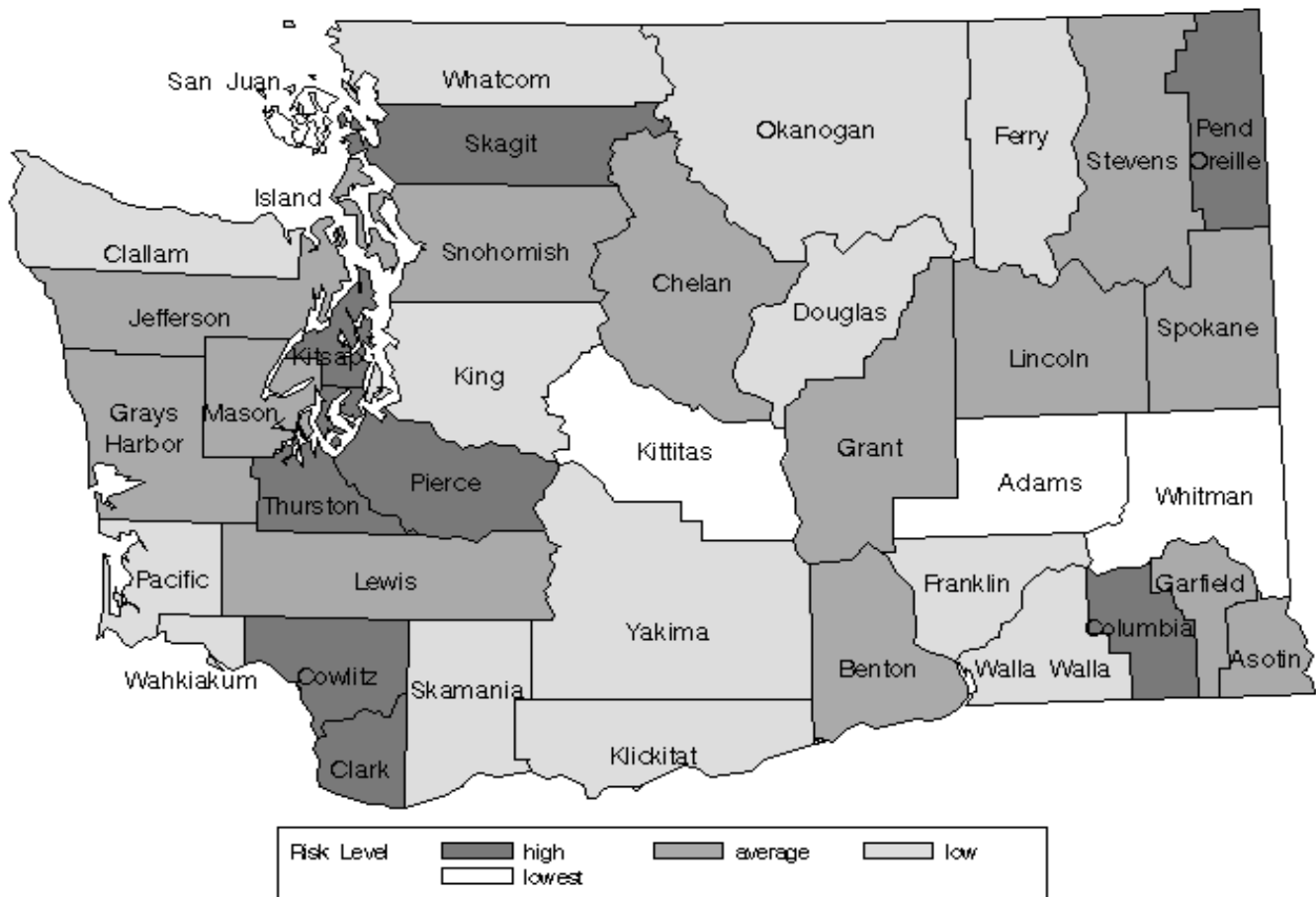
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	4.83	-1.51	Rural B
Asotin	6.74	0.45	Rural B
Benton	6.75	0.46	Urban C
Chelan	6.14	-0.17	Rural B
Clallam	5.76	-0.56	Rural C
Clark	7.07	0.78	Urban C
Columbia	6.96	0.67	Rural B
Cowlitz	7.44	1.17	Rural C
Douglas	5.48	-0.85	Rural B
Ferry	5.29	-1.05	Rural A
Franklin	5.25	-1.08	Rural A
Garfield	6.13	-0.18	Rural B
Grant	5.88	-0.44	Rural A
Grays Harbor	6.49	0.19	Rural C
Island	6.46	0.16	Rural C
Jefferson	6.37	0.07	Rural C
King	5.38	-0.95	Urban A
Kitsap	7.23	0.95	Urban C
Kittitas	4.01	-2.36	Rural B
Klickitat	5.10	-1.24	Rural A
Lewis	6.74	0.45	Rural C
Lincoln	6.28	-0.02	Rural B
Mason	6.76	0.47	Rural C
Okanogan	5.43	-0.90	Rural A
Pacific	5.60	-0.72	Rural C
Pend Oreille	7.00	0.72	Rural A
Pierce	7.40	1.12	Urban B
San Juan	4.74	-1.61	Rural C
Skagit	6.84	0.55	Rural C
Skamania	5.21	-1.13	Rural A
Snohomish	6.71	0.41	Urban B
Spokane	6.76	0.47	Urban B
Stevens	6.65	0.35	Rural B
Thurston	7.35	1.08	Urban C
Wahkiakum	5.20	-1.13	Rural C
Walla Walla	5.32	-1.01	Rural B
Whatcom	5.29	-1.04	Urban C
Whitman	3.56	-2.83	Rural B
Yakima	5.59	-0.73	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Divorce

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

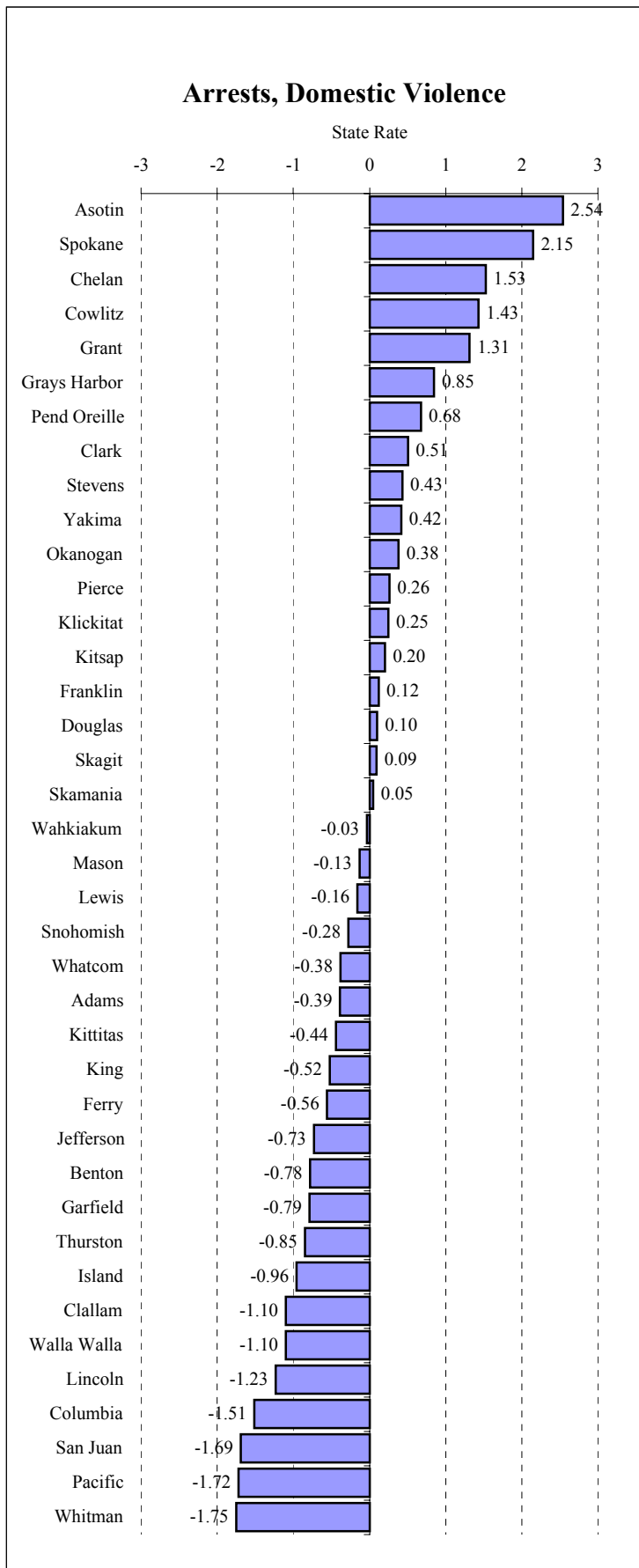


Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of divorces per 1,000 persons (age 15 and over). Divorce includes dissolutions, annulments, and unknown decree types; it does not include legal separations. Divorce data is reported by the woman's residence, if in Washington at the time of decree. If the woman lived outside Washington, the man's residence was used. If both parties residence was unknown the event is not assigned to a county, but is included in the state rate. The National rate is based on age 18 and over population.

State Source: Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics, Dissolution and Annulment Data

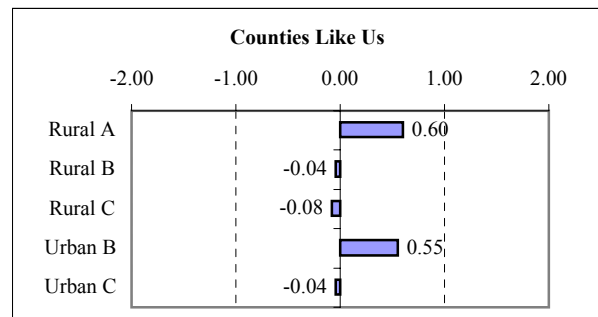
National Source: Calculated using Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, National Vital Statistics Reports Births, Marriages, Divorces, and Deaths, Provisional Data for August 2001

Factor: Family Conflict



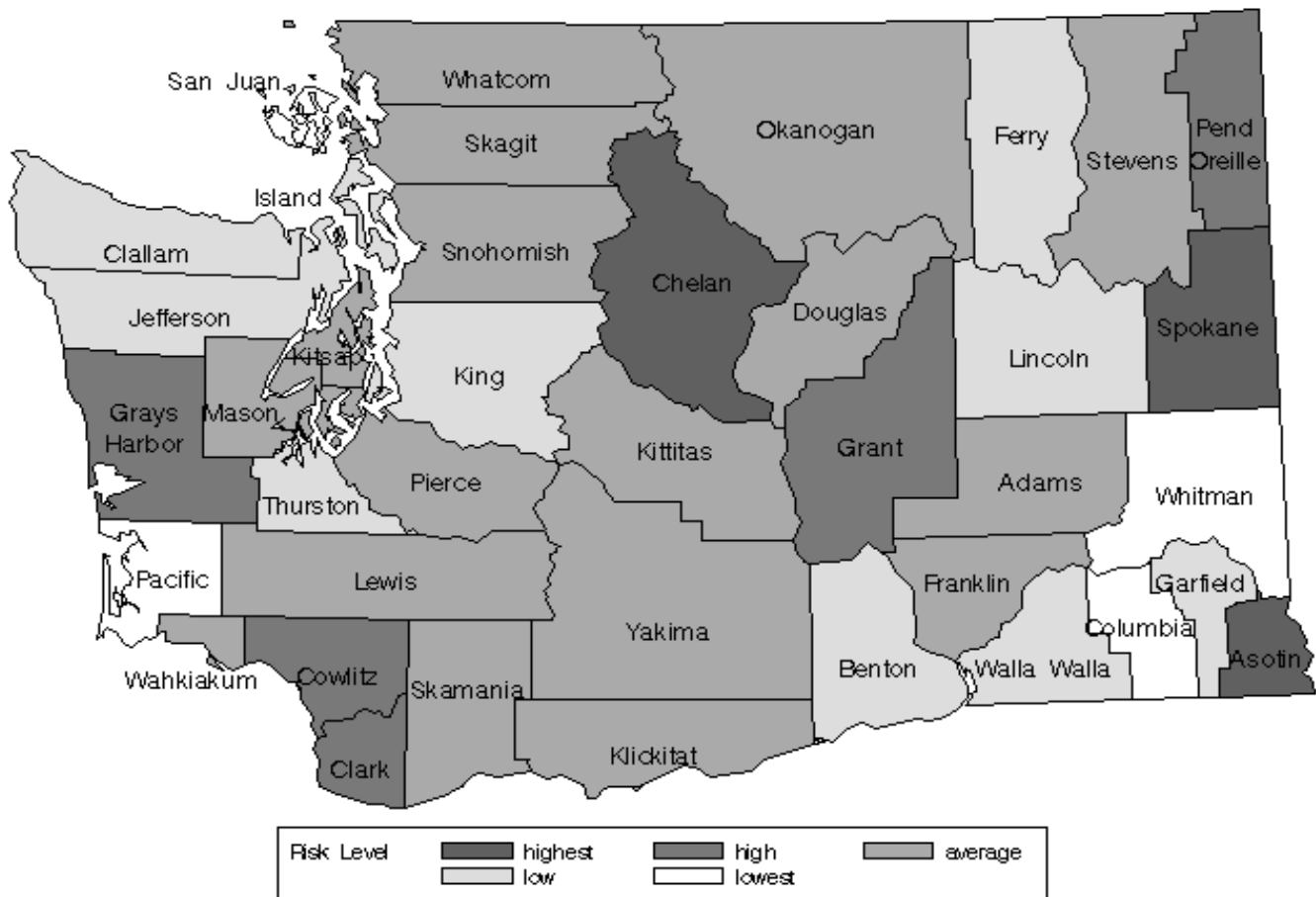
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	6.44	-0.39	Rural B
Asotin	14.42	2.54	Rural B
Benton	5.39	-0.78	Urban C
Chelan	11.67	1.53	Rural B
Clallam	4.52	-1.10	Rural C
Clark	8.89	0.51	Urban C
Columbia	3.40	-1.51	Rural B
Cowlitz	11.41	1.43	Rural C
Douglas	7.78	0.10	Rural B
Ferry	5.99	-0.56	Rural A
Franklin	7.82	0.12	Rural A
Garfield	5.36	-0.79	Rural B
Grant	11.08	1.31	Rural A
Grays Harbor	9.81	0.85	Rural C
Island	4.91	-0.96	Rural C
Jefferson	5.53	-0.73	Rural C
King	6.08	-0.52	Urban A
Kitsap	8.05	0.20	Urban C
Kittitas	6.33	-0.44	Rural B
Klickitat	8.20	0.25	Rural A
Lewis	7.07	-0.16	Rural C
Lincoln	4.17	-1.23	Rural B
Mason	7.16	-0.13	Rural C
Okanogan	8.53	0.38	Rural A
Pacific	2.84	-1.72	Rural C
Pend Oreille	9.35	0.68	Rural A
Pierce	8.22	0.26	Urban B
San Juan	2.92	-1.69	Rural C
Skagit	7.77	0.09	Rural C
Skamania	7.64	0.05	Rural A
Snohomish	6.75	-0.28	Urban B
Spokane	13.35	2.15	Urban B
Stevens	8.67	0.43	Rural B
Thurston	5.21	-0.85	Urban C
Wahkiakum	7.43	-0.03	Rural C
Walla Walla	4.51	-1.10	Rural B
Whatcom	6.47	-0.38	Urban C
Whitman	2.77	-1.75	Rural B
Yakima	8.66	0.42	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests, Domestic Violence

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

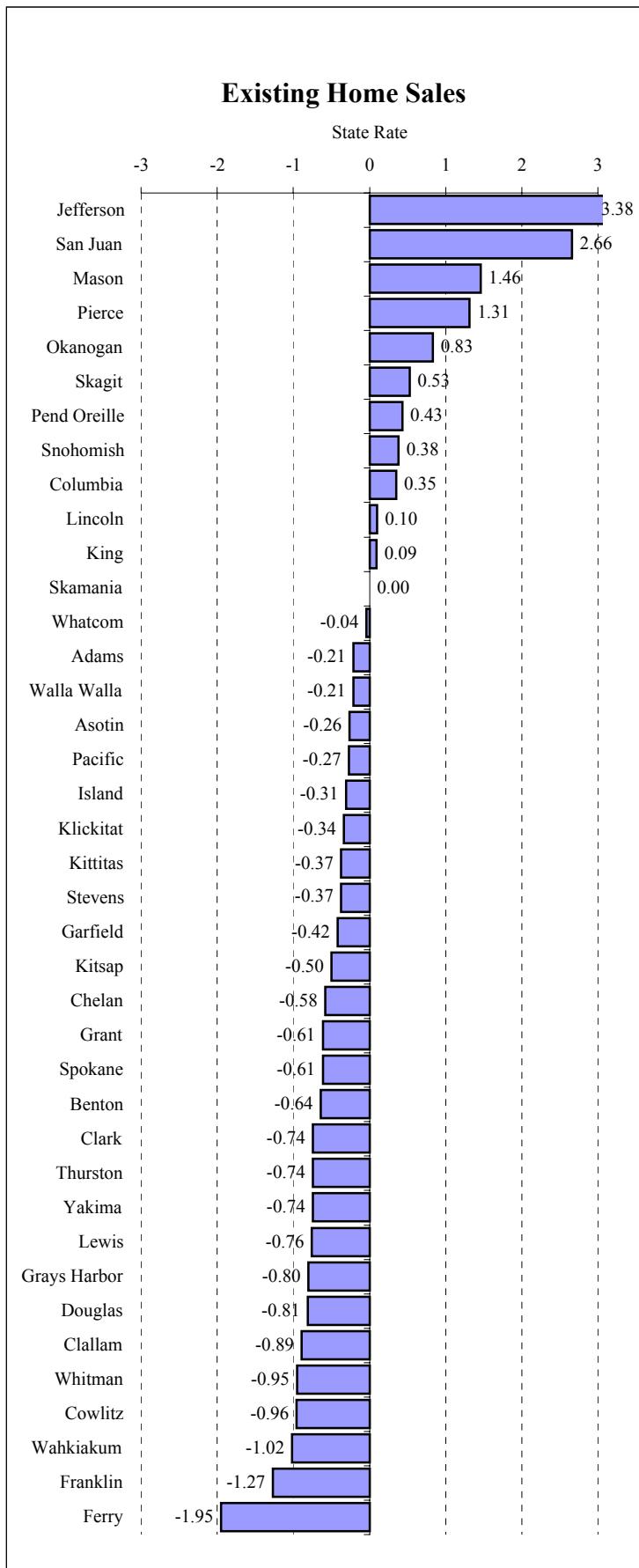


Note: The rates are the annual number of domestic violence-related arrests, per 1,000 adults. Domestic violence includes any violence of one family member against another family member. Family can include spouses, former spouses, parents who have children in common regardless of marital status, adults who live in the same household, as well as parents and their children.

State Source: Washington State Patrol, Identification and Criminal History Section, Domestic Violence-Related Arrests File

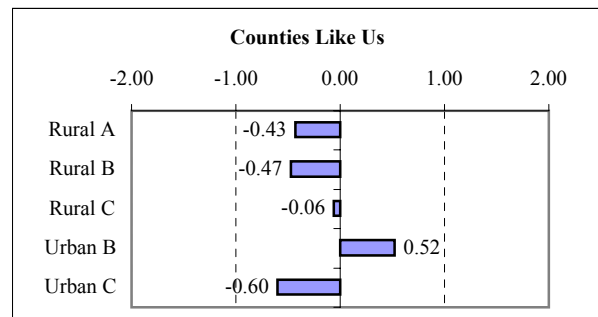
National Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States; Violence by Intimate Partners

Factor: Transitions and Mobility



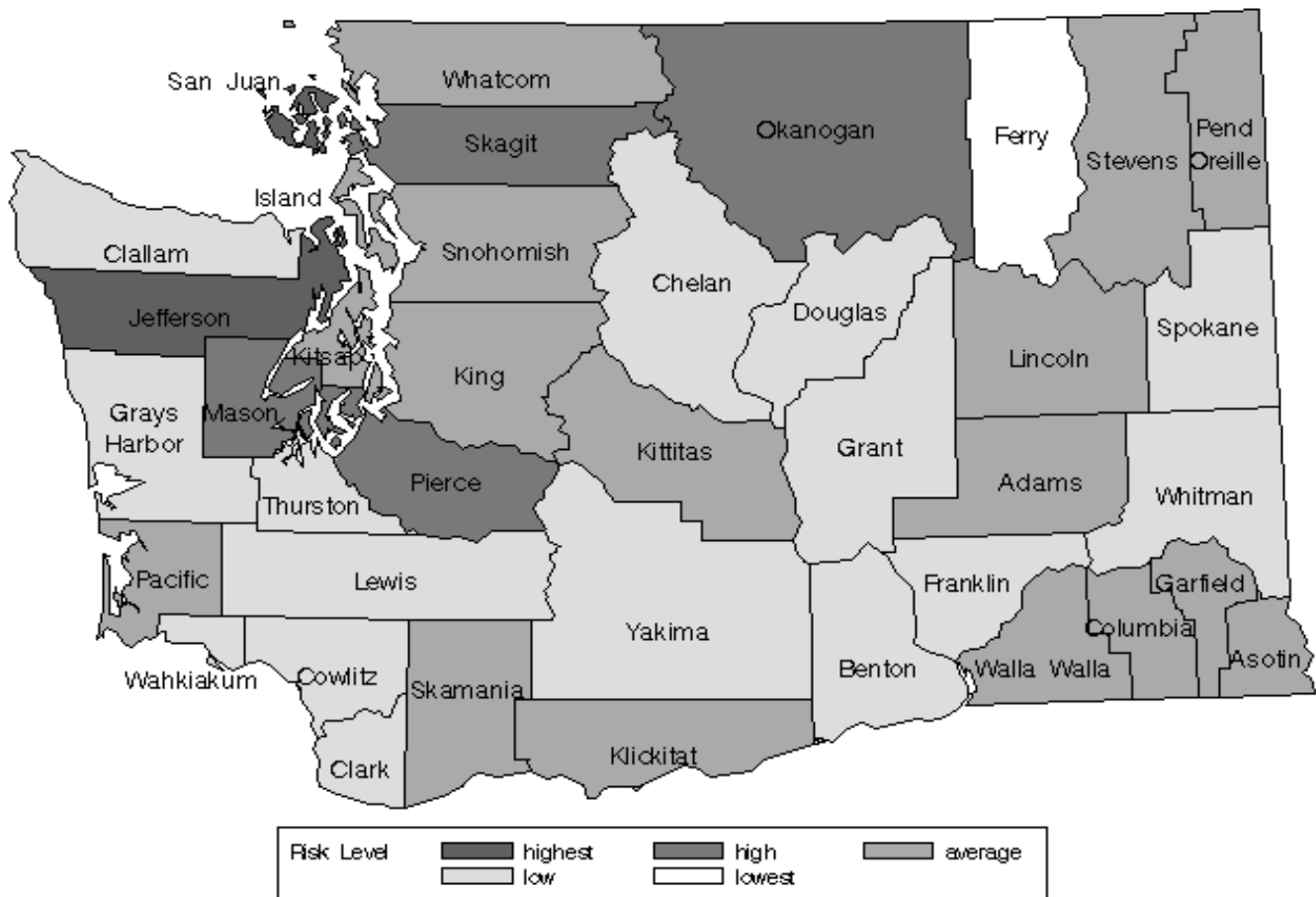
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	18.71	-0.21	Rural B
Asotin	18.46	-0.26	Rural B
Benton	16.11	-0.64	Urban C
Chelan	16.46	-0.58	Rural B
Clallam	14.58	-0.89	Rural C
Clark	15.47	-0.74	Urban C
Columbia	22.17	0.35	Rural B
Cowlitz	14.14	-0.96	Rural C
Douglas	15.08	-0.81	Rural B
Ferry	8.07	-1.95	Rural A
Franklin	12.22	-1.27	Rural A
Garfield	17.46	-0.42	Rural B
Grant	16.29	-0.61	Rural A
Grays Harbor	15.10	-0.80	Rural C
Island	18.10	-0.31	Rural C
Jefferson	40.80	3.38	Rural C
King	20.59	0.09	Urban A
Kitsap	16.98	-0.50	Urban C
Kittitas	17.79	-0.37	Rural B
Klickitat	17.96	-0.34	Rural A
Lewis	15.36	-0.76	Rural C
Lincoln	20.67	0.10	Rural B
Mason	29.00	1.46	Rural C
Okanogan	25.10	0.83	Rural A
Pacific	18.38	-0.27	Rural C
Pend Oreille	22.66	0.43	Rural A
Pierce	28.06	1.31	Urban B
San Juan	36.38	2.66	Rural C
Skagit	23.27	0.53	Rural C
Skamania	20.01	0.00	Rural A
Snohomish	22.33	0.38	Urban B
Spokane	16.31	-0.61	Urban B
Stevens	17.74	-0.37	Rural B
Thurston	15.47	-0.74	Urban C
Wahkiakum	13.74	-1.02	Rural C
Walla Walla	18.72	-0.21	Rural B
Whatcom	19.75	-0.04	Urban C
Whitman	14.18	-0.95	Rural B
Yakima	15.50	-0.74	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Existing Home Sales

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

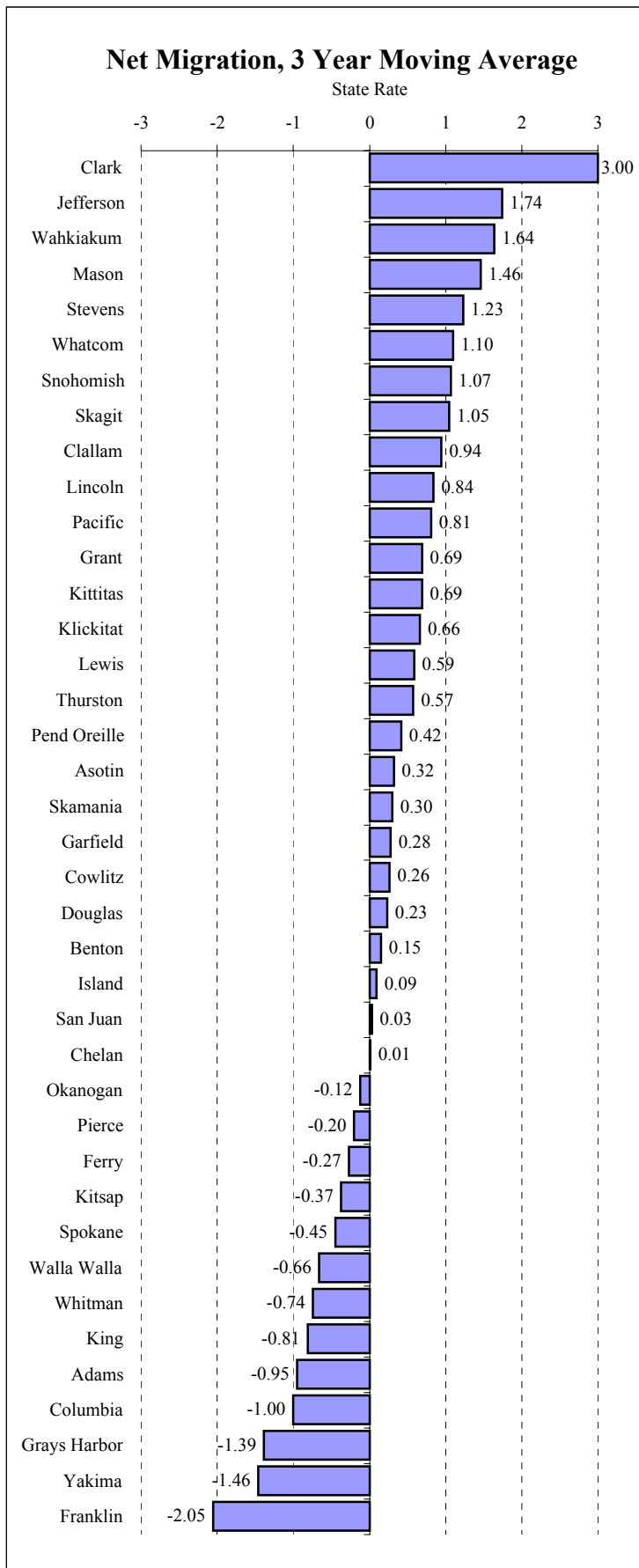


Note: The rates are the annual number of previously-owned homes sold, per 1,000 persons (all ages). Previously-owned homes sold is rounded to the tens. Existing homes sold are estimated based on data from multiple listing services, firms that monitor deeds, and local Realtors associations.

State Source: Washington Center for Real Estate Research, Washington State University, Washington State's Housing Market: A Supply/Demand Assessment

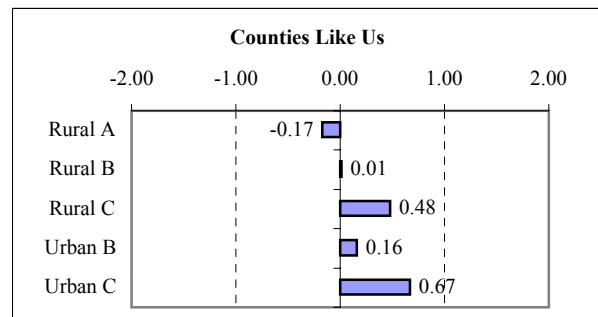
National Source: US Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the US; Existing One-family houses sold

Factor: Transitions and Mobility



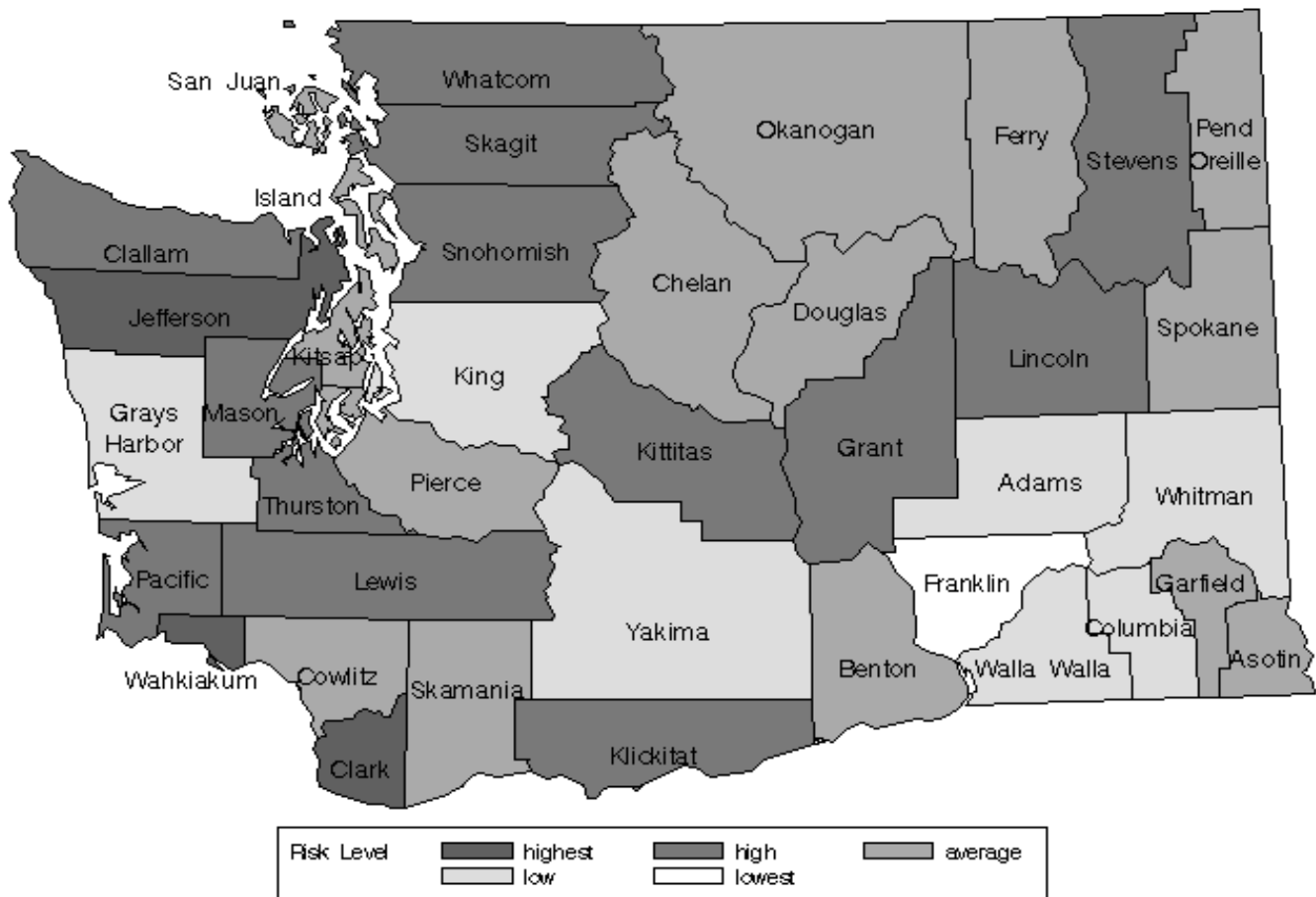
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	2.01	-0.95	Rural B
Asotin	10.28	0.32	Rural B
Benton	9.19	0.15	Urban C
Chelan	8.28	0.01	Rural B
Clallam	14.36	0.94	Rural C
Clark	27.90	3.00	Urban C
Columbia	1.65	-1.00	Rural B
Cowlitz	9.93	0.26	Rural C
Douglas	9.69	0.23	Rural B
Ferry	6.41	-0.27	Rural A
Franklin	-5.22	-2.05	Rural A
Garfield	10.08	0.28	Rural B
Grant	12.71	0.69	Rural A
Grays Harbor	-0.89	-1.39	Rural C
Island	8.78	0.09	Rural C
Jefferson	19.65	1.74	Rural C
King	2.87	-0.81	Urban A
Kitsap	5.79	-0.37	Urban C
Kittitas	12.72	0.69	Rural B
Klickitat	12.52	0.66	Rural A
Lewis	12.06	0.59	Rural C
Lincoln	13.71	0.84	Rural B
Mason	17.77	1.46	Rural C
Okanogan	7.41	-0.12	Rural A
Pacific	13.55	0.81	Rural C
Pend Oreille	10.95	0.42	Rural A
Pierce	6.87	-0.20	Urban B
San Juan	8.38	0.03	Rural C
Skagit	15.11	1.05	Rural C
Skamania	10.17	0.30	Rural A
Snohomish	15.22	1.07	Urban B
Spokane	5.23	-0.45	Urban B
Stevens	16.27	1.23	Rural B
Thurston	11.97	0.57	Urban C
Wahkiakum	18.97	1.64	Rural C
Walla Walla	3.91	-0.66	Rural B
Whatcom	15.43	1.10	Urban C
Whitman	3.37	-0.74	Rural B
Yakima	-1.37	-1.46	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Net Migration, 3 Year Moving Average

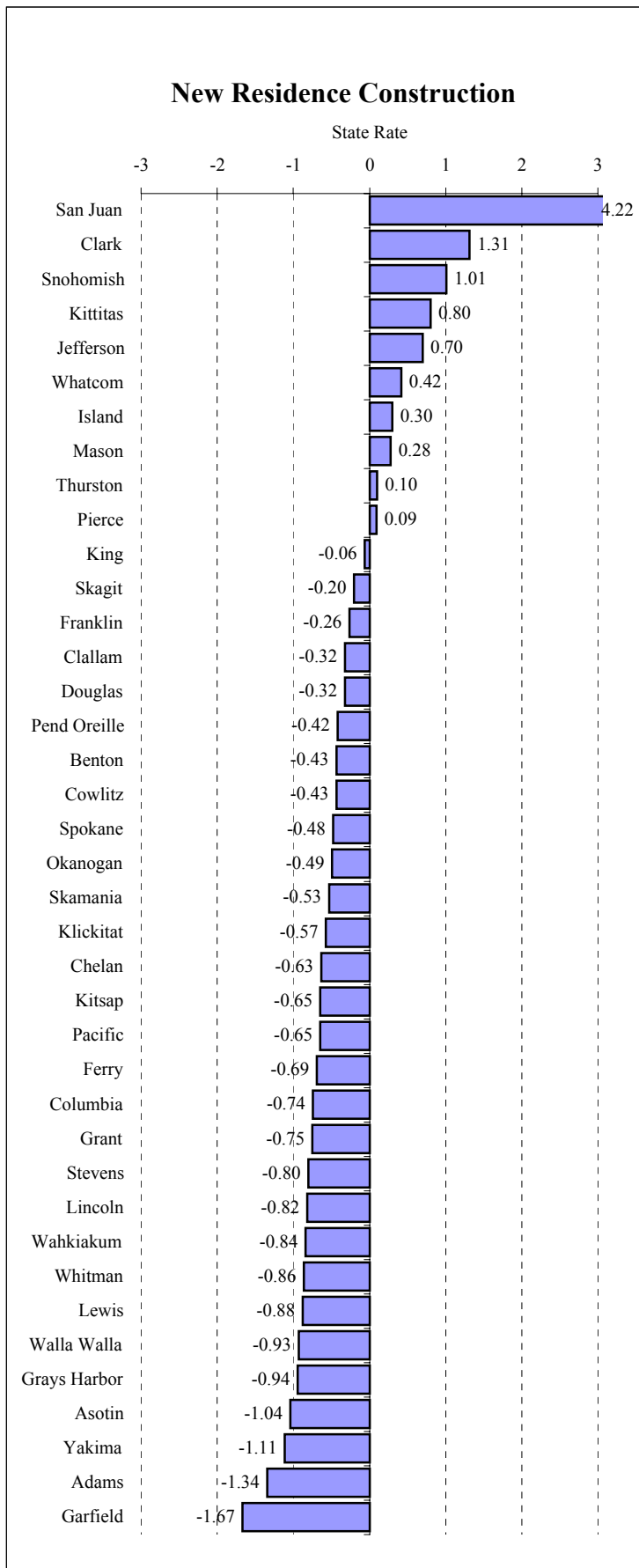
Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



Note: Net migration is the annual number of new residents that moved into an area minus the number of residents that moved out of an area. Net migration does not include numbers of births and deaths within an area. Calculating a 3-year moving average smooths net migration. Annual net migration estimates are summed for 5-year ranges then averaged to calculate the numerator. The median year of the 3 years used in the average is used for the population denominator and the year label for the average net migration value.

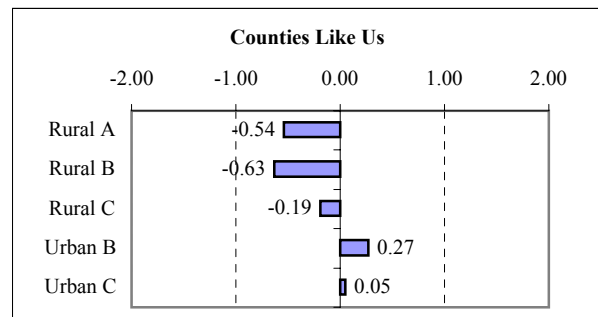
State Source: Office of Financial Management, Net Migration Data

Factor: Transitions and Mobility



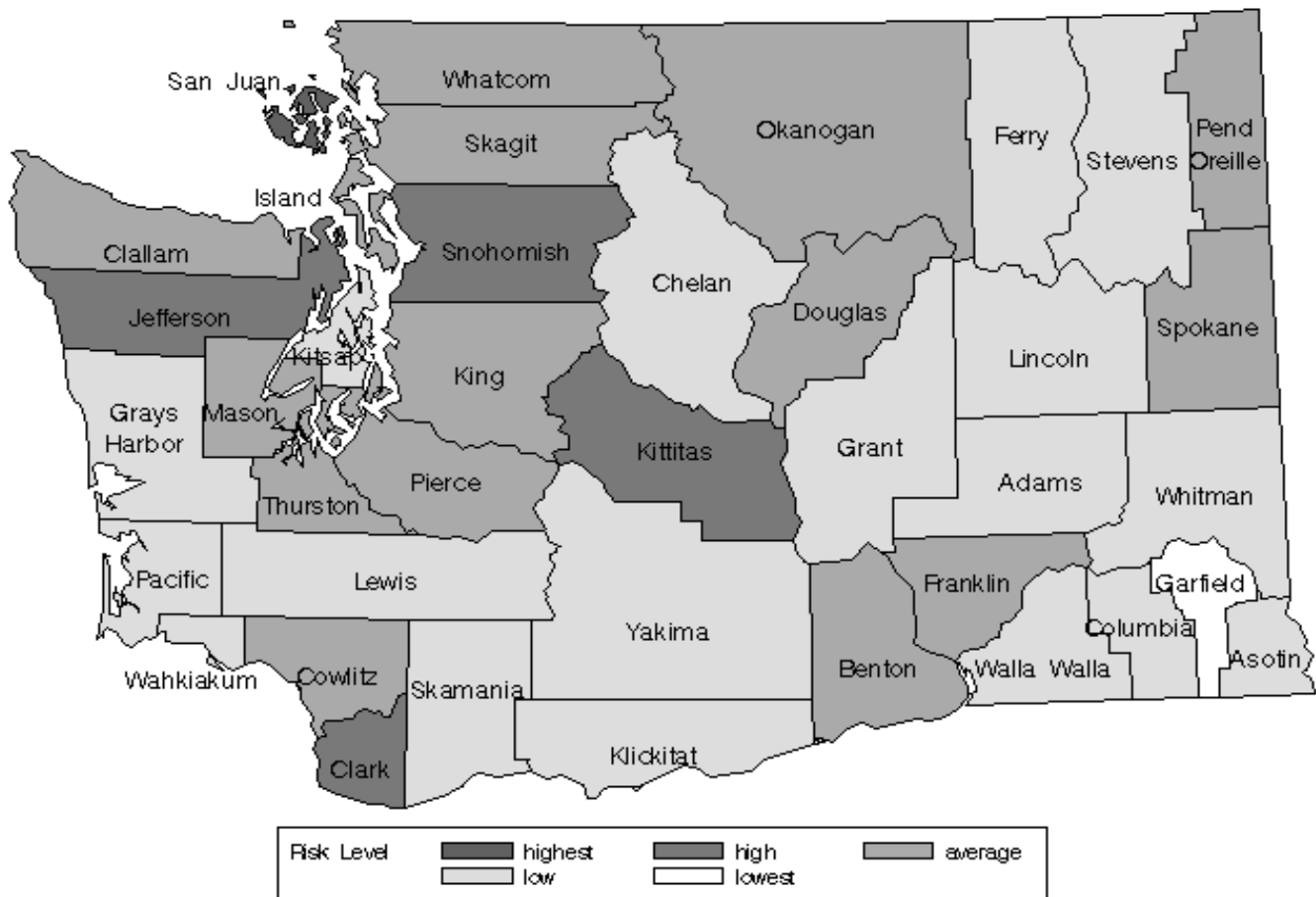
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	1.91	-1.34	Rural B
Asotin	3.07	-1.04	Rural B
Benton	5.49	-0.43	Urban C
Chelan	4.69	-0.63	Rural B
Clallam	5.90	-0.32	Rural C
Clark	12.32	1.31	Urban C
Columbia	4.24	-0.74	Rural B
Cowlitz	5.48	-0.43	Rural C
Douglas	5.89	-0.32	Rural B
Ferry	4.45	-0.69	Rural A
Franklin	6.15	-0.26	Rural A
Garfield	0.61	-1.67	Rural B
Grant	4.22	-0.75	Rural A
Grays Harbor	3.46	-0.94	Rural C
Island	8.35	0.30	Rural C
Jefferson	9.93	0.70	Rural C
King	6.94	-0.06	Urban A
Kitsap	4.62	-0.65	Urban C
Kittitas	10.30	0.80	Rural B
Klickitat	4.93	-0.57	Rural A
Lewis	3.69	-0.88	Rural C
Lincoln	3.94	-0.82	Rural B
Mason	8.26	0.28	Rural C
Okanogan	5.22	-0.49	Rural A
Pacific	4.62	-0.65	Rural C
Pend Oreille	5.52	-0.42	Rural A
Pierce	7.53	0.09	Urban B
San Juan	23.76	4.22	Rural C
Skagit	6.38	-0.20	Rural C
Skamania	5.08	-0.53	Rural A
Snohomish	11.15	1.01	Urban B
Spokane	5.26	-0.48	Urban B
Stevens	4.01	-0.80	Rural B
Thurston	7.56	0.10	Urban C
Wahkiakum	3.86	-0.84	Rural C
Walla Walla	3.50	-0.93	Rural B
Whatcom	8.82	0.42	Urban C
Whitman	3.78	-0.86	Rural B
Yakima	2.79	-1.11	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



New Residence Construction

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



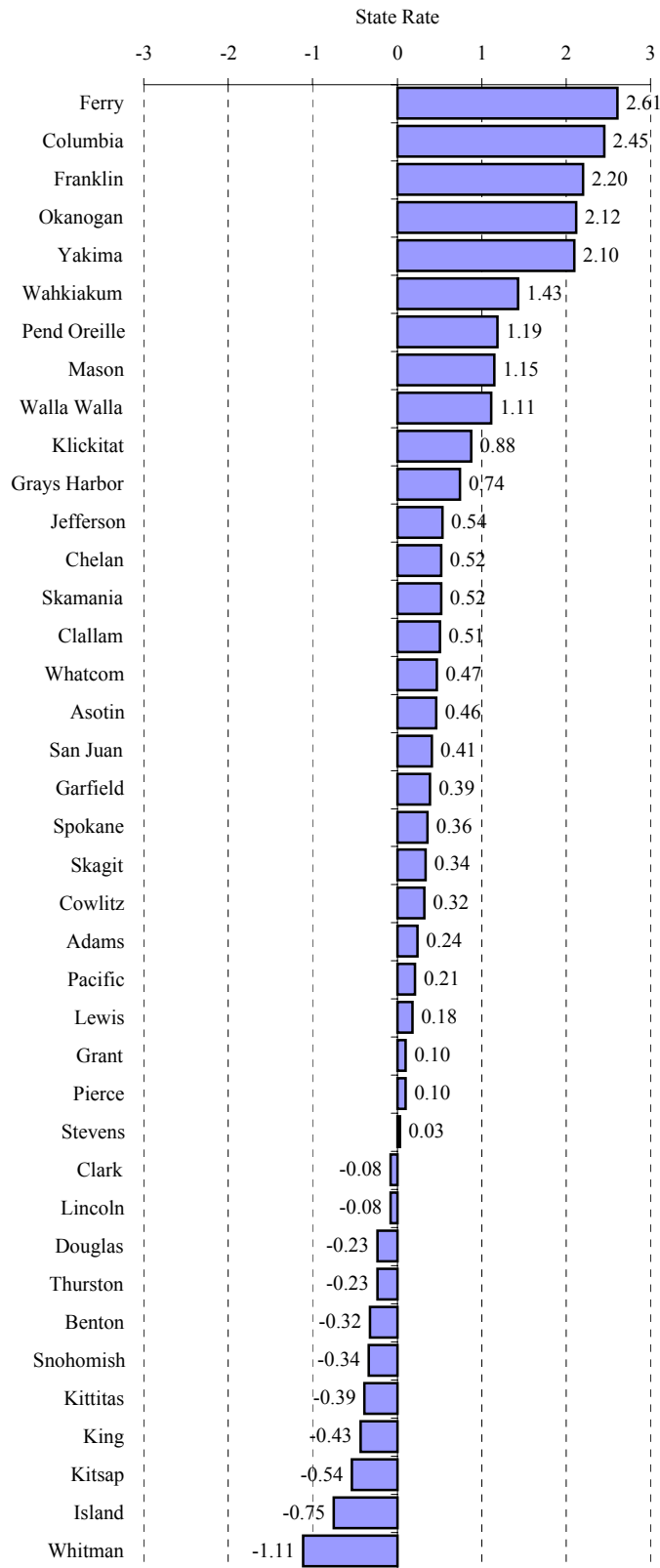
Note: The rates are the annual number of new building permits issued for single and multi-family dwellings, per 1,000 persons (all ages). Each unit in a multi-family dwelling (for example, each apartment in a building) has a separate building permit.

State Source: Washington Center for Real Estate Research, Washington State University, Washington State's Housing Market: A Supply/Demand Assessment

National Source: US Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the US; New Privately Owned Housing Units Started

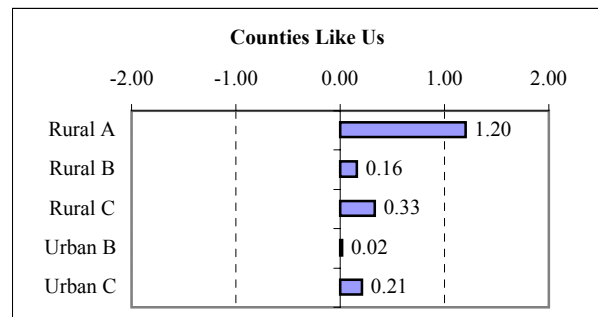
Factor: Family History of Substance Abuse

Clients Of State-Funded Alcohol or Drug Services (Age 18+)



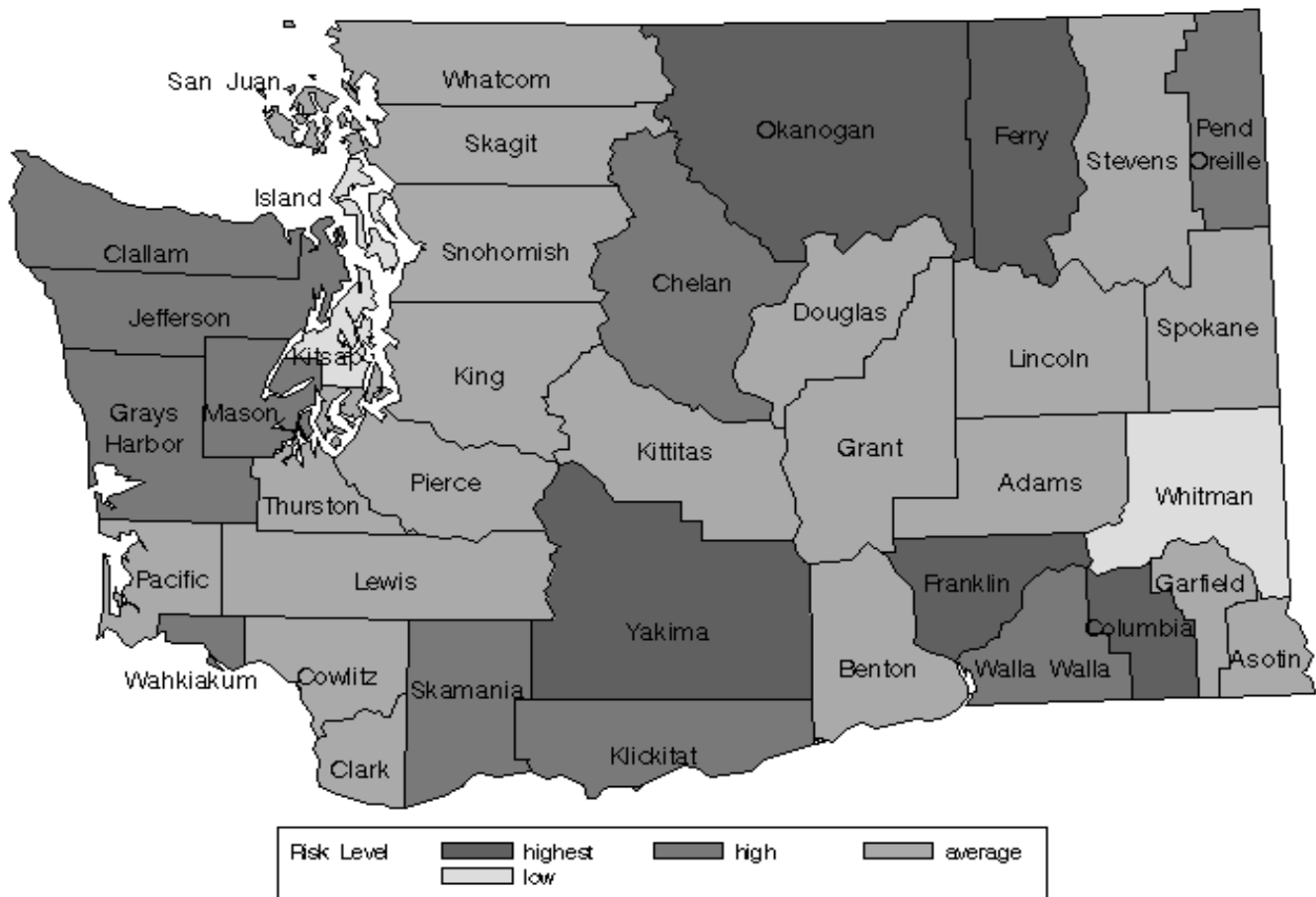
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	12.42	0.24	Rural B
Asotin	13.69	0.46	Rural B
Benton	9.23	-0.32	Urban C
Chelan	14.03	0.52	Rural B
Clallam	13.93	0.51	Rural C
Clark	10.62	-0.08	Urban C
Columbia	25.01	2.45	Rural B
Cowlitz	12.87	0.32	Rural C
Douglas	9.75	-0.23	Rural B
Ferry	25.89	2.61	Rural A
Franklin	23.60	2.20	Rural A
Garfield	13.26	0.39	Rural B
Grant	11.64	0.10	Rural A
Grays Harbor	15.25	0.74	Rural C
Island	6.76	-0.75	Rural C
Jefferson	14.15	0.54	Rural C
King	8.59	-0.43	Urban A
Kitsap	7.98	-0.54	Urban C
Kittitas	8.86	-0.39	Rural B
Klickitat	16.07	0.88	Rural A
Lewis	12.10	0.18	Rural C
Lincoln	10.57	-0.08	Rural B
Mason	17.58	1.15	Rural C
Okanogan	23.12	2.12	Rural A
Pacific	12.24	0.21	Rural C
Pend Oreille	17.83	1.19	Rural A
Pierce	11.62	0.10	Urban B
San Juan	13.42	0.41	Rural C
Skagit	12.97	0.34	Rural C
Skamania	14.01	0.52	Rural A
Snohomish	9.09	-0.34	Urban B
Spokane	13.08	0.36	Urban B
Stevens	11.24	0.03	Rural B
Thurston	9.72	-0.23	Urban C
Wahkiakum	19.17	1.43	Rural C
Walla Walla	17.37	1.11	Rural B
Whatcom	13.72	0.47	Urban C
Whitman	4.74	-1.11	Rural B
Yakima	23.04	2.10	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Clients Of State-Funded Alcohol or Drug Services (Age 18+)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

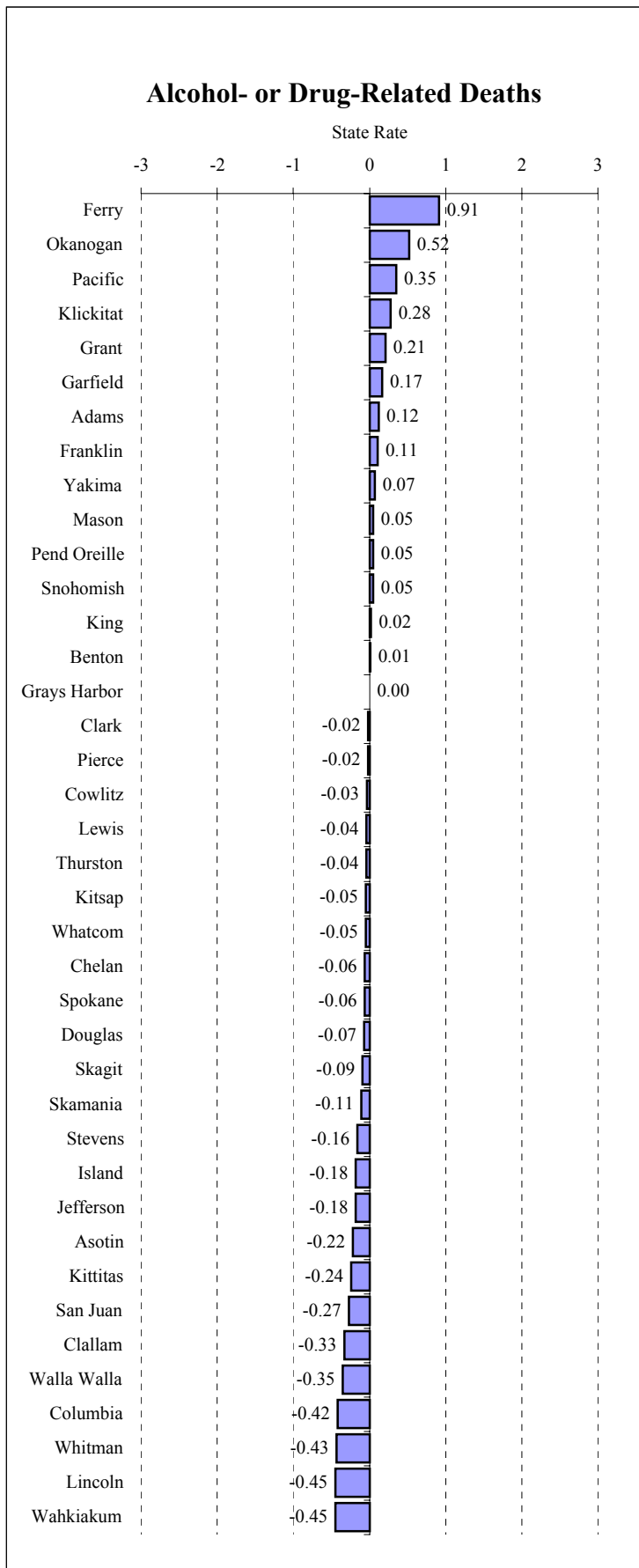


Note: The rates are the annual number of adults (age 18 and over) receiving state-funded alcohol or drug services, per 1,000 adults. Counts of adults are unduplicated so that those receiving services more than once during the year are only counted once for that year. State-funded services include treatment, assessment, and detox. Persons in Department of Corrections treatment programs are not included.

State Source: Department of Social and Health Services, Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET)

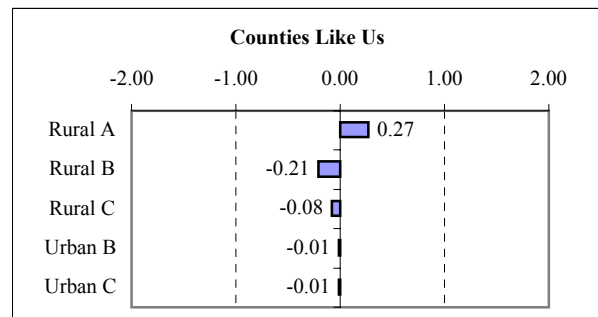
National Source: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS)

Factor: Family History of Substance Abuse



County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	6.08	0.12	Rural B
Asotin	4.81	-0.22	Rural B
Benton	5.67	0.01	Urban C
Chelan	5.42	-0.06	Rural B
Clallam	4.43	-0.33	Rural C
Clark	5.55	-0.02	Urban C
Columbia	4.07	-0.42	Rural B
Cowlitz	5.52	-0.03	Rural C
Douglas	5.40	-0.07	Rural B
Ferry	9.06	0.91	Rural A
Franklin	6.05	0.11	Rural A
Garfield	6.29	0.17	Rural B
Grant	6.44	0.21	Rural A
Grays Harbor	5.65	0.00	Rural C
Island	4.97	-0.18	Rural C
Jefferson	4.96	-0.18	Rural C
King	5.72	0.02	Urban A
Kitsap	5.47	-0.05	Urban C
Kittitas	4.73	-0.24	Rural B
Klickitat	6.67	0.28	Rural A
Lewis	5.48	-0.04	Rural C
Lincoln	3.97	-0.45	Rural B
Mason	5.84	0.05	Rural C
Okanogan	7.60	0.52	Rural A
Pacific	6.96	0.35	Rural C
Pend Oreille	5.83	0.05	Rural A
Pierce	5.56	-0.02	Urban B
San Juan	4.64	-0.27	Rural C
Skagit	5.30	-0.09	Rural C
Skamania	5.23	-0.11	Rural A
Snohomish	5.84	0.05	Urban B
Spokane	5.41	-0.06	Urban B
Stevens	5.04	-0.16	Rural B
Thurston	5.48	-0.04	Urban C
Wahkiakum	3.95	-0.45	Rural C
Walla Walla	4.33	-0.35	Rural B
Whatcom	5.47	-0.05	Urban C
Whitman	4.02	-0.43	Rural B
Yakima	5.92	0.07	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Alcohol- or Drug-Related Deaths

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



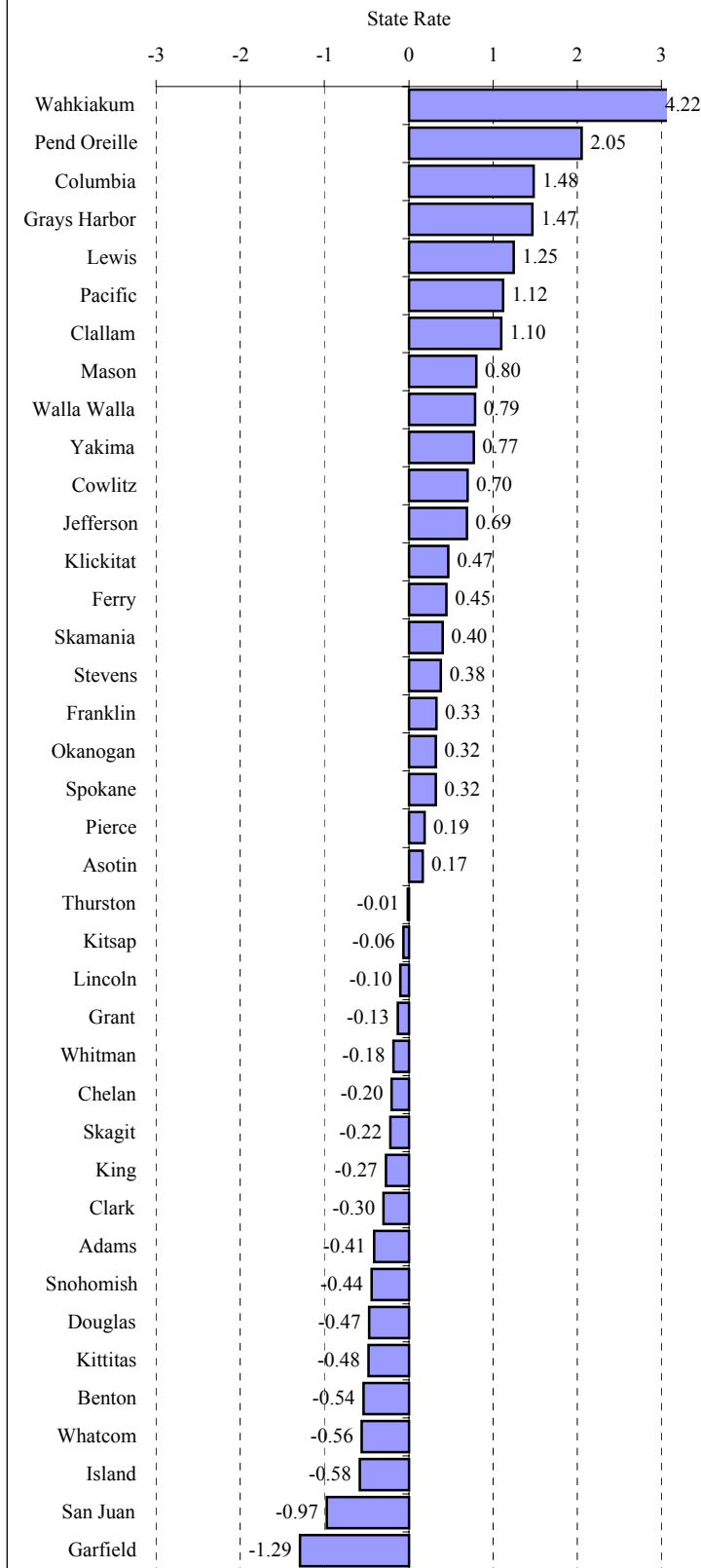
Note: The rates are the annual number of deaths, with alcohol- or drug-related deaths, per 100 deaths. Evaluation is based on underlying cause of death for direct and indirect associations with alcohol and drug abuse. For a complete explanation of the codes and methods used please see Technical Notes: Counting Alcohol- or Drug-related Deaths. Rates are not calculated for numerators less than 5.

State Source: Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics, Death Certificate Data File

National Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Health Statistics
National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Services, WONDER Data System

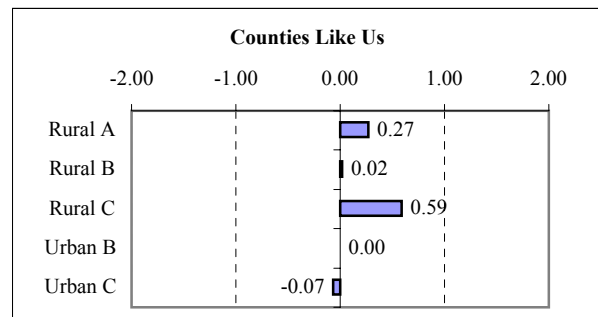
Factor: Family Management Problems

Foster Care, Duplicated (Birth-17)



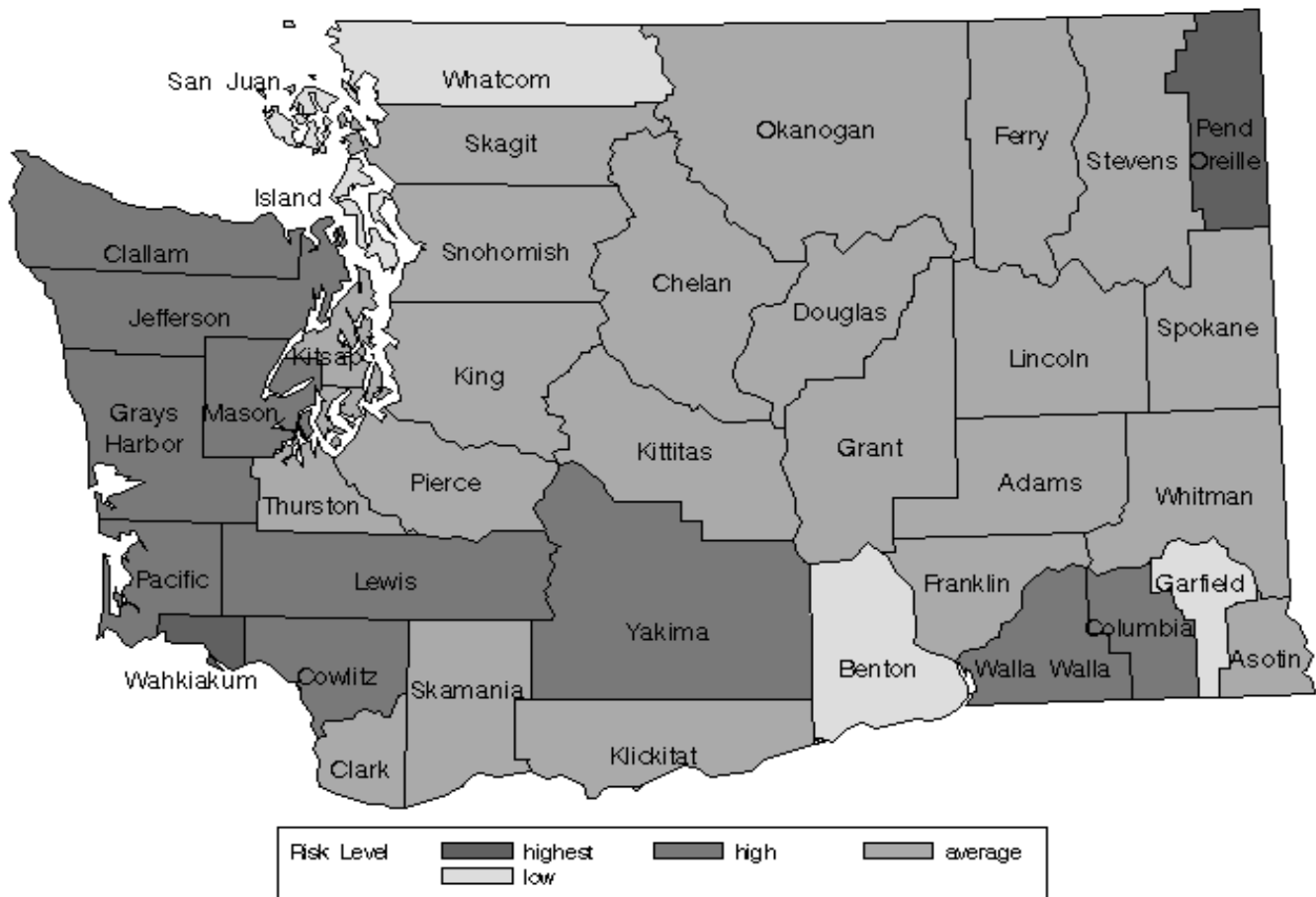
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	3.24	-0.41	Rural B
Asotin	4.54	0.17	Rural B
Benton	2.96	-0.54	Urban C
Chelan	3.72	-0.20	Rural B
Clallam	6.62	1.10	Rural C
Clark	3.51	-0.30	Urban C
Columbia	7.47	1.48	Rural B
Cowlitz	5.73	0.70	Rural C
Douglas	3.11	-0.47	Rural B
Ferry	5.18	0.45	Rural A
Franklin	4.91	0.33	Rural A
Garfield	1.29	-1.29	Rural B
Grant	3.87	-0.13	Rural A
Grays Harbor	7.45	1.47	Rural C
Island	2.88	-0.58	Rural C
Jefferson	5.71	0.69	Rural C
King	3.57	-0.27	Urban A
Kitsap	4.03	-0.06	Urban C
Kittitas	3.10	-0.48	Rural B
Klickitat	5.22	0.47	Rural A
Lewis	6.95	1.25	Rural C
Lincoln	3.95	-0.10	Rural B
Mason	5.96	0.80	Rural C
Okanogan	4.88	0.32	Rural A
Pacific	6.67	1.12	Rural C
Pend Oreille	8.76	2.05	Rural A
Pierce	4.58	0.19	Urban B
San Juan	2.00	-0.97	Rural C
Skagit	3.68	-0.22	Rural C
Skamania	5.05	0.40	Rural A
Snohomish	3.18	-0.44	Urban B
Spokane	4.87	0.32	Urban B
Stevens	5.02	0.38	Rural B
Thurston	4.14	-0.01	Urban C
Wahkiakum	13.61	4.22	Rural C
Walla Walla	5.93	0.79	Rural B
Whatcom	2.92	-0.56	Urban C
Whitman	3.76	-0.18	Rural B
Yakima	5.89	0.77	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Foster Care, Duplicated (Birth-17)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



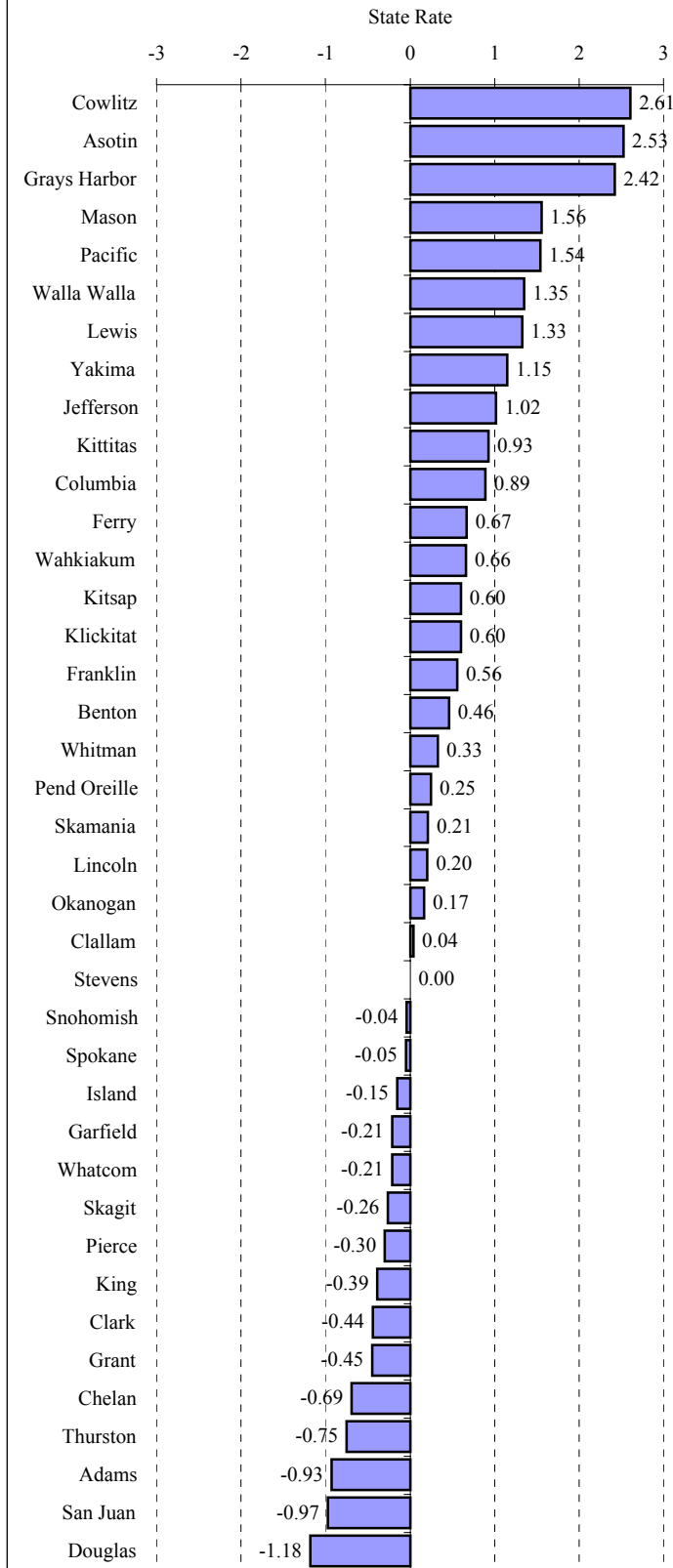
Note: The foster care data in this report come from a combination of two sources: 1) Case And Management Information System (CAMIS) data, as reported by the Executive Management Information System (EMIS) and; 2) Social Service Payment System (SSPS). EMIS reports monthly state counts of those receiving selected DSHS services. The number of children receiving Basic Foster Care, as recorded in CAMIS, were used for this report. They include placements with foster families and some placements with relatives. No group care placements are included. In EMIS, those receiving more than one foster care service in a month are counted more than once. For foster care, client counts by zipcode of the care provider come from the Social Service Payment Systems (SSPS). This report uses SSPS zip code counts to apportion the EMIS average monthly counts to zipcodes and counties. The result is a duplicated average monthly count by county. Since the average length of stay is greater than one month, this also represents the average daily count for the year.

State Source: DSHS Case And Management Information System (CAMIS) data through Executive Management Information System and Social Service Payment System (SSPS)

National Source: US Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families, Voluntary Cooperative Information System (VCIS), and estimates from Adoption, Foster Care Analysis Reporting System (AFCARS)

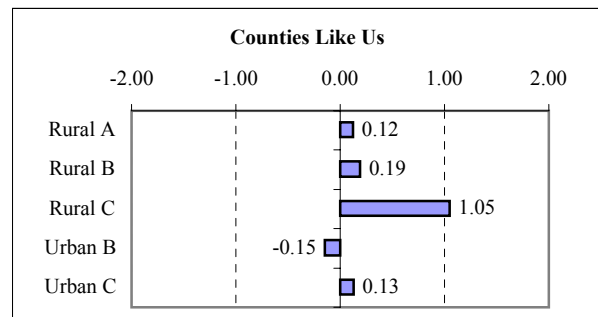
Factor: Family Management Problems

Victims Of Child Abuse And Neglect In Accepted Referrals



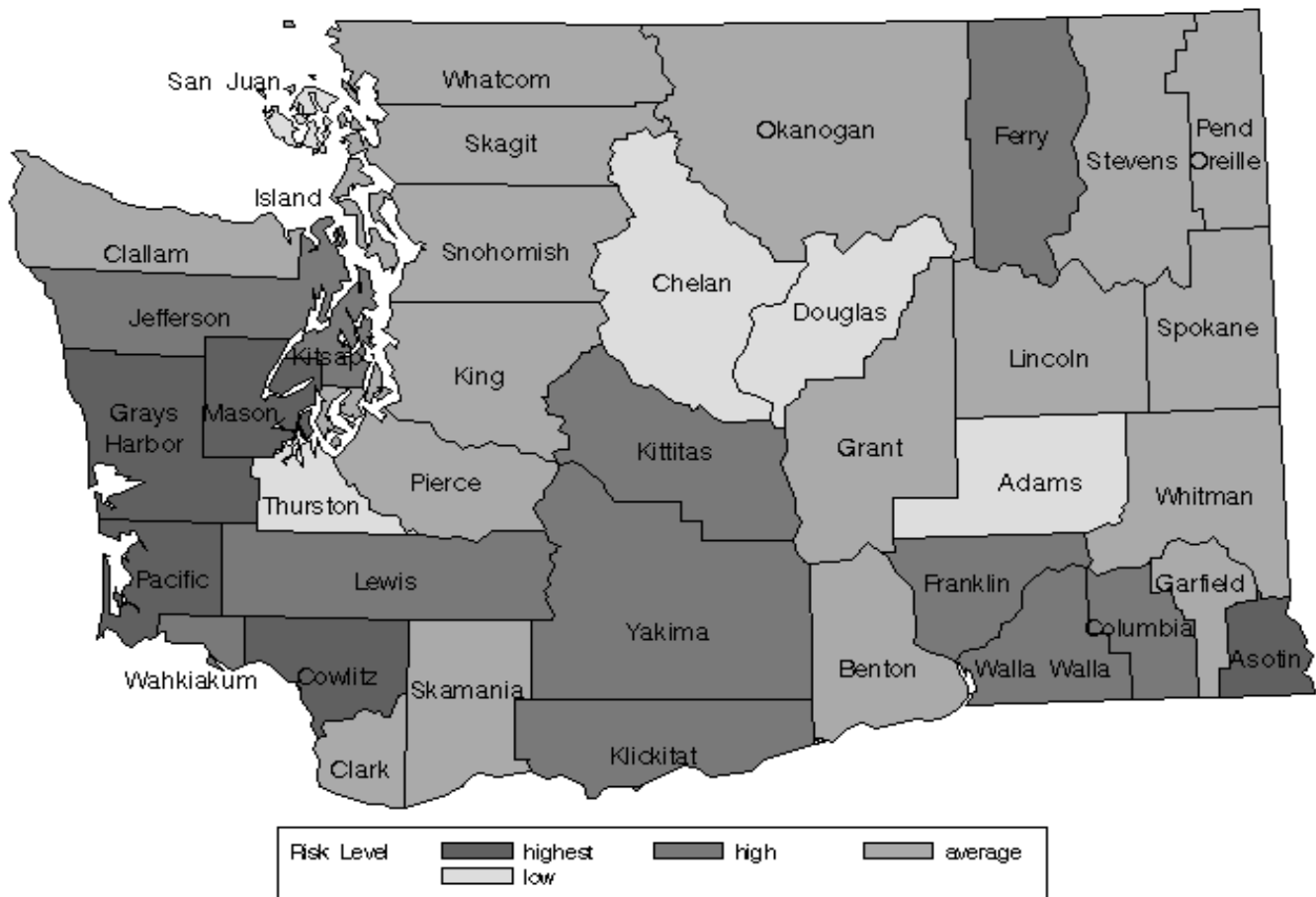
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	21.33	-0.93	Rural B
Asotin	86.56	2.53	Rural B
Benton	47.37	0.46	Urban C
Chelan	25.79	-0.69	Rural B
Clallam	39.50	0.04	Rural C
Clark	30.47	-0.44	Urban C
Columbia	55.54	0.89	Rural B
Cowlitz	88.07	2.61	Rural C
Douglas	16.63	-1.18	Rural B
Ferry	51.42	0.67	Rural A
Franklin	49.30	0.56	Rural A
Garfield	34.79	-0.21	Rural B
Grant	30.31	-0.45	Rural A
Grays Harbor	84.47	2.42	Rural C
Island	35.98	-0.15	Rural C
Jefferson	58.03	1.02	Rural C
King	31.49	-0.39	Urban A
Kitsap	50.04	0.60	Urban C
Kittitas	56.29	0.93	Rural B
Klickitat	50.08	0.60	Rural A
Lewis	63.80	1.33	Rural C
Lincoln	42.53	0.20	Rural B
Mason	68.24	1.56	Rural C
Okanogan	42.09	0.17	Rural A
Pacific	67.80	1.54	Rural C
Pend Oreille	43.54	0.25	Rural A
Pierce	33.09	-0.30	Urban B
San Juan	20.56	-0.97	Rural C
Skagit	33.87	-0.26	Rural C
Skamania	42.79	0.21	Rural A
Snohomish	38.01	-0.04	Urban B
Spokane	37.93	-0.05	Urban B
Stevens	38.74	0.00	Rural B
Thurston	24.64	-0.75	Urban C
Wahkiakum	51.31	0.66	Rural C
Walla Walla	64.28	1.35	Rural B
Whatcom	34.80	-0.21	Urban C
Whitman	44.99	0.33	Rural B
Yakima	60.49	1.15	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Victims Of Child Abuse And Neglect In Accepted Referrals

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

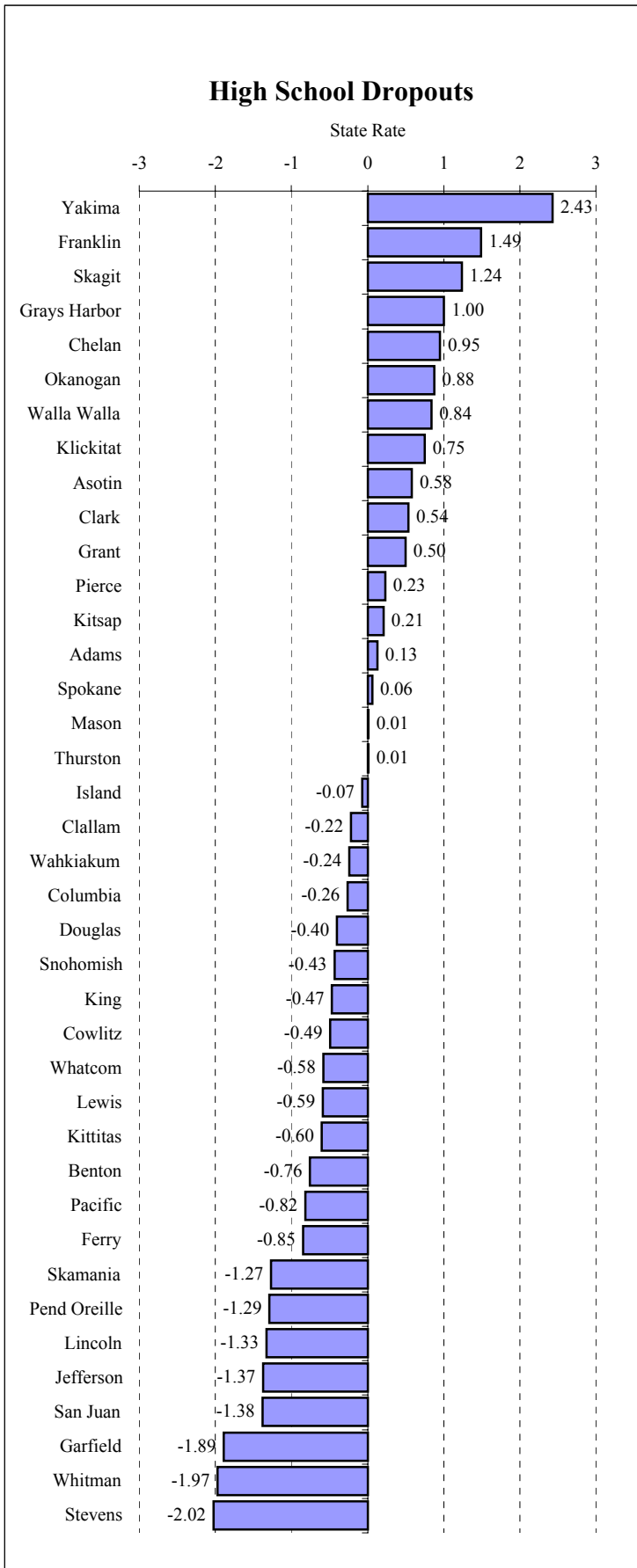


Note: The rates are the annual number of children (age birth-17) identified as victims in reports to Child Protective Services that were accepted for further action, per 1,000 children (age birth-17). Children are counted more than once if they are reported as a victim more than once during the year. A "referral" is a report of suspected child abuse.

State Source: Department of Social and Health Services, Children's Administration, Administrative Services, Case Management Information System (CAMIS)

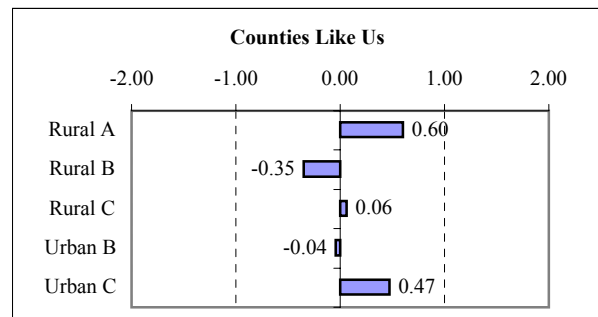
National Source: US Department of Health and Human Services, National Center on Child Abuse and Neglect, National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System through U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States, Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Reported and Investigated by State, Number Of Children Subject Of An Investigation

Factor: Low Commitment to School



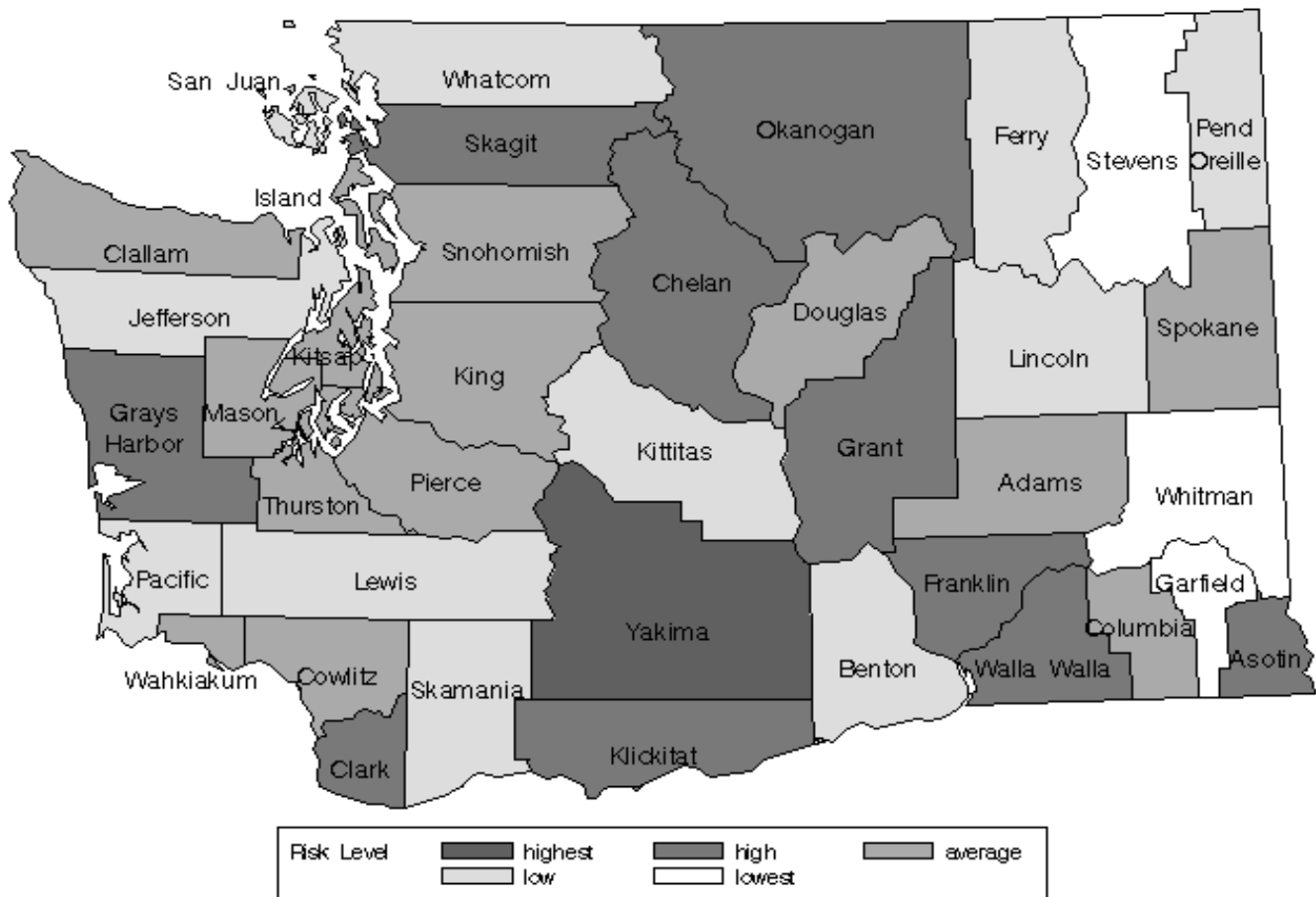
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	9.14	0.13	Rural B
Asotin	10.34	0.58	Rural B
Benton	6.76	-0.76	Urban C
Chelan	11.32	0.95	Rural B
Clallam	8.22	-0.22	Rural C
Clark	10.24	0.54	Urban C
Columbia	8.11	-0.26	Rural B
Cowlitz	7.50	-0.49	Rural C
Douglas	7.73	-0.40	Rural B
Ferry	6.52	-0.85	Rural A
Franklin	12.78	1.49	Rural A
Garfield	3.75	-1.89	Rural B
Grant	10.14	0.50	Rural A
Grays Harbor	11.46	1.00	Rural C
Island	8.60	-0.07	Rural C
Jefferson	5.13	-1.37	Rural C
King	7.56	-0.47	Urban A
Kitsap	9.36	0.21	Urban C
Kittitas	7.21	-0.60	Rural B
Klickitat	10.80	0.75	Rural A
Lewis	7.21	-0.59	Rural C
Lincoln	5.26	-1.33	Rural B
Mason	8.83	0.01	Rural C
Okanogan	11.15	0.88	Rural A
Pacific	6.60	-0.82	Rural C
Pend Oreille	5.35	-1.29	Rural A
Pierce	9.41	0.23	Urban B
San Juan	5.11	-1.38	Rural C
Skagit	12.12	1.24	Rural C
Skamania	5.41	-1.27	Rural A
Snohomish	7.66	-0.43	Urban B
Spokane	8.95	0.06	Urban B
Stevens	3.41	-2.02	Rural B
Thurston	8.81	0.01	Urban C
Wahkiakum	8.16	-0.24	Rural C
Walla Walla	11.03	0.84	Rural B
Whatcom	7.25	-0.58	Urban C
Whitman	3.54	-1.97	Rural B
Yakima	15.29	2.43	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



High School Dropouts

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

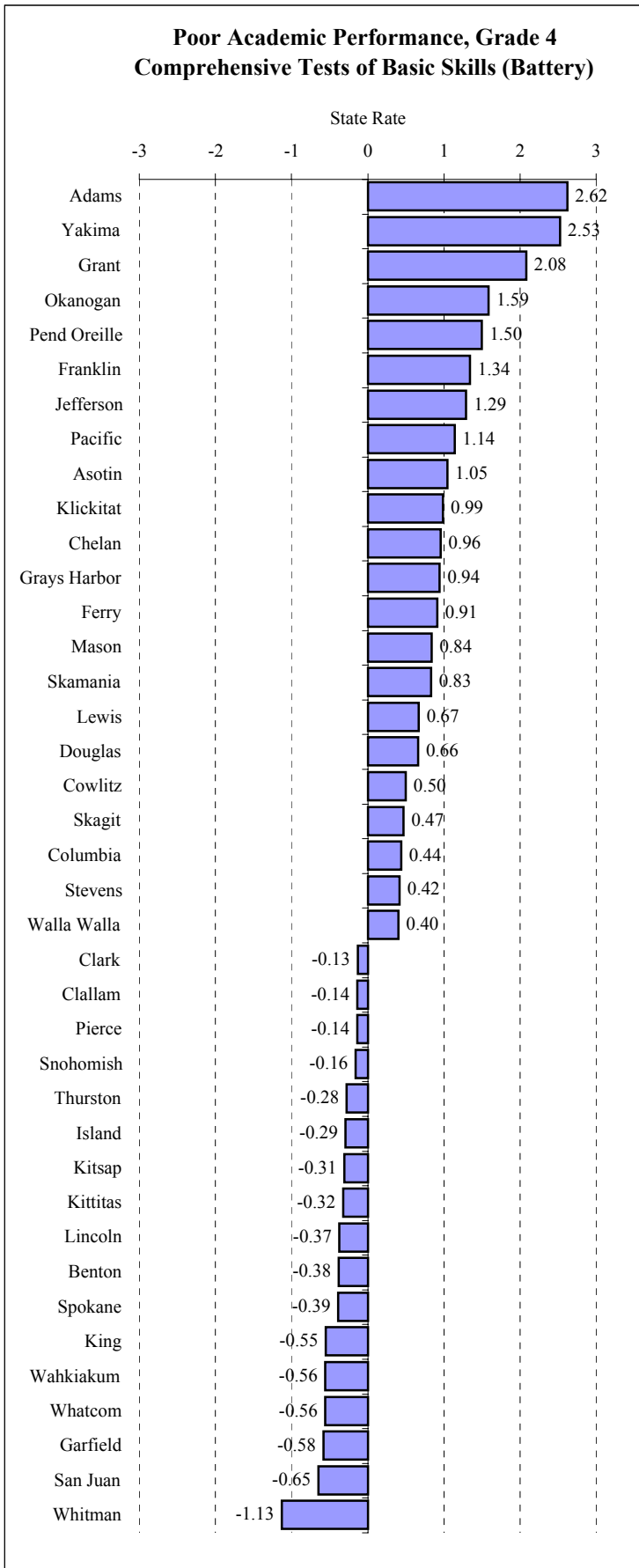


Note: The rates are the annual number of students (grades 9-12) who dropped out of school in a single year without completing high school, per 100 students (grades 9-12) enrolled in school in October. No data are available for 1992.

State Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Information Services, School Dropout Files

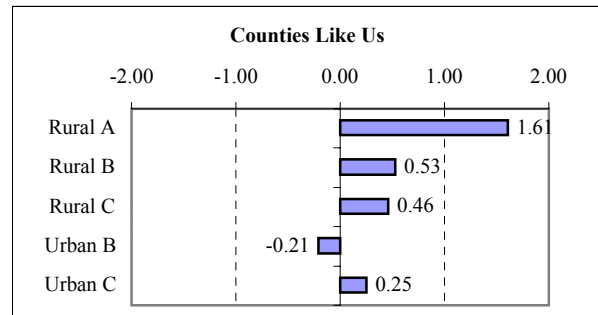
National Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States, High School Dropouts, Event Dropouts

Factor: Low School Achievement



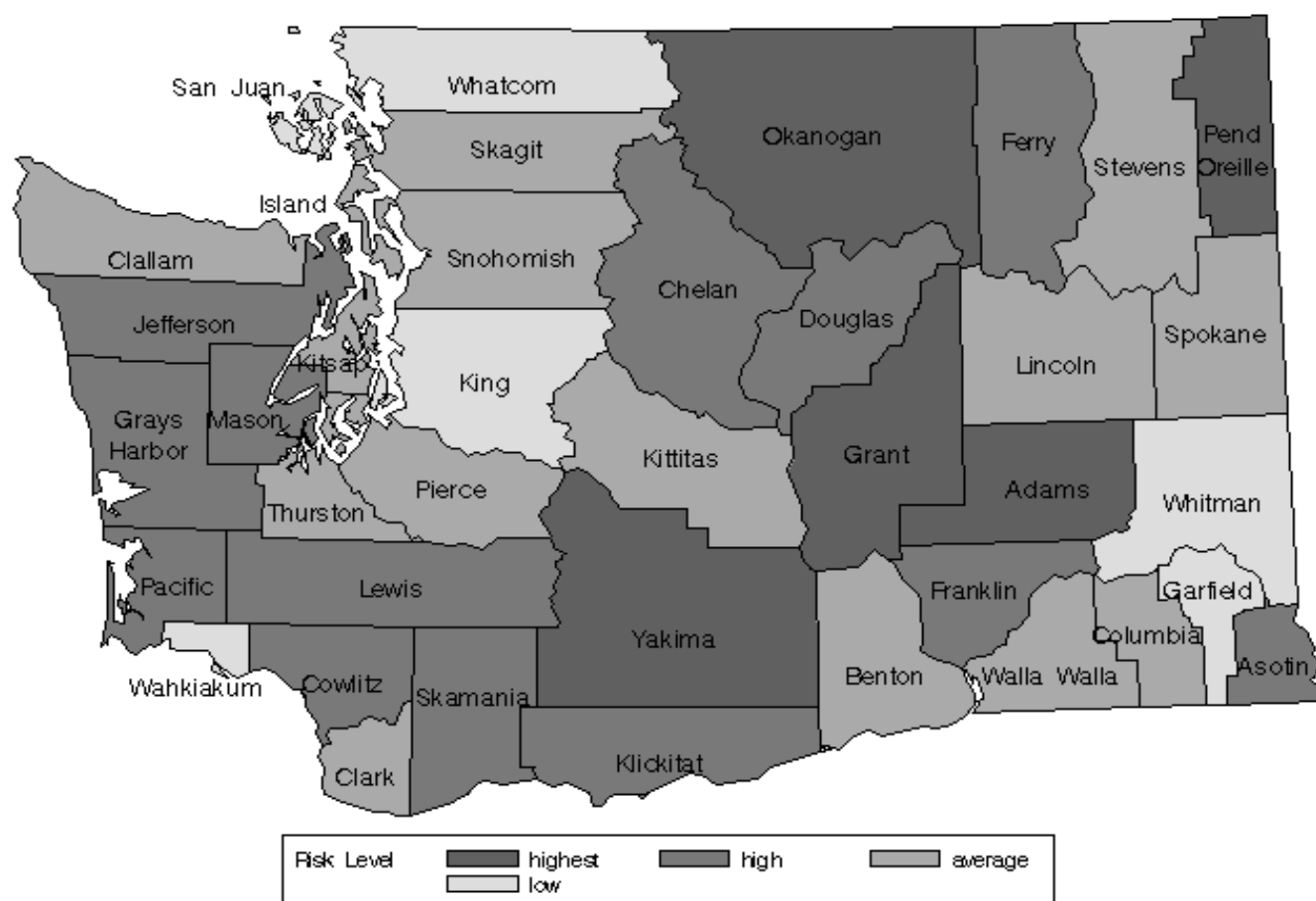
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	46.46	2.62	Rural B
Asotin	34.64	1.05	Rural B
Benton	23.93	-0.38	Urban C
Chelan	34.00	0.96	Rural B
Clallam	25.70	-0.14	Rural C
Clark	25.76	-0.13	Urban C
Columbia	30.07	0.44	Rural B
Cowlitz	30.50	0.50	Rural C
Douglas	31.76	0.66	Rural B
Ferry	33.63	0.91	Rural A
Franklin	36.86	1.34	Rural A
Garfield	22.39	-0.58	Rural B
Grant	42.38	2.08	Rural A
Grays Harbor	33.85	0.94	Rural C
Island	24.61	-0.29	Rural C
Jefferson	36.46	1.29	Rural C
King	22.60	-0.55	Urban A
Kitsap	24.41	-0.31	Urban C
Kittitas	24.37	-0.32	Rural B
Klickitat	34.21	0.99	Rural A
Lewis	31.81	0.67	Rural C
Lincoln	24.00	-0.37	Rural B
Mason	33.10	0.84	Rural C
Okanogan	38.76	1.59	Rural A
Pacific	35.35	1.14	Rural C
Pend Oreille	38.04	1.50	Rural A
Pierce	25.68	-0.14	Urban B
San Juan	21.86	-0.65	Rural C
Skagit	30.32	0.47	Rural C
Skamania	33.02	0.83	Rural A
Snohomish	25.60	-0.16	Urban B
Spokane	23.84	-0.39	Urban B
Stevens	29.89	0.42	Rural B
Thurston	24.66	-0.28	Urban C
Wahkiakum	22.57	-0.56	Rural C
Walla Walla	29.77	0.40	Rural B
Whatcom	22.57	-0.56	Urban C
Whitman	18.25	-1.13	Rural B
Yakima	45.80	2.53	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Poor Academic Performance, Grade 4 Comprehensive Tests of Basic Skills (Battery)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

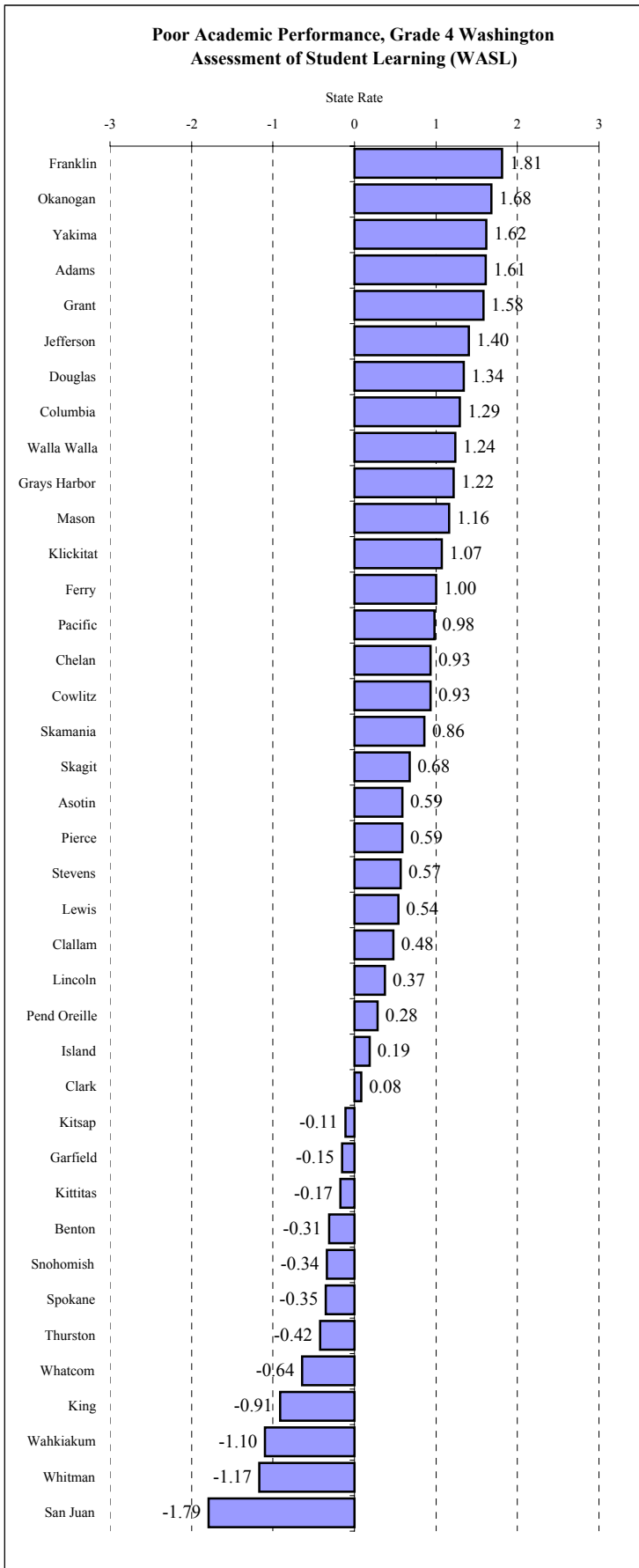


Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of fourth graders whose Battery test score was below the threshold score for the low quartile of the national norm group, per 100 fourth graders who took the Battery test. The Battery test score is the average of the scores on the reading, language, and math portions of the Comprehensive Tests of Basic Skills. Fourth grade is no longer tested in this series. The Iowa Tests of Basic Skills (ITBS) at third and sixth grades, and the Iowa Tests of Educational Development (ITED) at ninth grade, comprise the norm-referenced component of the statewide testing program.

State Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Instructional Programs(OSPI), Curriculum and Assessment, Grade 4 Low Quartile Test File

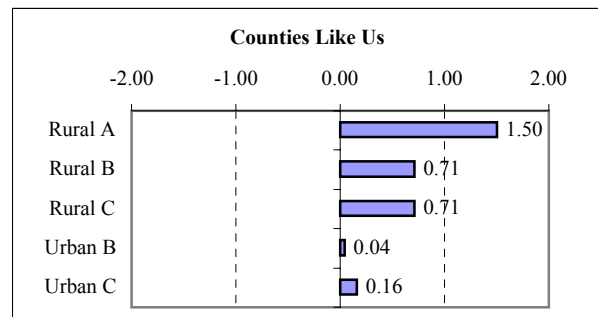
National Source: By definition the national low quartile is 25%. The exact score representing that quartile boundary is used by OSPI to calculate the number of students testing below that score in Washington State.

Factor: Low School Achievement

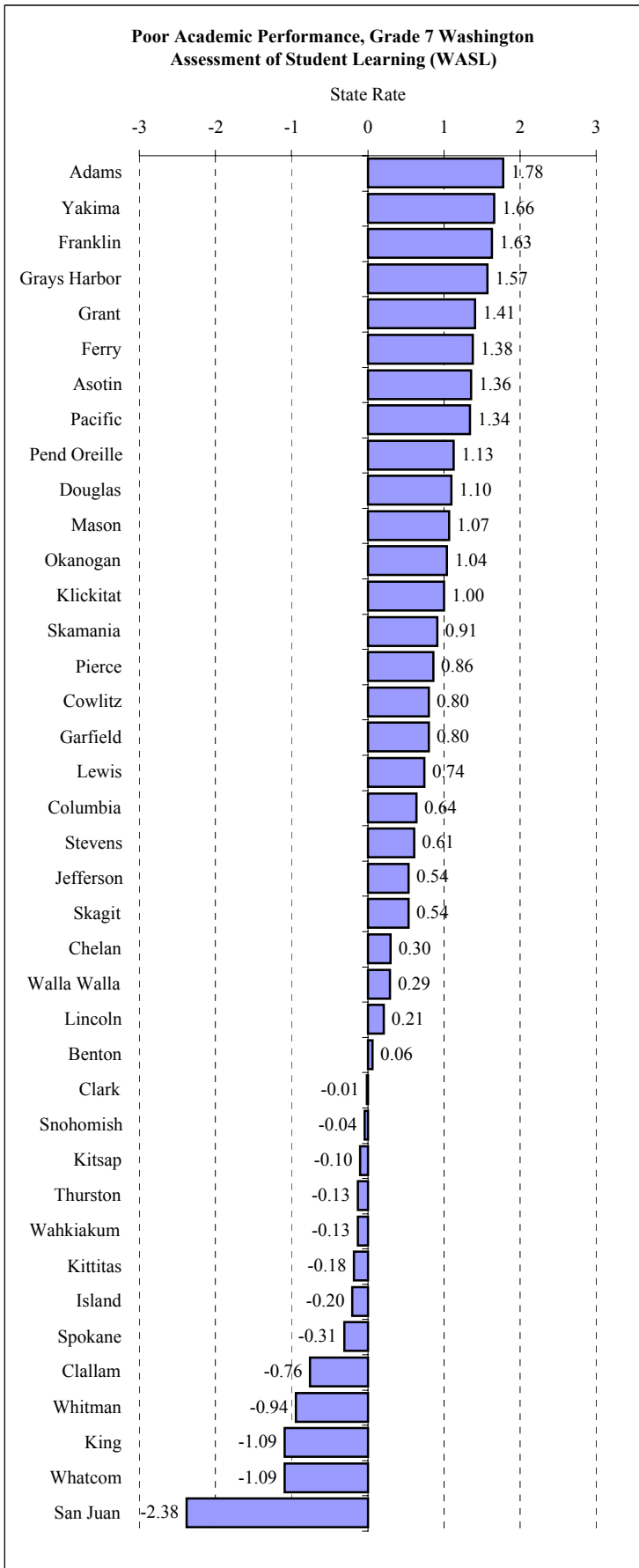


County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	87.09	1.61	Rural B
Asotin	80.58	0.59	Rural B
Benton	74.87	-0.31	Urban C
Chelan	82.79	0.93	Rural B
Clallam	79.91	0.48	Rural C
Clark	77.37	0.08	Urban C
Columbia	85.06	1.29	Rural B
Cowlitz	82.75	0.93	Rural C
Douglas	85.37	1.34	Rural B
Ferry	83.20	1.00	Rural A
Franklin	88.36	1.81	Rural A
Garfield	75.88	-0.15	Rural B
Grant	86.87	1.58	Rural A
Grays Harbor	84.60	1.22	Rural C
Island	78.05	0.19	Rural C
Jefferson	85.73	1.40	Rural C
King	71.03	-0.91	Urban A
Kitsap	76.15	-0.11	Urban C
Kittitas	75.74	-0.17	Rural B
Klickitat	83.65	1.07	Rural A
Lewis	80.26	0.54	Rural C
Lincoln	79.23	0.37	Rural B
Mason	84.25	1.16	Rural C
Okanogan	87.50	1.68	Rural A
Pacific	83.09	0.98	Rural C
Pend Oreille	78.63	0.28	Rural A
Pierce	80.61	0.59	Urban B
San Juan	65.45	-1.79	Rural C
Skagit	81.16	0.68	Rural C
Skamania	82.34	0.86	Rural A
Snohomish	74.71	-0.34	Urban B
Spokane	74.61	-0.35	Urban B
Stevens	80.49	0.57	Rural B
Thurston	74.17	-0.42	Urban C
Wahkiakum	69.84	-1.10	Rural C
Walla Walla	84.74	1.24	Rural B
Whatcom	72.76	-0.64	Urban C
Whitman	69.43	-1.17	Rural B
Yakima	87.12	1.62	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.

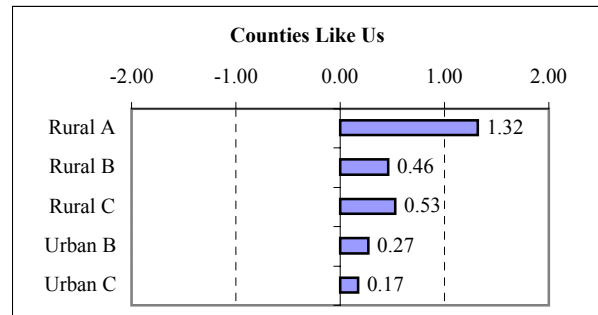


Factor: Low School Achievement

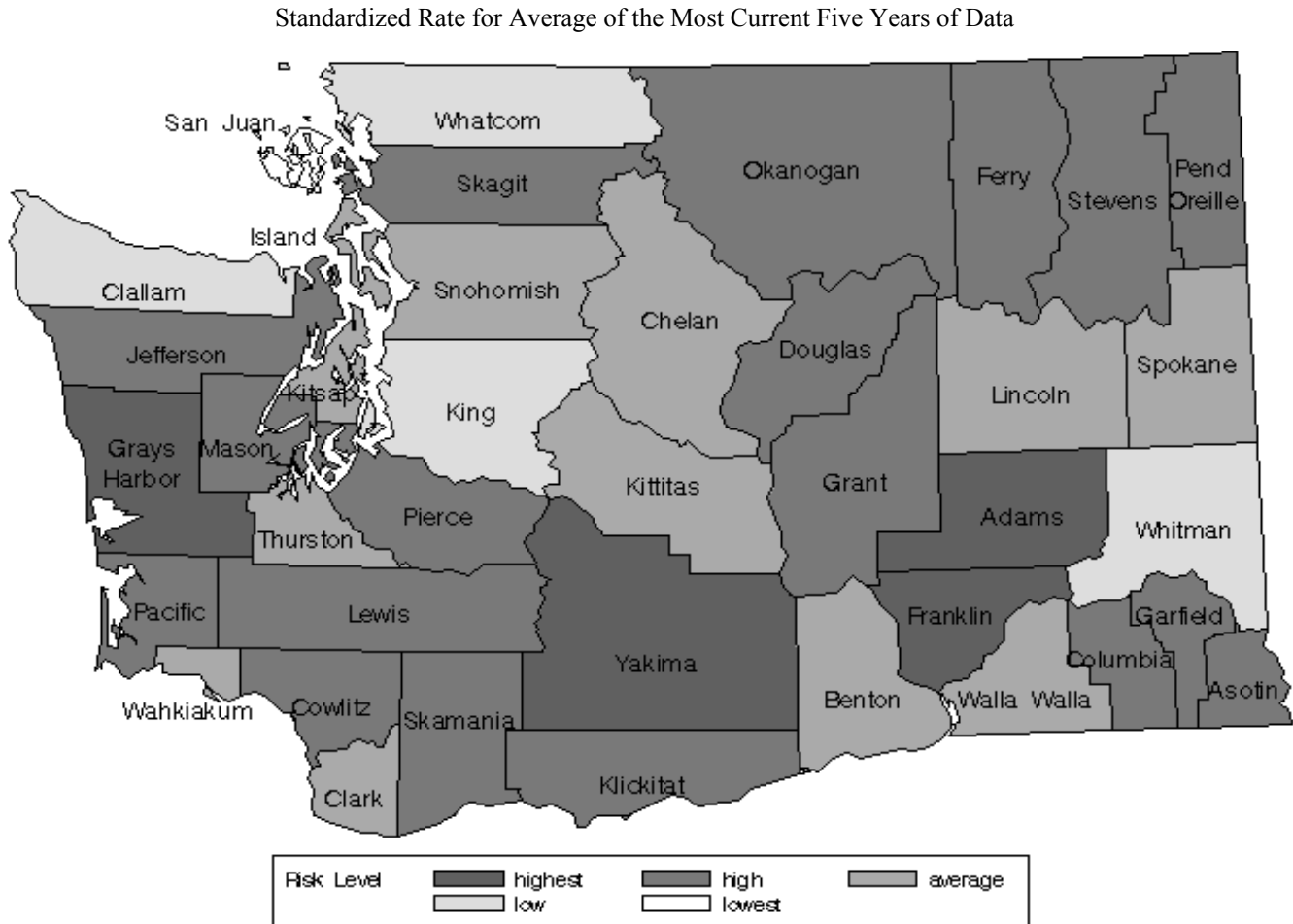


County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	91.88	1.78	Rural B
Asotin	89.68	1.36	Rural B
Benton	82.87	0.06	Urban C
Chelan	84.14	0.30	Rural B
Clallam	78.56	-0.76	Rural C
Clark	82.53	-0.01	Urban C
Columbia	85.91	0.64	Rural B
Cowlitz	86.77	0.80	Rural C
Douglas	88.34	1.10	Rural B
Ferry	89.82	1.38	Rural A
Franklin	91.09	1.63	Rural A
Garfield	86.76	0.80	Rural B
Grant	89.93	1.41	Rural A
Grays Harbor	90.80	1.57	Rural C
Island	81.51	-0.20	Rural C
Jefferson	85.38	0.54	Rural C
King	76.86	-1.09	Urban A
Kitsap	82.02	-0.10	Urban C
Kittitas	81.61	-0.18	Rural B
Klickitat	87.82	1.00	Rural A
Lewis	86.47	0.74	Rural C
Lincoln	83.68	0.21	Rural B
Mason	88.20	1.07	Rural C
Okanogan	88.03	1.04	Rural A
Pacific	89.60	1.34	Rural C
Pend Oreille	88.50	1.13	Rural A
Pierce	87.08	0.86	Urban B
San Juan	70.08	-2.38	Rural C
Skagit	85.39	0.54	Rural C
Skamania	87.36	0.91	Rural A
Snohomish	82.34	-0.04	Urban B
Spokane	80.94	-0.31	Urban B
Stevens	85.75	0.61	Rural B
Thurston	81.89	-0.13	Urban C
Wahkiakum	81.88	-0.13	Rural C
Walla Walla	84.09	0.29	Rural B
Whatcom	76.84	-1.09	Urban C
Whitman	77.60	-0.94	Rural B
Yakima	91.27	1.66	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



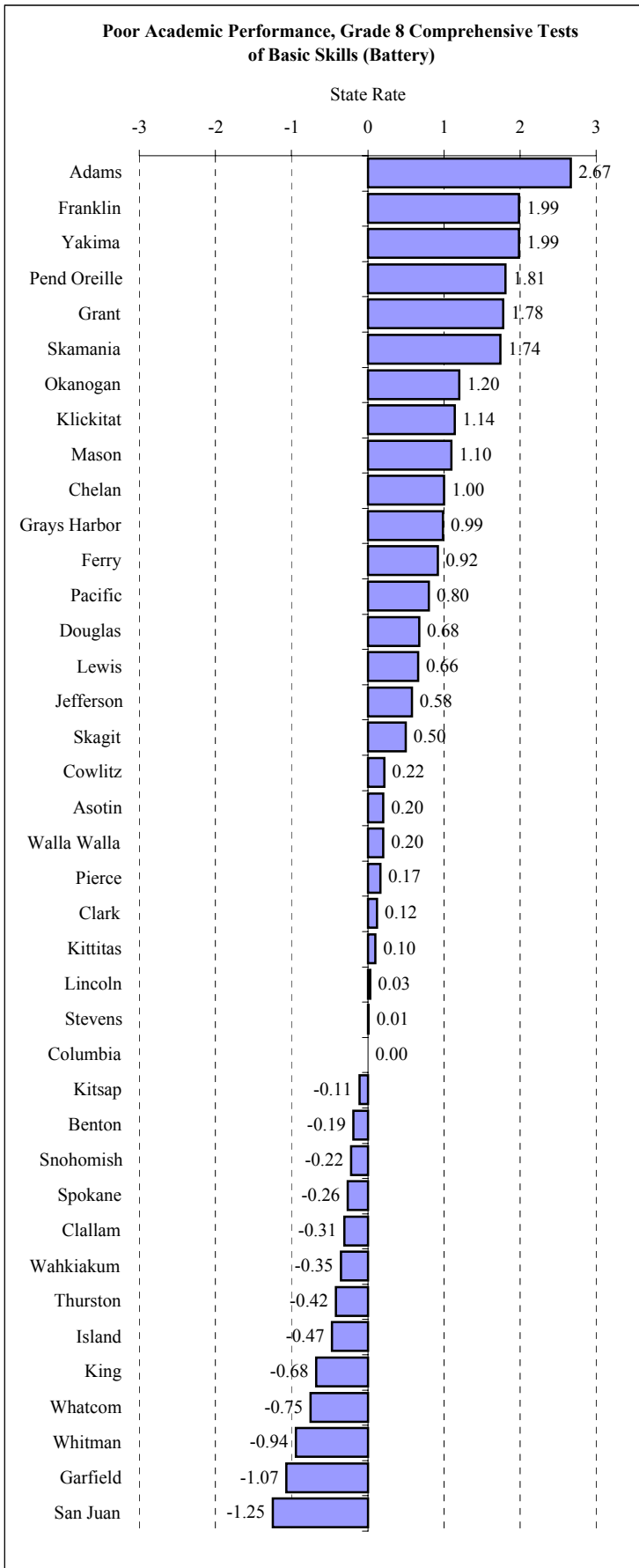
Poor Academic Performance, Grade 7 Washington Assessment of Student Learning (WASL)



Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of seventh graders who failed one or more content areas in the Washington Assessment of Student Learning (WASL). Tests are given in the spring of the year. Data for 2002 is for students in 7th grade during the school year 2001/2002.

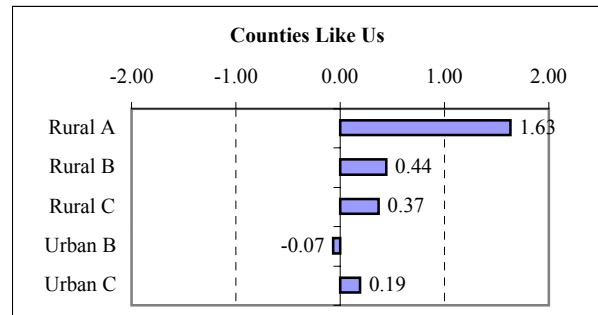
State Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Instructional Programs, Curriculum and Assessment, Grade 7 Failing In One Or More Content Areas.

Factor: Low School Achievement



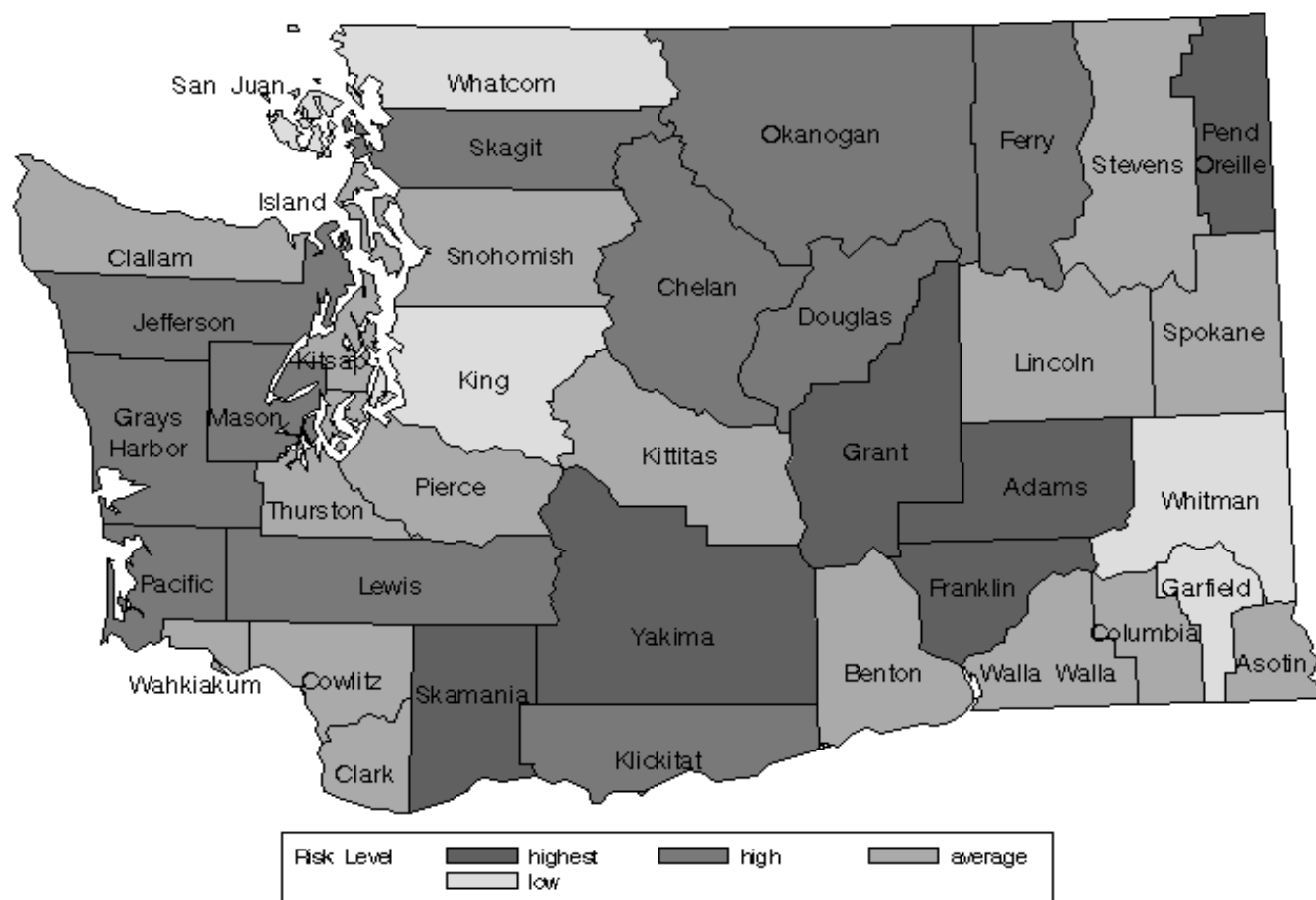
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	37.78	2.67	Rural B
Asotin	21.52	0.20	Rural B
Benton	18.94	-0.19	Urban C
Chelan	26.80	1.00	Rural B
Clallam	18.12	-0.31	Rural C
Clark	21.01	0.12	Urban C
Columbia	20.20	0.00	Rural B
Cowlitz	21.65	0.22	Rural C
Douglas	24.69	0.68	Rural B
Ferry	26.29	0.92	Rural A
Franklin	33.28	1.99	Rural A
Garfield	13.10	-1.07	Rural B
Grant	31.95	1.78	Rural A
Grays Harbor	26.71	0.99	Rural C
Island	17.05	-0.47	Rural C
Jefferson	23.98	0.58	Rural C
King	15.68	-0.68	Urban A
Kitsap	19.48	-0.11	Urban C
Kittitas	20.88	0.10	Rural B
Klickitat	27.68	1.14	Rural A
Lewis	24.51	0.66	Rural C
Lincoln	20.35	0.03	Rural B
Mason	27.47	1.10	Rural C
Okanogan	28.13	1.20	Rural A
Pacific	25.48	0.80	Rural C
Pend Oreille	32.13	1.81	Rural A
Pierce	21.31	0.17	Urban B
San Juan	11.97	-1.25	Rural C
Skagit	23.48	0.50	Rural C
Skamania	31.66	1.74	Rural A
Snohomish	18.71	-0.22	Urban B
Spokane	18.49	-0.26	Urban B
Stevens	20.28	0.01	Rural B
Thurston	17.41	-0.42	Urban C
Wahkiakum	17.88	-0.35	Rural C
Walla Walla	21.50	0.20	Rural B
Whatcom	15.21	-0.75	Urban C
Whitman	13.96	-0.94	Rural B
Yakima	33.29	1.99	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Poor Academic Performance, Grade 8 Comprehensive Tests of Basic Skills (Battery)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

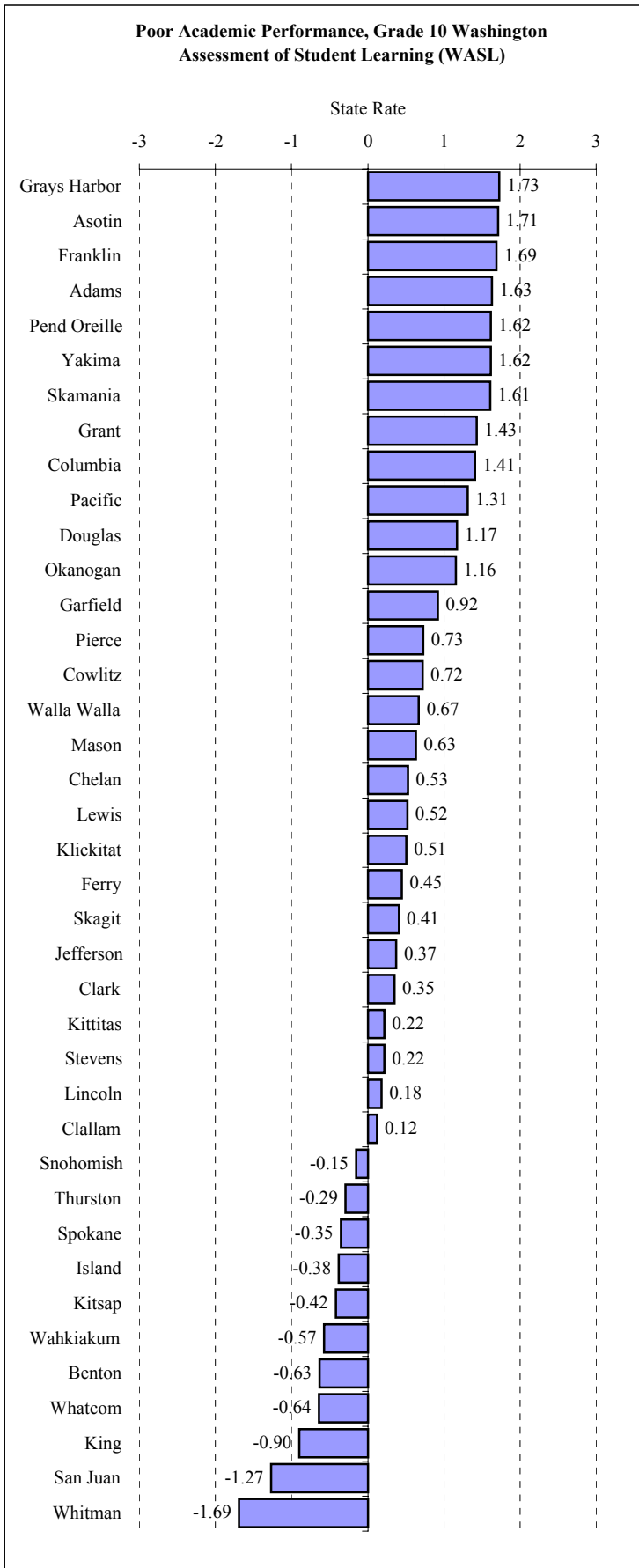


Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of eighth graders whose Battery test score was below the threshold score for the low quartile of the national norm group, per 100 eighth graders who took the Battery test. The Battery test score is the average of the scores on the reading, language, and math portions of the Comprehensive Tests of Basic Skills. Eighth grade is no longer tested in this series. The Iowa Tests of Basic Skills (ITBS) at third and sixth grades, and the Iowa Tests of Educational Development (ITED) at ninth grade, comprise the norm-referenced component of the statewide testing program.

State Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Instructional Programs, Curriculum and Assessment, Grade 8 Low Quartile Test File

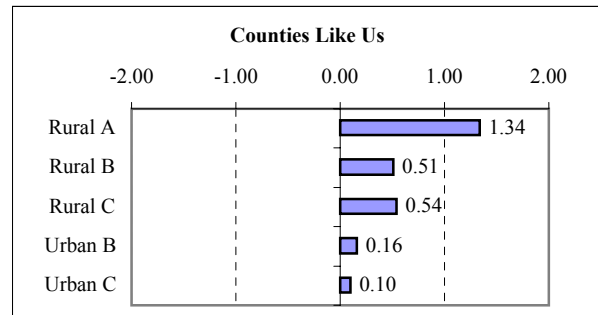
National Source: By definition the national low quartile is 25%. The exact score representing that quartile boundary is used by OSPI to calculate the number of students testing below that score in Washington State.

Factor: Low School Achievement



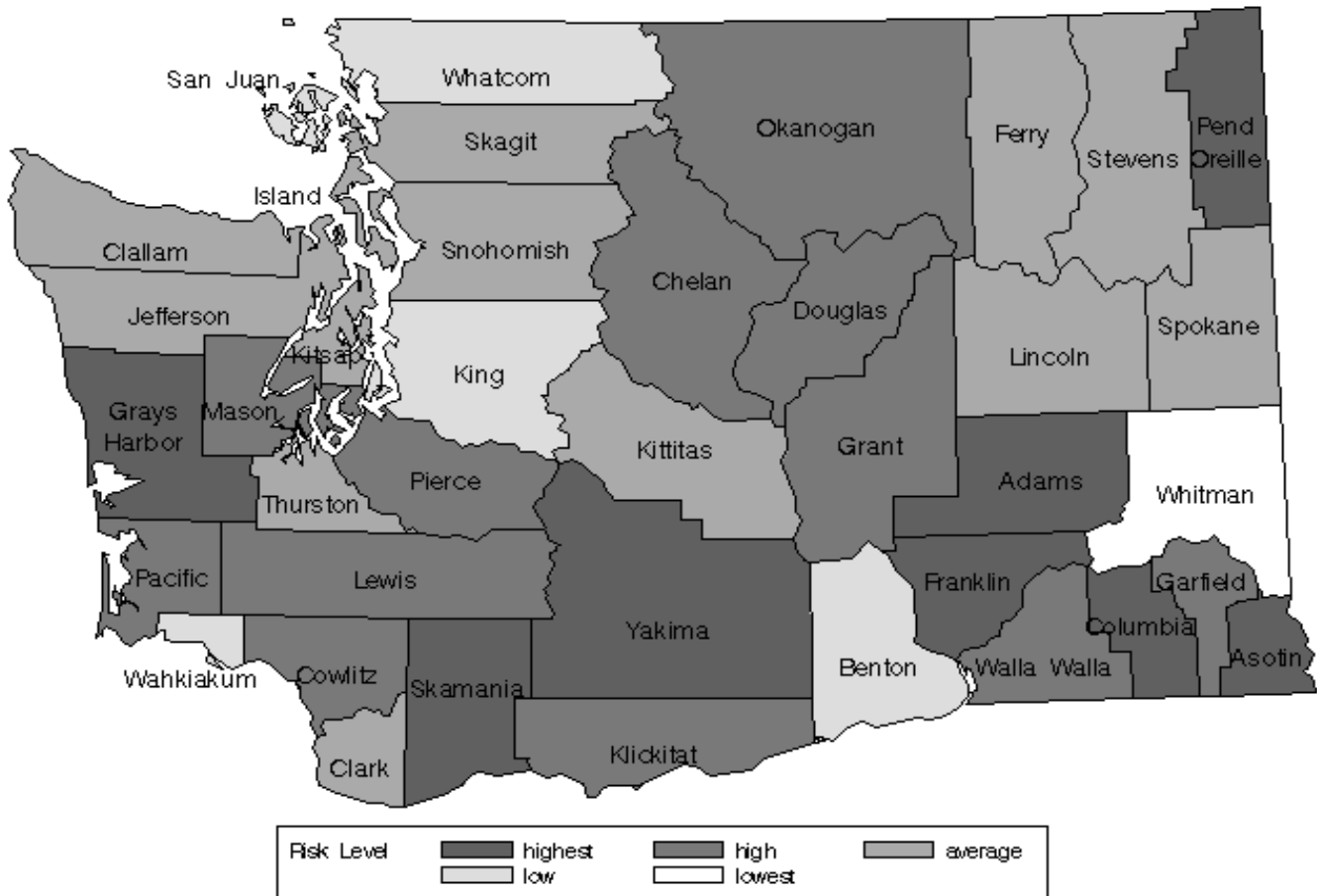
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	85.92	1.63	Rural B
Asotin	86.47	1.71	Rural B
Benton	70.38	-0.63	Urban C
Chelan	78.36	0.53	Rural B
Clallam	75.58	0.12	Rural C
Clark	77.12	0.35	Urban C
Columbia	84.40	1.41	Rural B
Cowlitz	79.65	0.72	Rural C
Douglas	82.80	1.17	Rural B
Ferry	77.81	0.45	Rural A
Franklin	86.31	1.69	Rural A
Garfield	81.03	0.92	Rural B
Grant	84.59	1.43	Rural A
Grays Harbor	86.64	1.73	Rural C
Island	72.14	-0.38	Rural C
Jefferson	77.27	0.37	Rural C
King	68.55	-0.90	Urban A
Kitsap	71.84	-0.42	Urban C
Kittitas	76.27	0.22	Rural B
Klickitat	78.26	0.51	Rural A
Lewis	78.32	0.52	Rural C
Lincoln	75.97	0.18	Rural B
Mason	79.04	0.63	Rural C
Okanogan	82.73	1.16	Rural A
Pacific	83.77	1.31	Rural C
Pend Oreille	85.88	1.62	Rural A
Pierce	79.75	0.73	Urban B
San Juan	66.03	-1.27	Rural C
Skagit	77.57	0.41	Rural C
Skamania	85.83	1.61	Rural A
Snohomish	73.66	-0.15	Urban B
Spokane	72.35	-0.35	Urban B
Stevens	76.21	0.22	Rural B
Thurston	72.76	-0.29	Urban C
Wahkiakum	70.83	-0.57	Rural C
Walla Walla	79.37	0.67	Rural B
Whatcom	70.31	-0.64	Urban C
Whitman	63.14	-1.69	Rural B
Yakima	85.83	1.62	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Poor Academic Performance, Grade 10 Washington Assessment of Student Learning (WASL)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

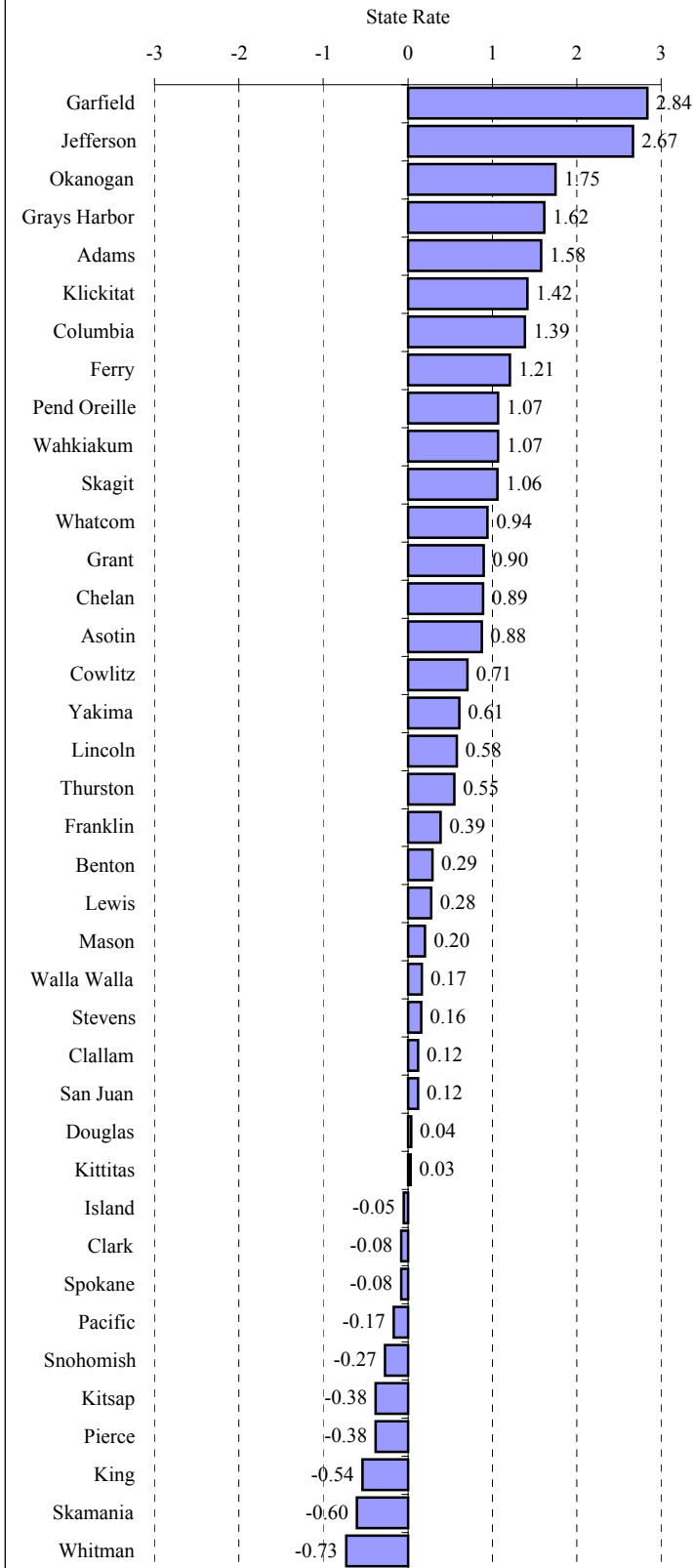


Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of tenth graders who failed one or more content areas in the Washington Assessment of Student Learning (WASL). Tests are given in the spring of the year. Data for 2002 is for students in the 10th grade during the school year 2001/2002.

State Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Instructional Programs, Curriculum and Assessment, Grade 10 Failing In One Or More Content Areas

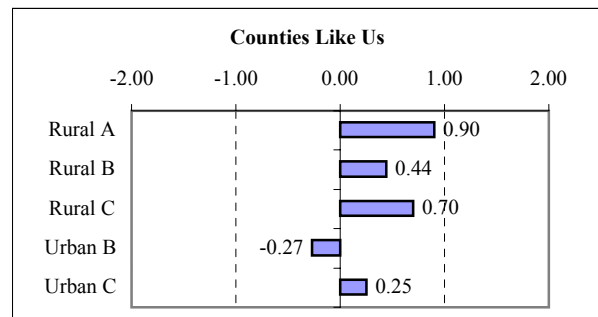
Factor: Early Problem Behavior

Arrests (Age 10-14), Alcohol- or Drug-Related



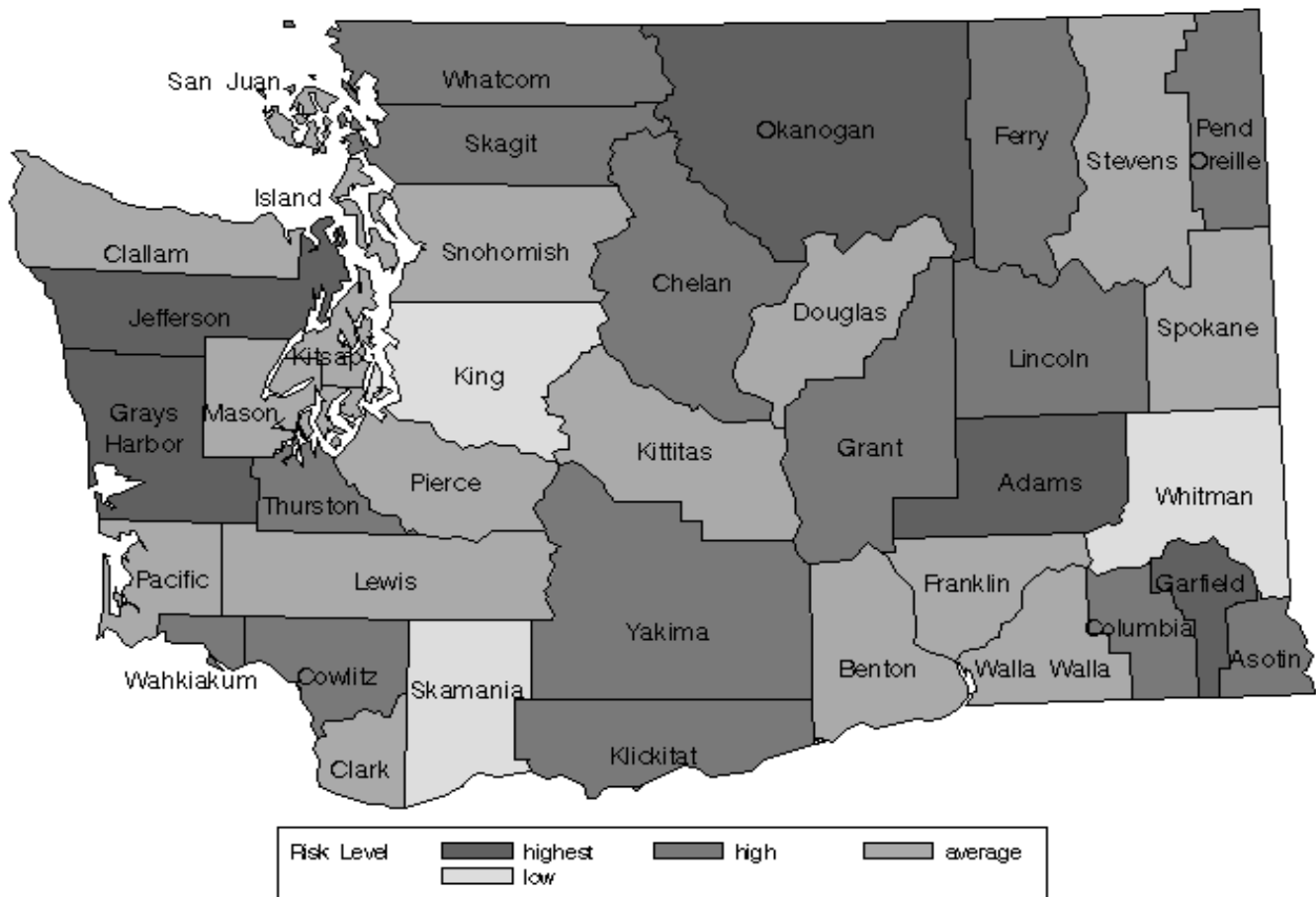
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	9.93	1.58	Rural B
Asotin	7.20	0.88	Rural B
Benton	4.94	0.29	Urban C
Chelan	7.27	0.89	Rural B
Clallam	4.25	0.12	Rural C
Clark	3.50	-0.08	Urban C
Columbia	9.19	1.39	Rural B
Cowlitz	6.54	0.71	Rural C
Douglas	3.95	0.04	Rural B
Ferry	8.50	1.21	Rural A
Franklin	5.32	0.39	Rural A
Garfield	14.81	2.84	Rural B
Grant	7.28	0.90	Rural A
Grays Harbor	10.10	1.62	Rural C
Island	3.59	-0.05	Rural C
Jefferson	14.16	2.67	Rural C
King	1.70	-0.54	Urban A
Kitsap	2.34	-0.38	Urban C
Kittitas	3.91	0.03	Rural B
Klickitat	9.32	1.42	Rural A
Lewis	4.90	0.28	Rural C
Lincoln	6.05	0.58	Rural B
Mason	4.57	0.20	Rural C
Okanogan	10.60	1.75	Rural A
Pacific	3.14	-0.17	Rural C
Pend Oreille	7.96	1.07	Rural A
Pierce	2.31	-0.38	Urban B
San Juan	4.27	0.12	Rural C
Skagit	7.89	1.06	Rural C
Skamania	1.45	-0.60	Rural A
Snohomish	2.75	-0.27	Urban B
Spokane	3.48	-0.08	Urban B
Stevens	4.42	0.16	Rural B
Thurston	5.95	0.55	Urban C
Wahkiakum	7.95	1.07	Rural C
Walla Walla	4.45	0.17	Rural B
Whatcom	7.44	0.94	Urban C
Whitman	0.96	-0.73	Rural B
Yakima	6.16	0.61	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 10-14), Alcohol- or Drug-Related

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of younger adolescents (age 10-14) for alcohol and drug law violations, per 1,000 children (age 10-14). Alcohol violations include all crimes involving driving under the influence, liquor law violations, and drunkenness. For children, arrests for liquor law violations are usually arrests for minor in possession. Drug law violations include all crimes involving sale, manufacturing, and possession of drugs.

1) Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to Uniform Crime Report (UCR). In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population.

2) The DUI portion of this measure is likely understated, because arrests made by the State Patrol (approximately 40% of DUI arrests) are not attributable to counties. State Patrol arrests are included in the state rates.

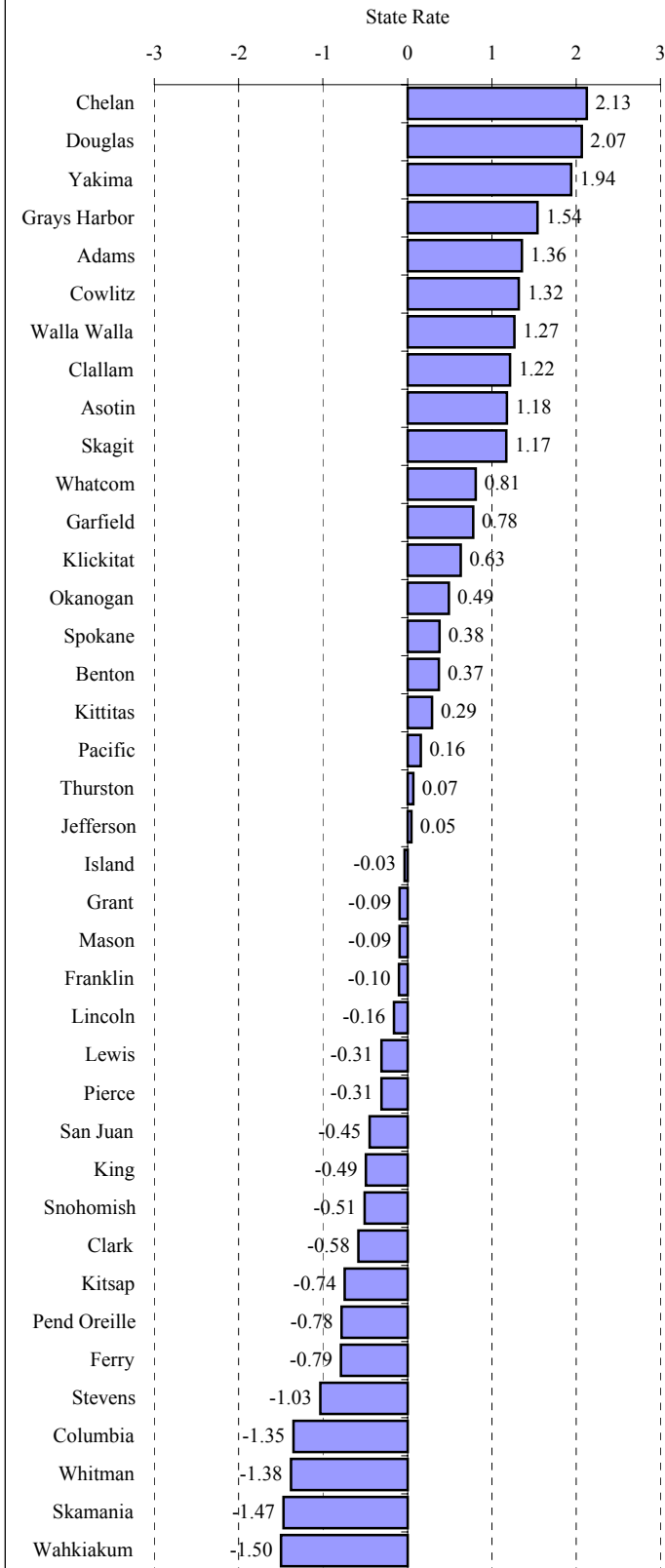
3) No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

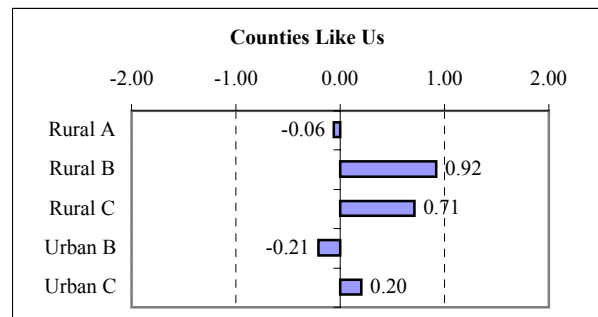
Factor: Early Problem Behavior

Arrests (Age 10-14), Property Crime



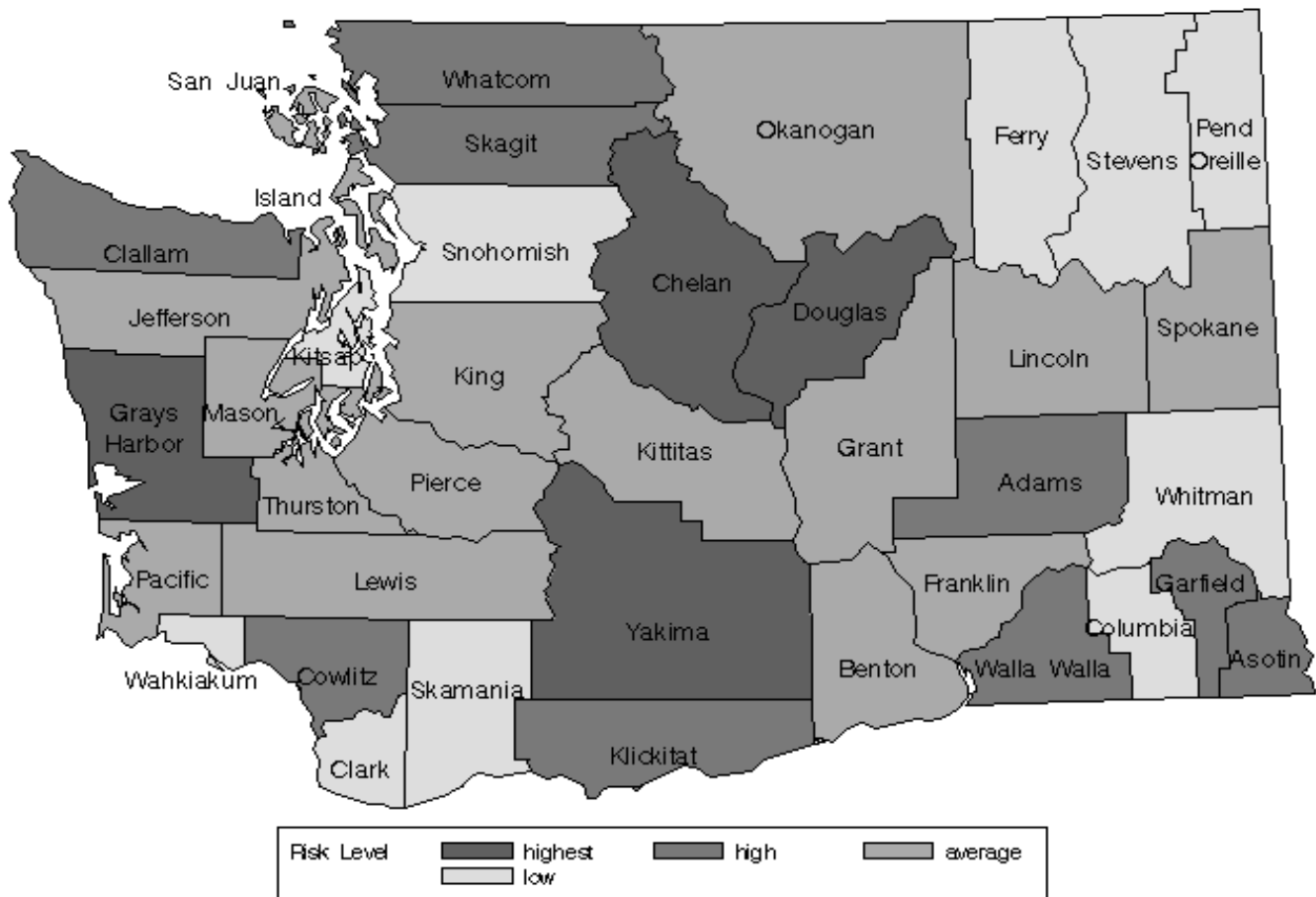
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	32.01	1.36	Rural B
Asotin	30.58	1.18	Rural B
Benton	23.94	0.37	Urban C
Chelan	38.30	2.13	Rural B
Clallam	30.87	1.22	Rural C
Clark	16.23	-0.58	Urban C
Columbia	9.89	-1.35	Rural B
Cowlitz	31.72	1.32	Rural C
Douglas	37.88	2.07	Rural B
Ferry	14.46	-0.79	Rural A
Franklin	20.12	-0.10	Rural A
Garfield	27.33	0.78	Rural B
Grant	20.23	-0.09	Rural A
Grays Harbor	33.51	1.54	Rural C
Island	20.72	-0.03	Rural C
Jefferson	21.36	0.05	Rural C
King	16.91	-0.49	Urban A
Kitsap	14.91	-0.74	Urban C
Kittitas	23.33	0.29	Rural B
Klickitat	26.07	0.63	Rural A
Lewis	18.38	-0.31	Rural C
Lincoln	19.60	-0.16	Rural B
Mason	20.21	-0.09	Rural C
Okanogan	24.95	0.49	Rural A
Pacific	22.29	0.16	Rural C
Pend Oreille	14.56	-0.78	Rural A
Pierce	18.38	-0.31	Urban B
San Juan	17.30	-0.45	Rural C
Skagit	30.51	1.17	Rural C
Skamania	8.94	-1.47	Rural A
Snohomish	16.78	-0.51	Urban B
Spokane	24.02	0.38	Urban B
Stevens	12.50	-1.03	Rural B
Thurston	21.52	0.07	Urban C
Wahkiakum	8.67	-1.50	Rural C
Walla Walla	31.27	1.27	Rural B
Whatcom	27.59	0.81	Urban C
Whitman	9.64	-1.38	Rural B
Yakima	36.81	1.94	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 10-14), Property Crime

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



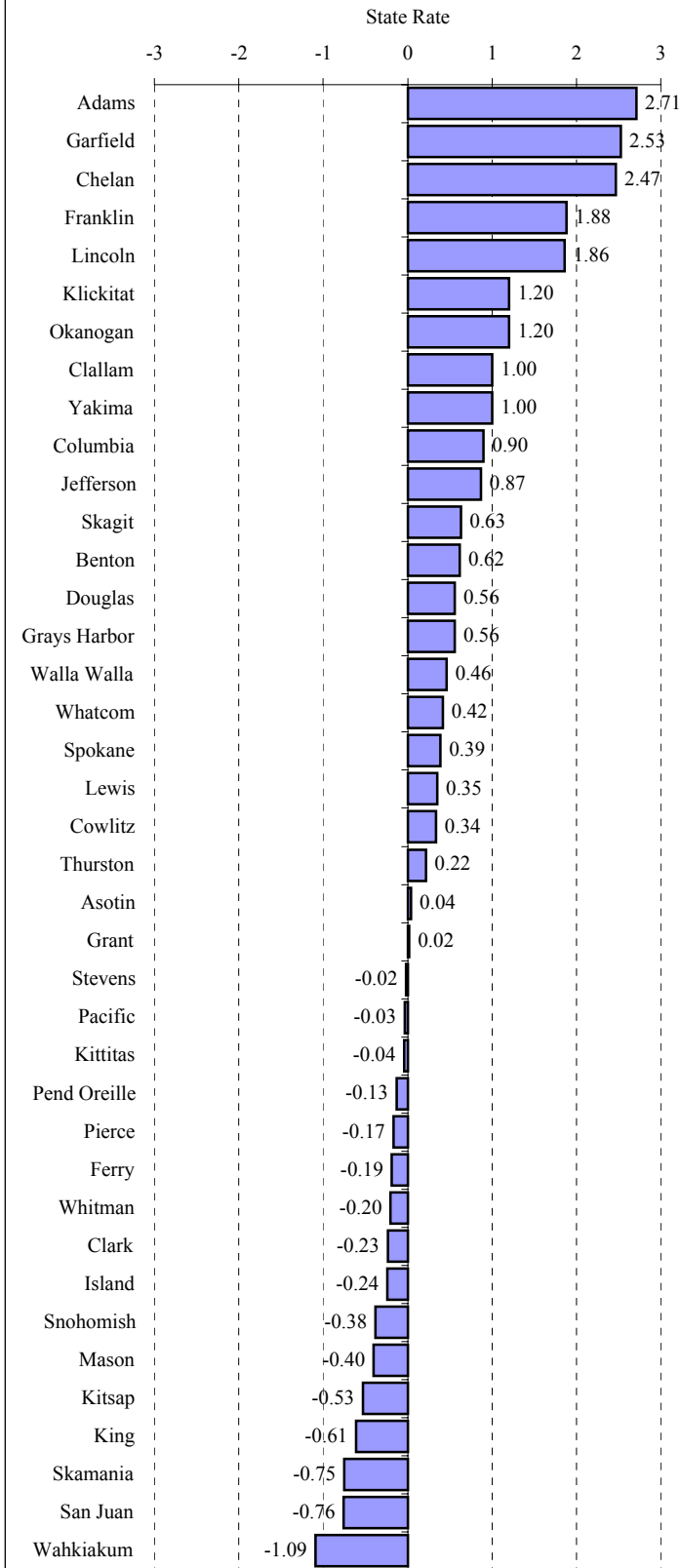
Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of younger adolescents (age 10-14) for property crimes, per 1,000 children (age 10-14). Property crimes include all crimes involving burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

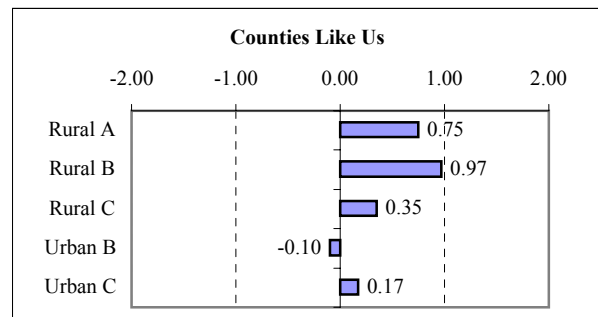
Factor: Early Problem Behavior

Arrests (Age 10-14), Vandalism



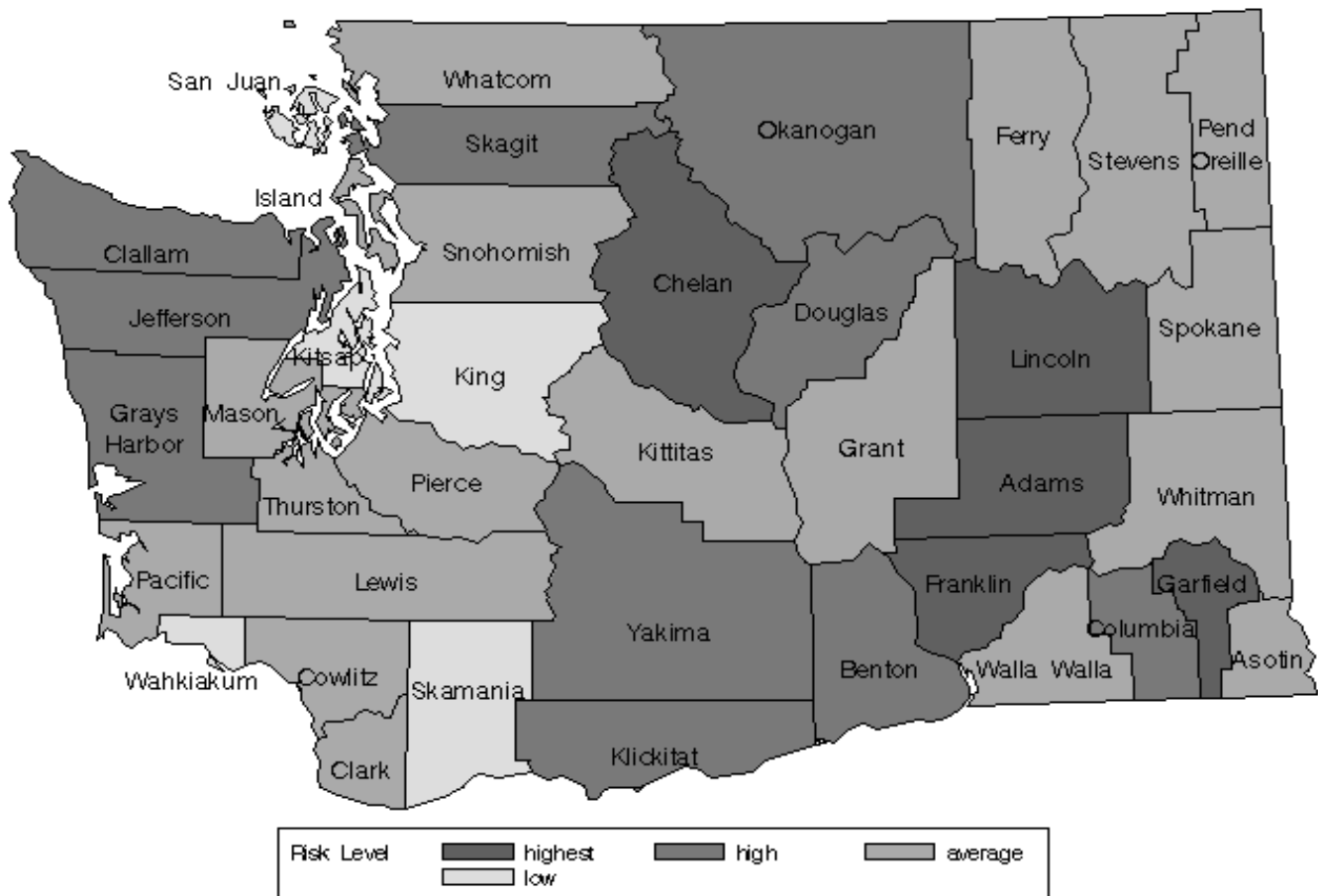
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	10.76	2.71	Rural B
Asotin	3.21	0.04	Rural B
Benton	4.84	0.62	Urban C
Chelan	10.09	2.47	Rural B
Clallam	5.92	1.00	Rural C
Clark	2.45	-0.23	Urban C
Columbia	5.65	0.90	Rural B
Cowlitz	4.05	0.34	Rural C
Douglas	4.67	0.56	Rural B
Ferry	2.55	-0.19	Rural A
Franklin	8.40	1.88	Rural A
Garfield	10.25	2.53	Rural B
Grant	3.16	0.02	Rural A
Grays Harbor	4.67	0.56	Rural C
Island	2.41	-0.24	Rural C
Jefferson	5.55	0.87	Rural C
King	1.37	-0.61	Urban A
Kitsap	1.59	-0.53	Urban C
Kittitas	2.98	-0.04	Rural B
Klickitat	6.48	1.20	Rural A
Lewis	4.08	0.35	Rural C
Lincoln	8.36	1.86	Rural B
Mason	1.97	-0.40	Rural C
Okanogan	6.48	1.20	Rural A
Pacific	3.00	-0.03	Rural C
Pend Oreille	2.73	-0.13	Rural A
Pierce	2.61	-0.17	Urban B
San Juan	0.95	-0.76	Rural C
Skagit	4.87	0.63	Rural C
Skamania	0.97	-0.75	Rural A
Snohomish	2.02	-0.38	Urban B
Spokane	4.20	0.39	Urban B
Stevens	3.03	-0.02	Rural B
Thurston	3.72	0.22	Urban C
Wahkiakum	0.00	-1.09	Rural C
Walla Walla	4.40	0.46	Rural B
Whatcom	4.29	0.42	Urban C
Whitman	2.53	-0.20	Rural B
Yakima	5.92	1.00	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 10-14), Vandalism

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

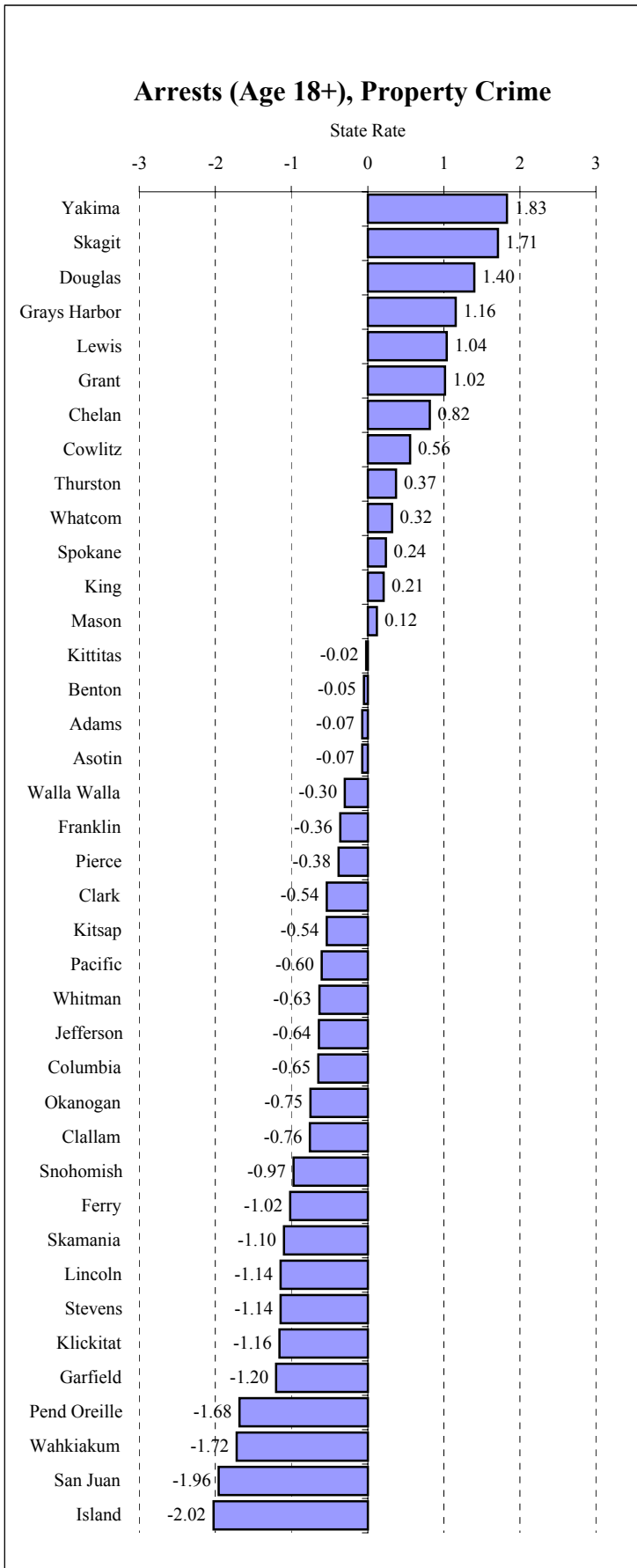


Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of younger adolescents (age 10-14) for vandalism (including residence, non-residence, vehicle vandalized objects, police cars, or other) per 1,000 children (age 10-14). Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

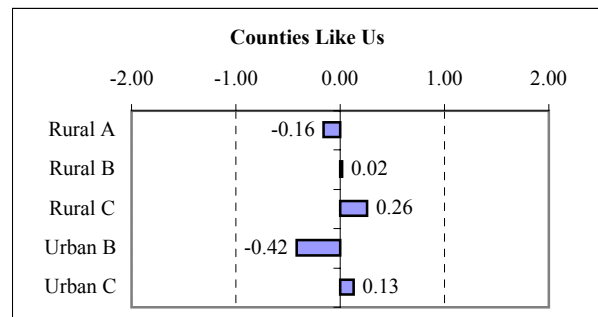
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Factor: Non-Violent Crime



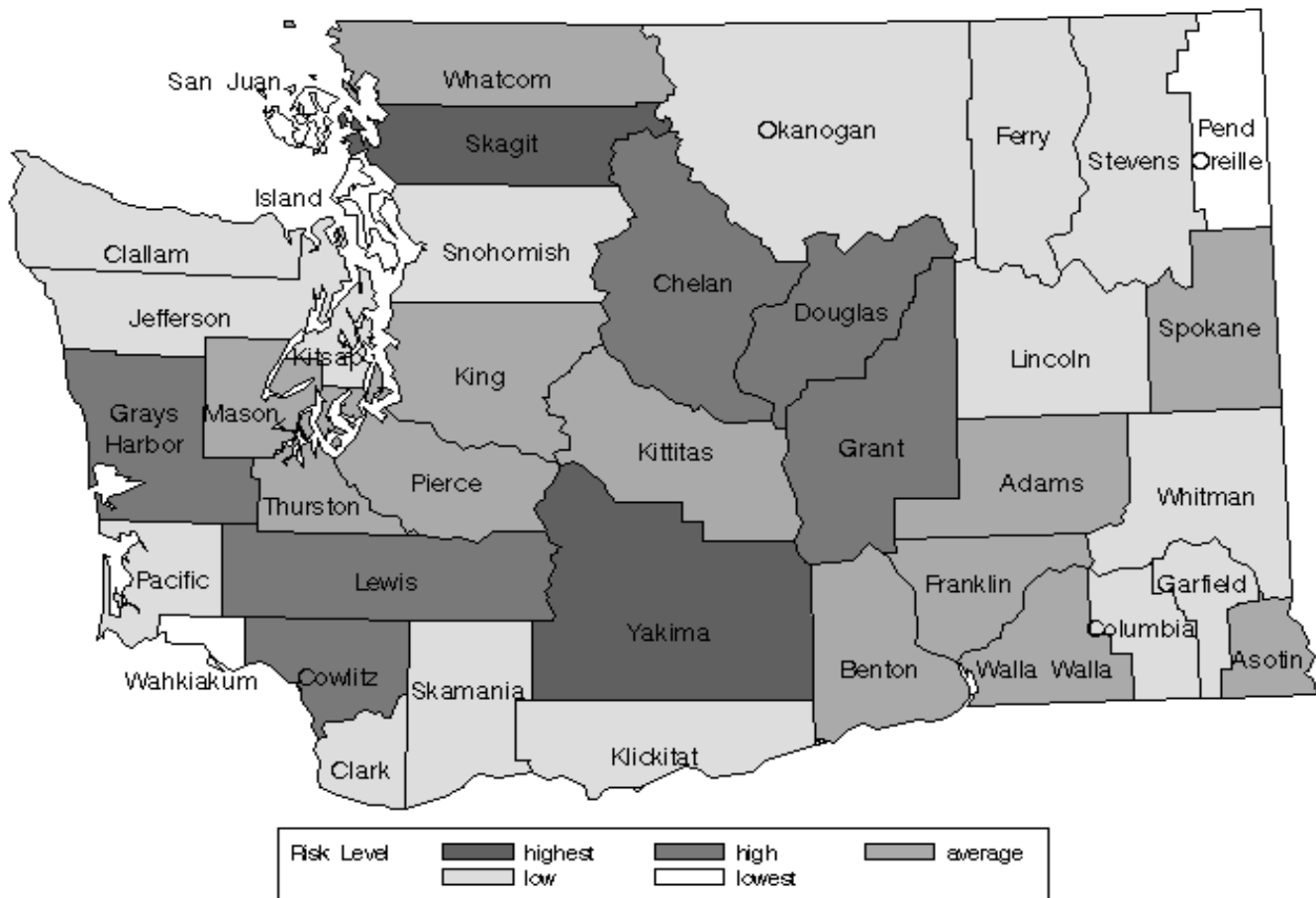
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	7.37	-0.07	Rural B
Asotin	7.36	-0.07	Rural B
Benton	7.41	-0.05	Urban C
Chelan	9.75	0.82	Rural B
Clallam	5.50	-0.76	Rural C
Clark	6.08	-0.54	Urban C
Columbia	5.80	-0.65	Rural B
Cowlitz	9.06	0.56	Rural C
Douglas	11.33	1.40	Rural B
Ferry	4.78	-1.02	Rural A
Franklin	6.57	-0.36	Rural A
Garfield	4.30	-1.20	Rural B
Grant	10.31	1.02	Rural A
Grays Harbor	10.67	1.16	Rural C
Island	2.09	-2.02	Rural C
Jefferson	5.81	-0.64	Rural C
King	8.12	0.21	Urban A
Kitsap	6.09	-0.54	Urban C
Kittitas	7.50	-0.02	Rural B
Klickitat	4.41	-1.16	Rural A
Lewis	10.34	1.04	Rural C
Lincoln	4.46	-1.14	Rural B
Mason	7.87	0.12	Rural C
Okanogan	5.52	-0.75	Rural A
Pacific	5.92	-0.60	Rural C
Pend Oreille	3.01	-1.68	Rural A
Pierce	6.51	-0.38	Urban B
San Juan	2.26	-1.96	Rural C
Skagit	12.16	1.71	Rural C
Skamania	4.57	-1.10	Rural A
Snohomish	4.93	-0.97	Urban B
Spokane	8.20	0.24	Urban B
Stevens	4.48	-1.14	Rural B
Thurston	8.55	0.37	Urban C
Wahkiakum	2.89	-1.72	Rural C
Walla Walla	6.72	-0.30	Rural B
Whatcom	8.41	0.32	Urban C
Whitman	5.85	-0.63	Rural B
Yakima	12.47	1.83	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 18+), Property Crime

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

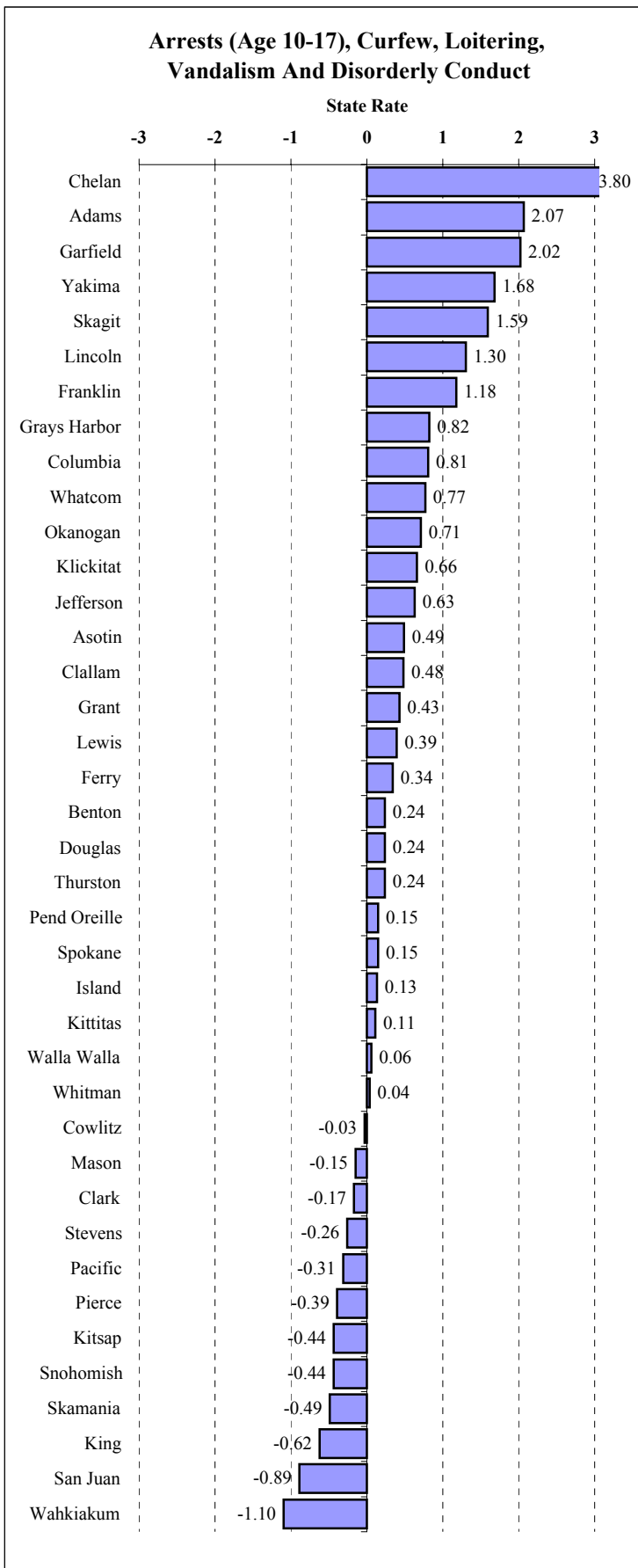


Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of adults (age 18+) for property crimes, per 1,000 adults (age 18+). Property crimes include all crimes involving burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

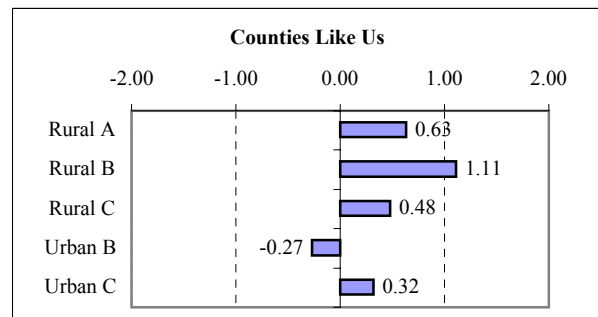
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Factor: Non-Violent Crime



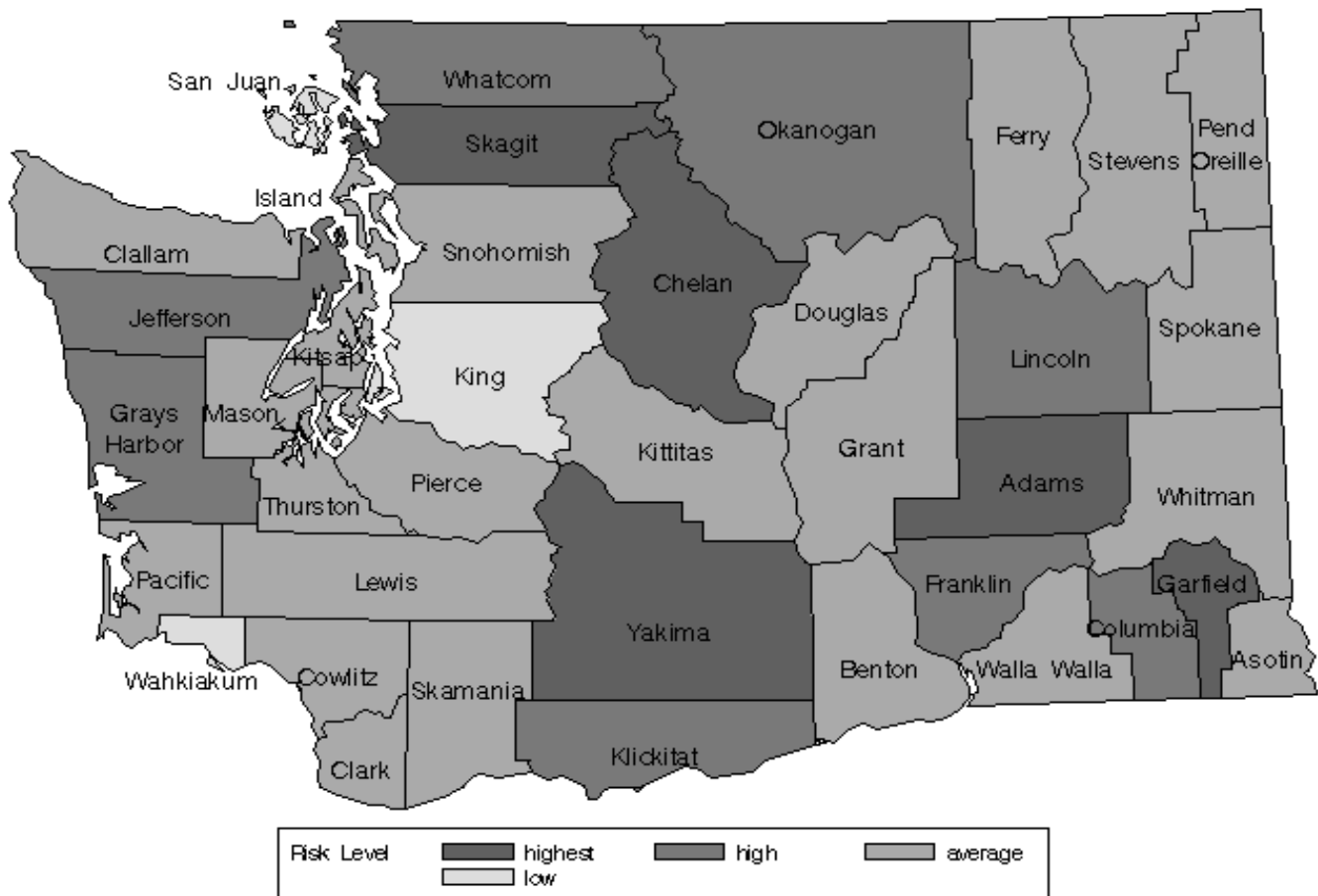
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	18.15	2.07	Rural B
Asotin	9.10	0.49	Rural B
Benton	7.65	0.24	Urban C
Chelan	28.02	3.80	Rural B
Clallam	9.04	0.48	Rural C
Clark	5.31	-0.17	Urban C
Columbia	10.92	0.81	Rural B
Cowlitz	6.08	-0.03	Rural C
Douglas	7.65	0.24	Rural B
Ferry	8.25	0.34	Rural A
Franklin	13.02	1.18	Rural A
Garfield	17.84	2.02	Rural B
Grant	8.76	0.43	Rural A
Grays Harbor	10.99	0.82	Rural C
Island	7.00	0.13	Rural C
Jefferson	9.87	0.63	Rural C
King	2.74	-0.62	Urban A
Kitsap	3.78	-0.44	Urban C
Kittitas	6.89	0.11	Rural B
Klickitat	10.09	0.66	Rural A
Lewis	8.52	0.39	Rural C
Lincoln	13.74	1.30	Rural B
Mason	5.45	-0.15	Rural C
Okanogan	10.34	0.71	Rural A
Pacific	4.50	-0.31	Rural C
Pend Oreille	7.15	0.15	Rural A
Pierce	4.04	-0.39	Urban B
San Juan	1.17	-0.89	Rural C
Skagit	15.40	1.59	Rural C
Skamania	3.46	-0.49	Rural A
Snohomish	3.74	-0.44	Urban B
Spokane	7.13	0.15	Urban B
Stevens	4.79	-0.26	Rural B
Thurston	7.66	0.24	Urban C
Wahkiakum	0.00	-1.10	Rural C
Walla Walla	6.64	0.06	Rural B
Whatcom	10.67	0.77	Urban C
Whitman	6.54	0.04	Rural B
Yakima	15.88	1.68	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 10-17), Curfew, Loitering, Vandalism And Disorderly Conduct

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

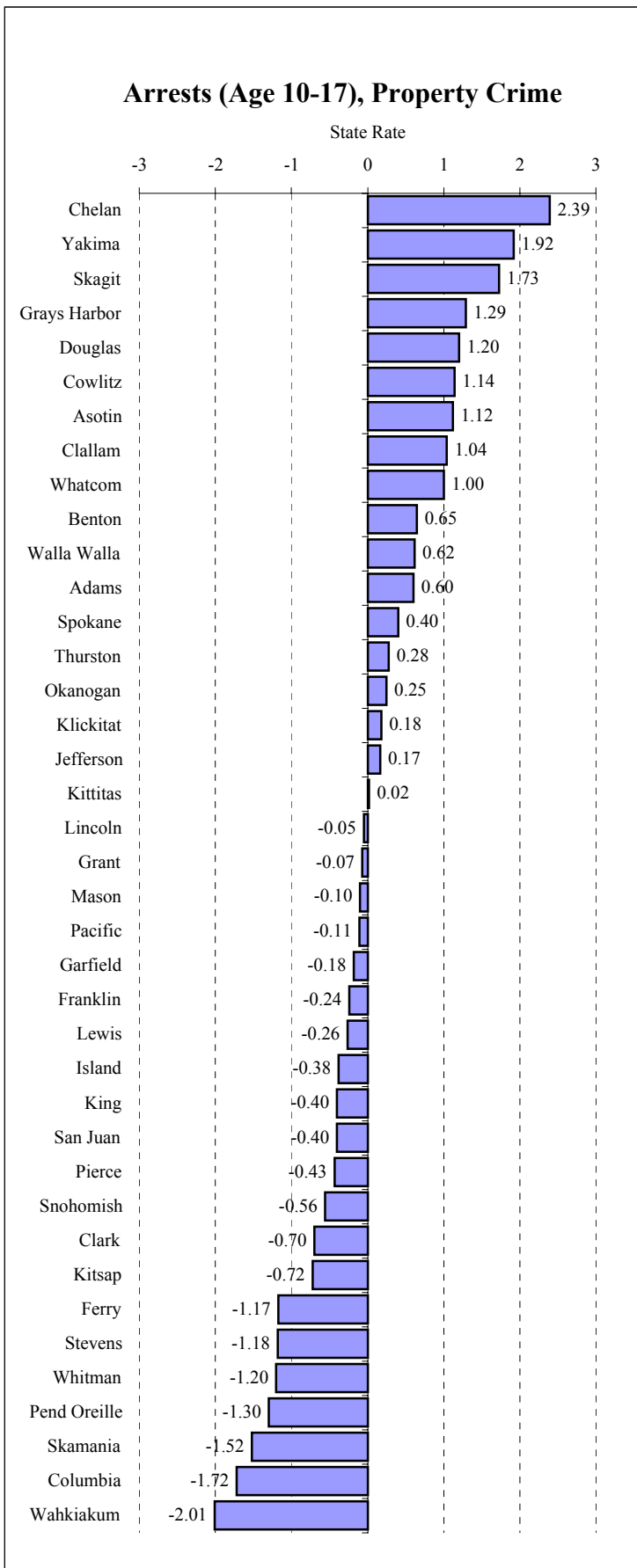


Note: Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of adolescents (age 10-17) for curfew, loitering, vandalism, and disorderly conduct per 1,000 children (age 10-17). Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

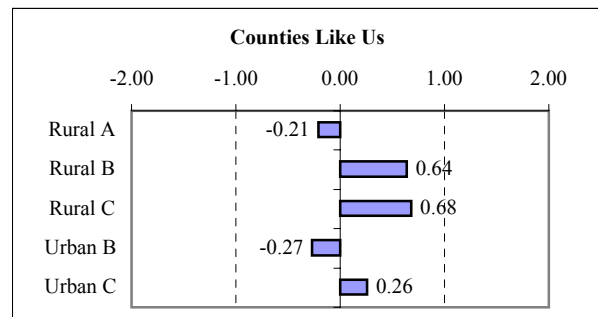
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Factor: Non-Violent Crime



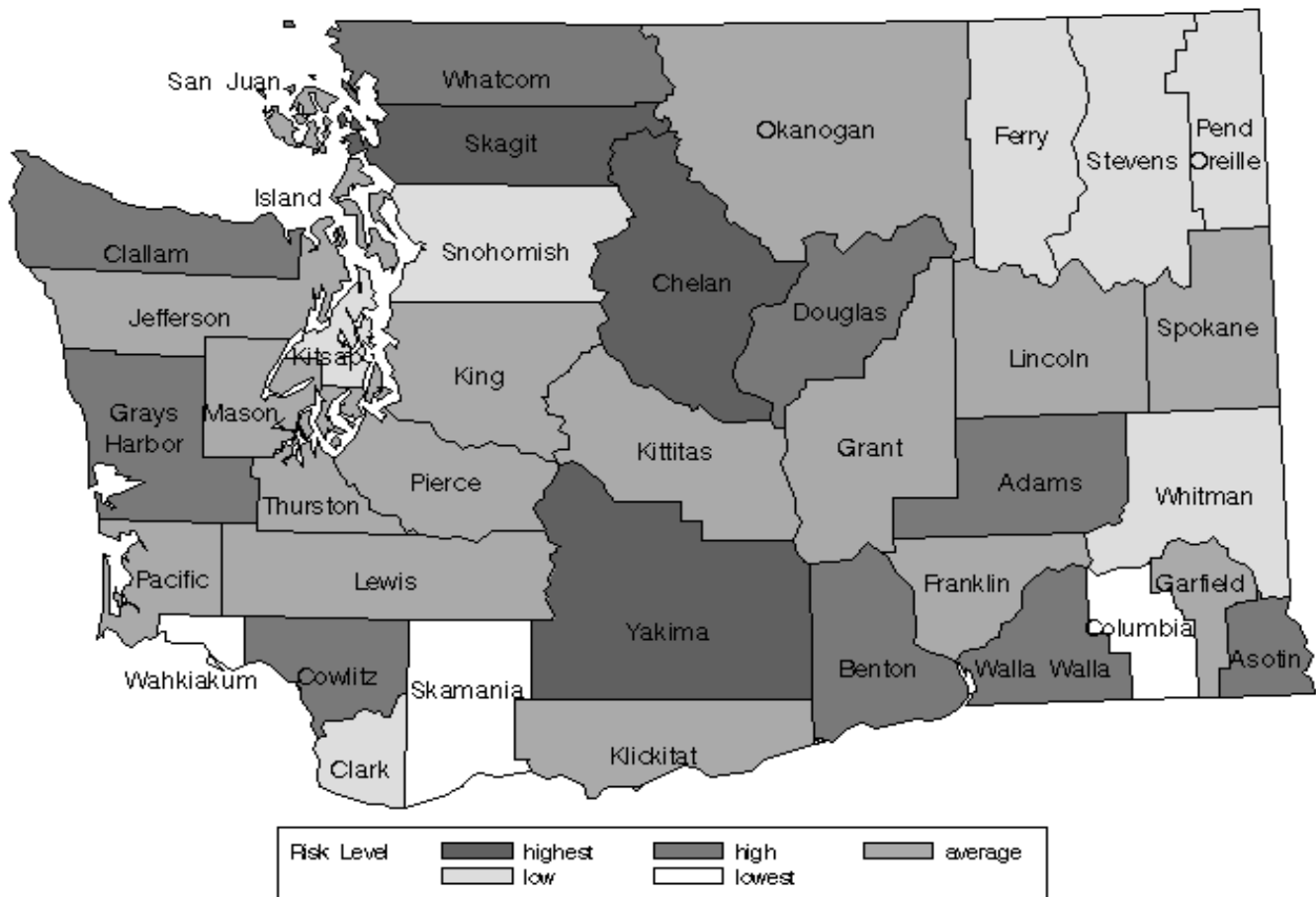
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	37.34	0.60	Rural B
Asotin	42.43	1.12	Rural B
Benton	37.81	0.65	Urban C
Chelan	55.08	2.39	Rural B
Clallam	41.66	1.04	Rural C
Clark	24.36	-0.70	Urban C
Columbia	14.28	-1.72	Rural B
Cowlitz	42.65	1.14	Rural C
Douglas	43.23	1.20	Rural B
Ferry	19.74	-1.17	Rural A
Franklin	28.97	-0.24	Rural A
Garfield	29.52	-0.18	Rural B
Grant	30.70	-0.07	Rural A
Grays Harbor	44.14	1.29	Rural C
Island	27.55	-0.38	Rural C
Jefferson	33.01	0.17	Rural C
King	27.43	-0.40	Urban A
Kitsap	24.21	-0.72	Urban C
Kittitas	31.58	0.02	Rural B
Klickitat	33.09	0.18	Rural A
Lewis	28.79	-0.26	Rural C
Lincoln	30.86	-0.05	Rural B
Mason	30.39	-0.10	Rural C
Okanogan	33.87	0.25	Rural A
Pacific	30.24	-0.11	Rural C
Pend Oreille	18.43	-1.30	Rural A
Pierce	27.13	-0.43	Urban B
San Juan	27.39	-0.40	Rural C
Skagit	48.49	1.73	Rural C
Skamania	16.27	-1.52	Rural A
Snohomish	25.78	-0.56	Urban B
Spokane	35.28	0.40	Urban B
Stevens	19.64	-1.18	Rural B
Thurston	34.10	0.28	Urban C
Wahkiakum	11.41	-2.01	Rural C
Walla Walla	37.51	0.62	Rural B
Whatcom	41.31	1.00	Urban C
Whitman	19.48	-1.20	Rural B
Yakima	50.42	1.92	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 10-17), Property Crime

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



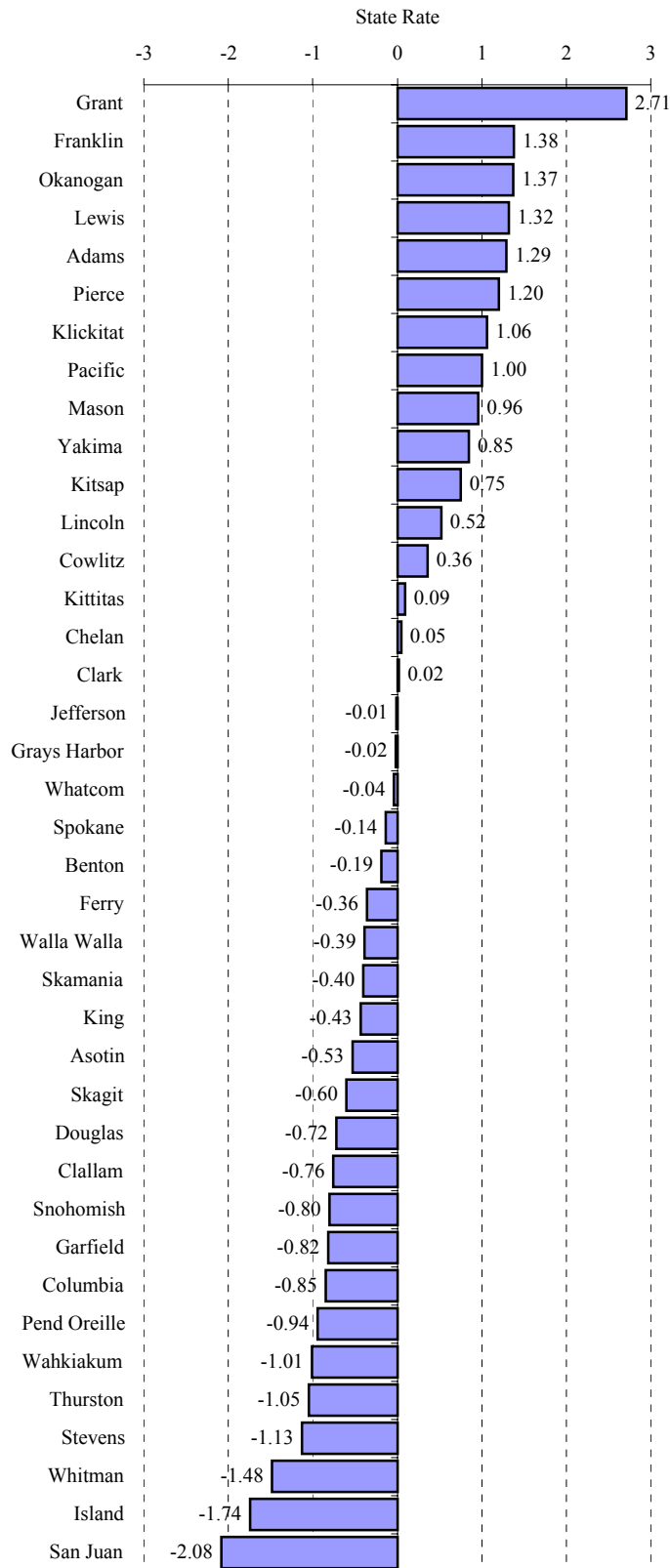
Note: Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of children (age 10-17) for property crimes, per 1,000 children (age 10-17). Property crimes include all crimes involving burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

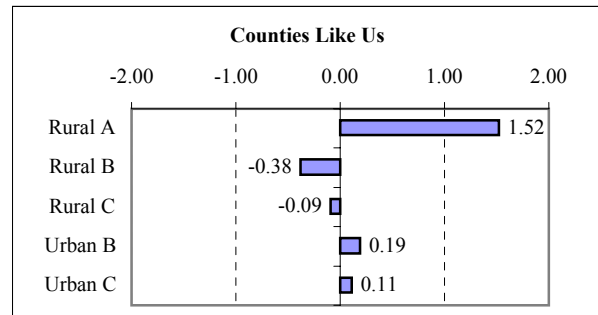
Factor: Violence

Arrests (Age 18+), Violent Crime



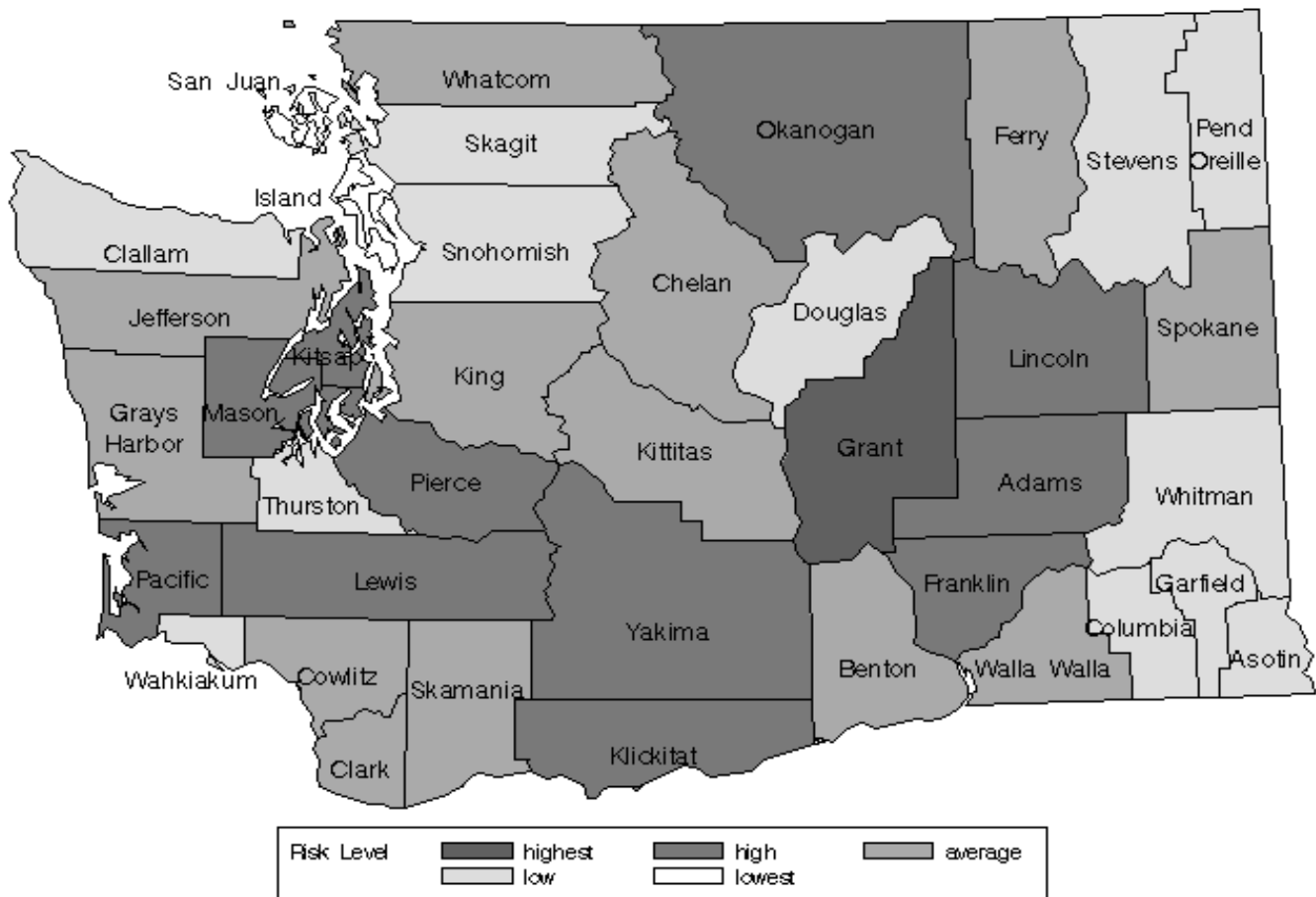
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	2.65	1.29	Rural B
Asotin	1.39	-0.53	Rural B
Benton	1.63	-0.19	Urban C
Chelan	1.80	0.05	Rural B
Clallam	1.23	-0.76	Rural C
Clark	1.77	0.02	Urban C
Columbia	1.17	-0.85	Rural B
Cowlitz	2.01	0.36	Rural C
Douglas	1.26	-0.72	Rural B
Ferry	1.51	-0.36	Rural A
Franklin	2.71	1.38	Rural A
Garfield	1.19	-0.82	Rural B
Grant	3.64	2.71	Rural A
Grays Harbor	1.75	-0.02	Rural C
Island	0.55	-1.74	Rural C
Jefferson	1.76	-0.01	Rural C
King	1.47	-0.43	Urban A
Kitsap	2.28	0.75	Urban C
Kittitas	1.82	0.09	Rural B
Klickitat	2.50	1.06	Rural A
Lewis	2.68	1.32	Rural C
Lincoln	2.12	0.52	Rural B
Mason	2.43	0.96	Rural C
Okanogan	2.71	1.37	Rural A
Pacific	2.45	1.00	Rural C
Pend Oreille	1.11	-0.94	Rural A
Pierce	2.60	1.20	Urban B
San Juan	0.31	-2.08	Rural C
Skagit	1.35	-0.60	Rural C
Skamania	1.48	-0.40	Rural A
Snohomish	1.21	-0.80	Urban B
Spokane	1.66	-0.14	Urban B
Stevens	0.98	-1.13	Rural B
Thurston	1.03	-1.05	Urban C
Wahkiakum	1.06	-1.01	Rural C
Walla Walla	1.49	-0.39	Rural B
Whatcom	1.74	-0.04	Urban C
Whitman	0.74	-1.48	Rural B
Yakima	2.35	0.85	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 18+), Violent Crime

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

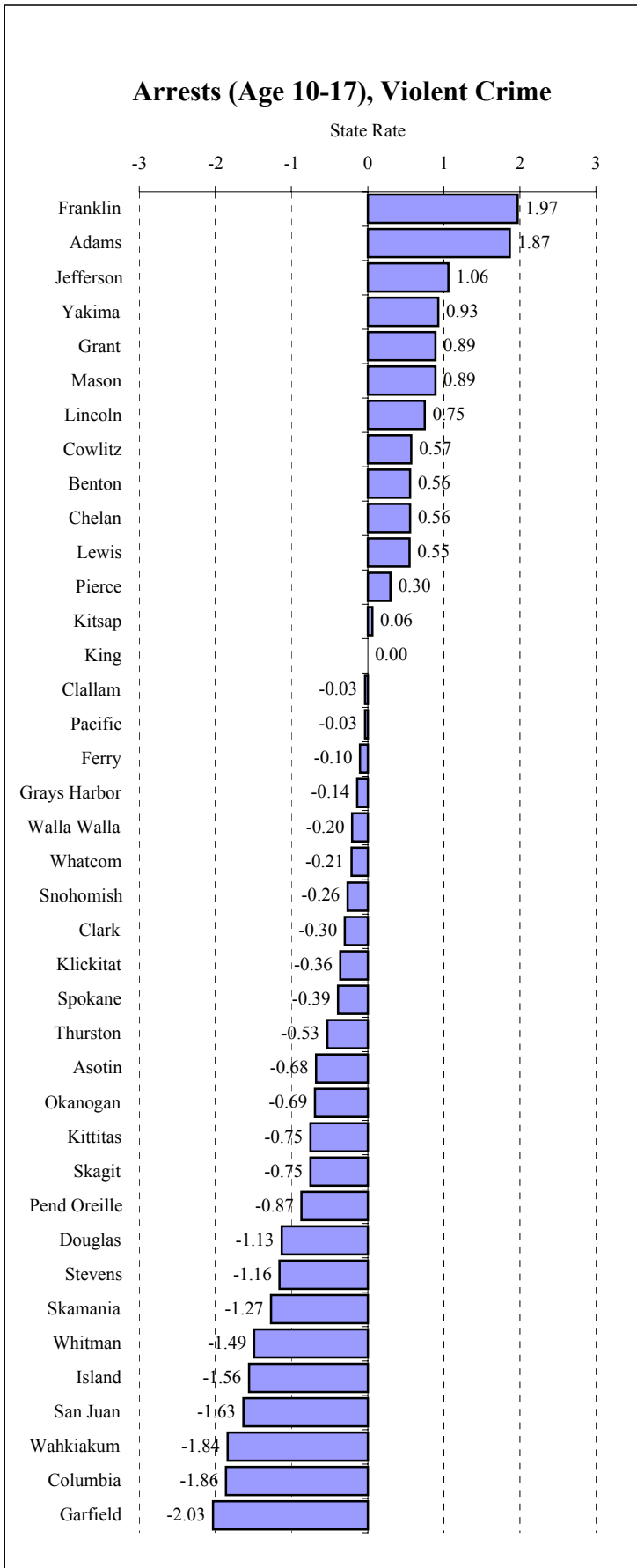


Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of adults (age 18+) for violent crime per 1,000 adults (age 18+). Violent crimes include all crimes involving criminal homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Simple assault is not defined as a violent crime. Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

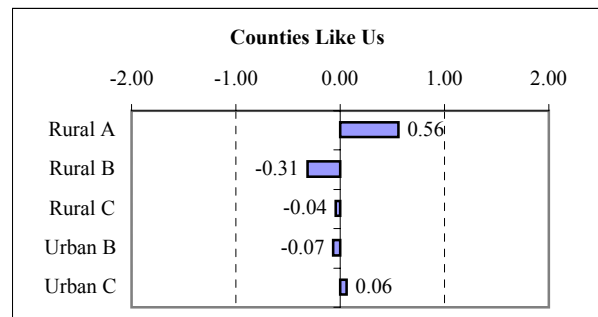
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Factor: Violence



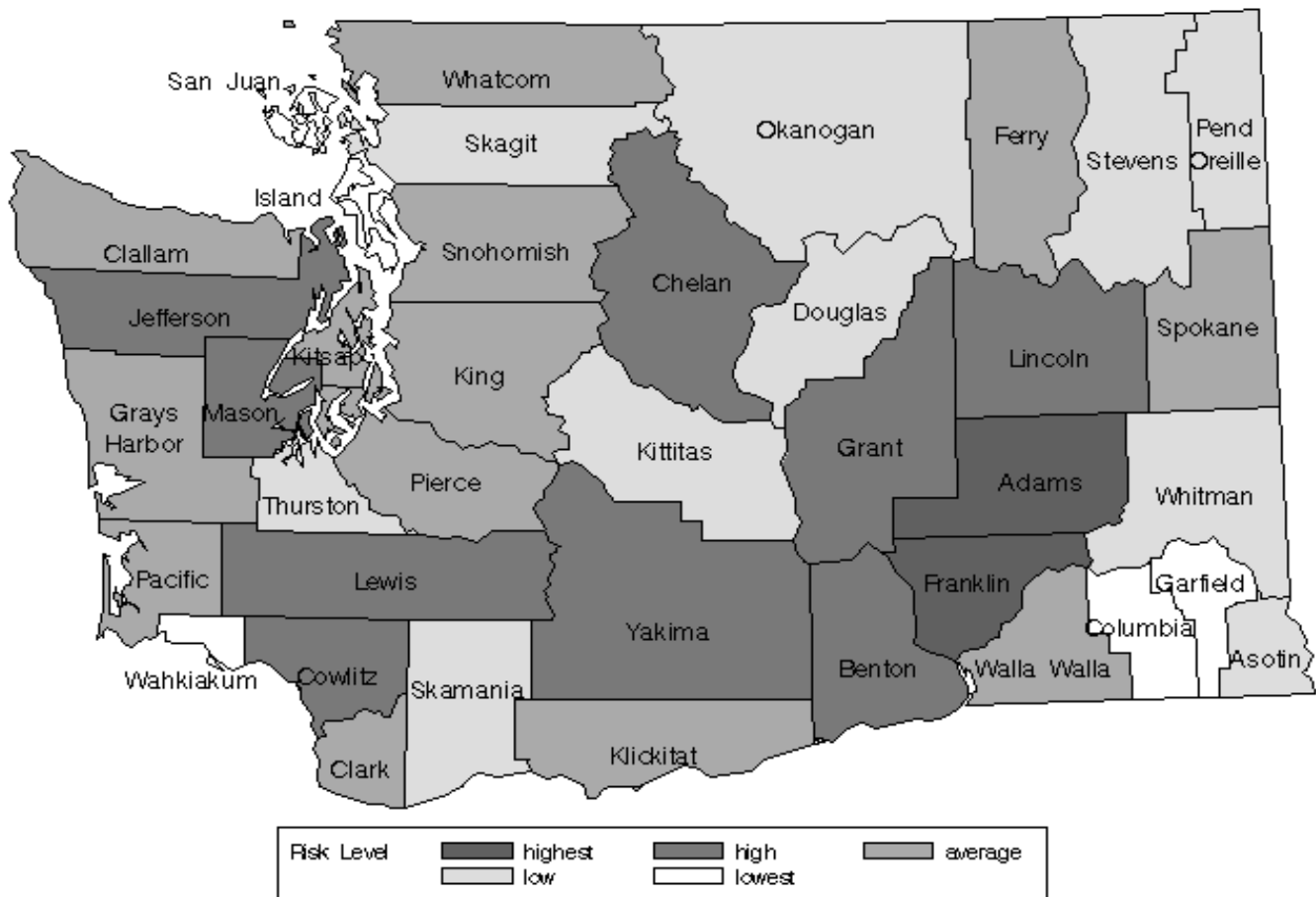
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	5.94	1.87	Rural B
Asotin	2.45	-0.68	Rural B
Benton	4.15	0.56	Urban C
Chelan	4.15	0.56	Rural B
Clallam	3.34	-0.03	Rural C
Clark	2.98	-0.30	Urban C
Columbia	0.84	-1.86	Rural B
Cowlitz	4.17	0.57	Rural C
Douglas	1.85	-1.13	Rural B
Ferry	3.25	-0.10	Rural A
Franklin	6.08	1.97	Rural A
Garfield	0.62	-2.03	Rural B
Grant	4.60	0.89	Rural A
Grays Harbor	3.19	-0.14	Rural C
Island	1.26	-1.56	Rural C
Jefferson	4.83	1.06	Rural C
King	3.39	0.00	Urban A
Kitsap	3.47	0.06	Urban C
Kittitas	2.36	-0.75	Rural B
Klickitat	2.90	-0.36	Rural A
Lewis	4.14	0.55	Rural C
Lincoln	4.41	0.75	Rural B
Mason	4.61	0.89	Rural C
Okanogan	2.45	-0.69	Rural A
Pacific	3.35	-0.03	Rural C
Pend Oreille	2.20	-0.87	Rural A
Pierce	3.80	0.30	Urban B
San Juan	1.17	-1.63	Rural C
Skagit	2.36	-0.75	Rural C
Skamania	1.66	-1.27	Rural A
Snohomish	3.03	-0.26	Urban B
Spokane	2.85	-0.39	Urban B
Stevens	1.80	-1.16	Rural B
Thurston	2.66	-0.53	Urban C
Wahkiakum	0.88	-1.84	Rural C
Walla Walla	3.12	-0.20	Rural B
Whatcom	3.09	-0.21	Urban C
Whitman	1.35	-1.49	Rural B
Yakima	4.66	0.93	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 10-17), Violent Crime

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

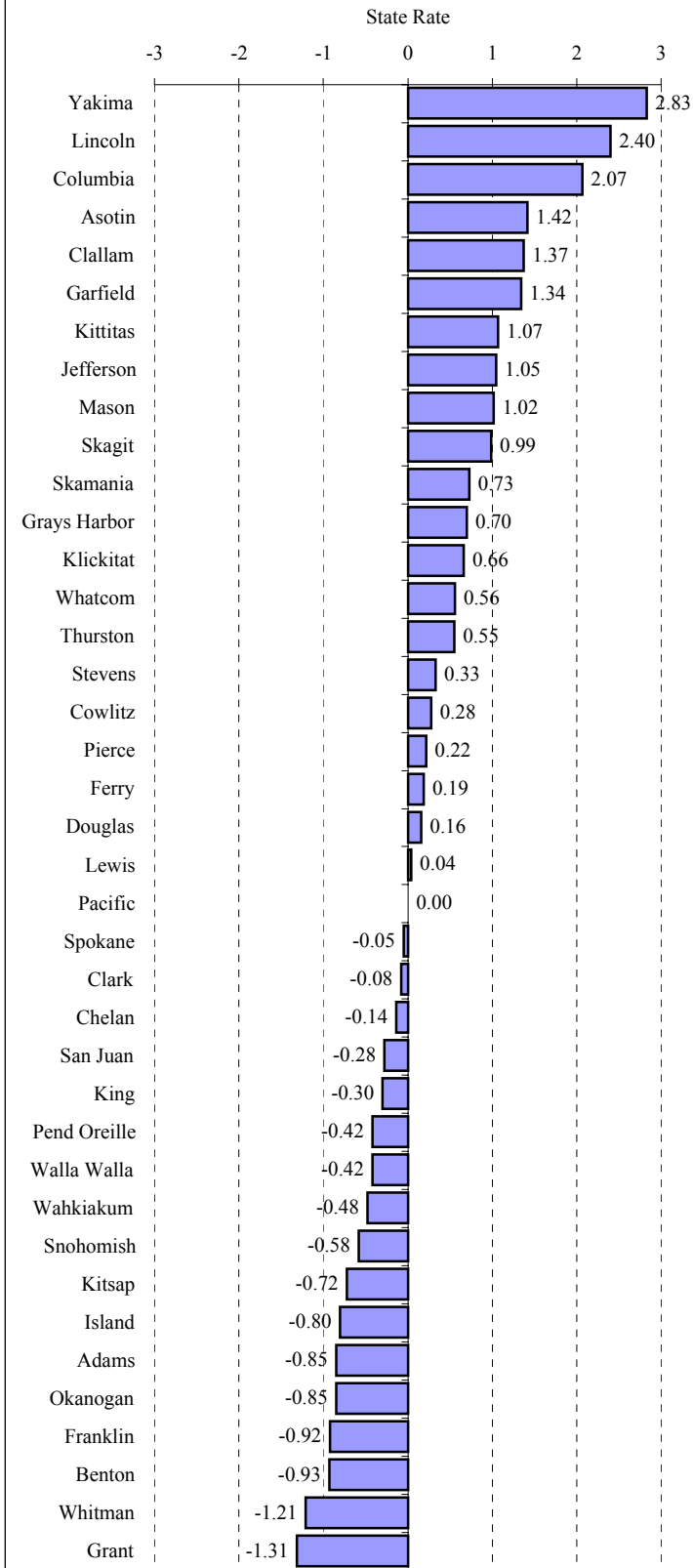


Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of adolescents (age 10-17) for violent crime per 1,000 children (age 10-17). Violent crimes include all crimes involving criminal homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Simple assault is not defined as a violent crime. Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

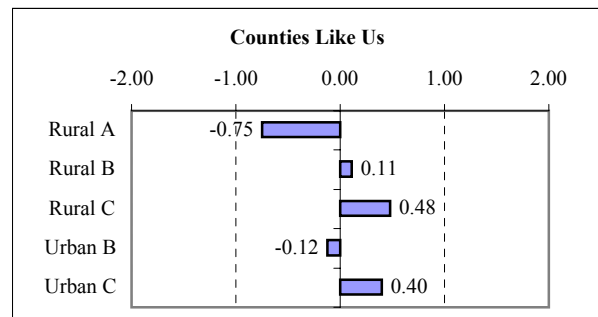
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Clients Of State-Funded Alcohol or Drug Services (Age 10-17)



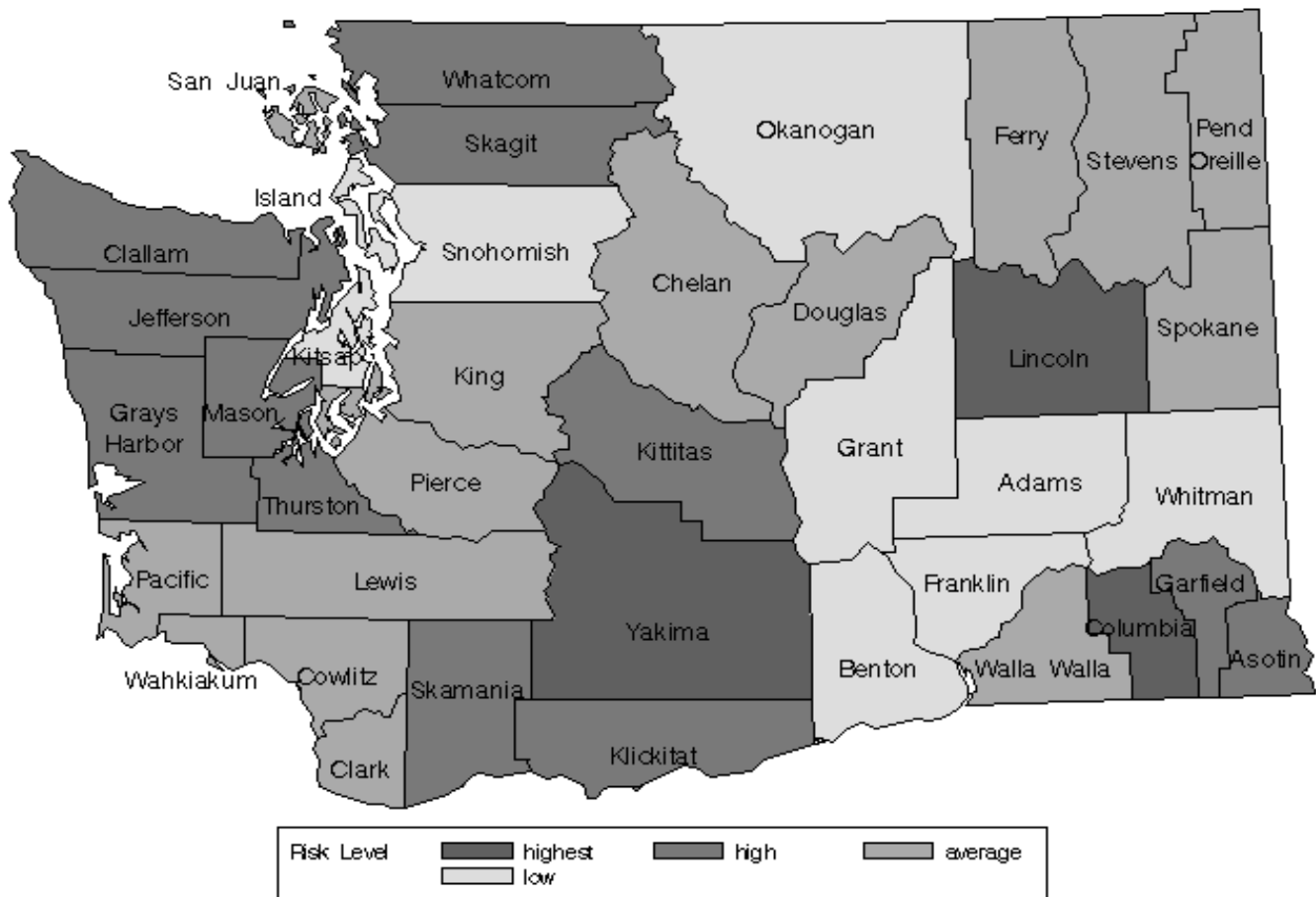
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	8.00	-0.85	Rural B
Asotin	20.74	1.42	Rural B
Benton	7.56	-0.93	Urban C
Chelan	12.00	-0.14	Rural B
Clallam	20.45	1.37	Rural C
Clark	12.32	-0.08	Urban C
Columbia	24.36	2.07	Rural B
Cowlitz	14.35	0.28	Rural C
Douglas	13.69	0.16	Rural B
Ferry	13.84	0.19	Rural A
Franklin	7.64	-0.92	Rural A
Garfield	20.30	1.34	Rural B
Grant	5.44	-1.31	Rural A
Grays Harbor	16.69	0.70	Rural C
Island	8.33	-0.80	Rural C
Jefferson	18.69	1.05	Rural C
King	11.09	-0.30	Urban A
Kitsap	8.75	-0.72	Urban C
Kittitas	18.79	1.07	Rural B
Klickitat	16.48	0.66	Rural A
Lewis	13.02	0.04	Rural C
Lincoln	26.19	2.40	Rural B
Mason	18.51	1.02	Rural C
Okanogan	8.05	-0.85	Rural A
Pacific	12.78	0.00	Rural C
Pend Oreille	10.45	-0.42	Rural A
Pierce	14.04	0.22	Urban B
San Juan	11.22	-0.28	Rural C
Skagit	18.31	0.99	Rural C
Skamania	16.87	0.73	Rural A
Snohomish	9.53	-0.58	Urban B
Spokane	12.53	-0.05	Urban B
Stevens	14.64	0.33	Rural B
Thurston	15.88	0.55	Urban C
Wahkiakum	10.10	-0.48	Rural C
Walla Walla	10.42	-0.42	Rural B
Whatcom	15.91	0.56	Urban C
Whitman	5.99	-1.21	Rural B
Yakima	28.61	2.83	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Clients Of State-Funded Alcohol or Drug Services (Age 10-17)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

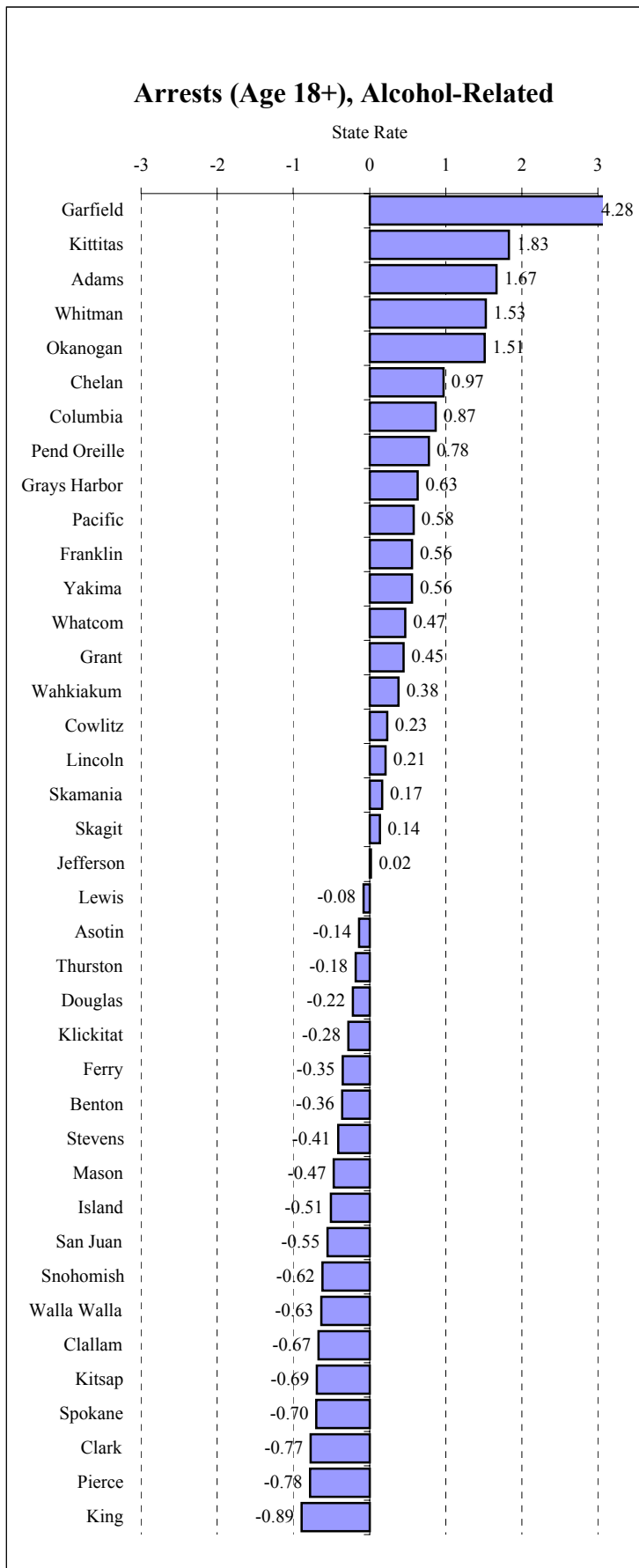


Note: The rates are the annual number of children (age 10-17) receiving state-funded alcohol or drug services, per 1,000 children 10-17. Counts of clients are unduplicated so that those receiving services more than once during the year are only counted once for that year. State-funded services include treatment, assessment, and detox. Persons in Department of Corrections treatment programs are not included.

State Source: Department of Social and Health Services, Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET)

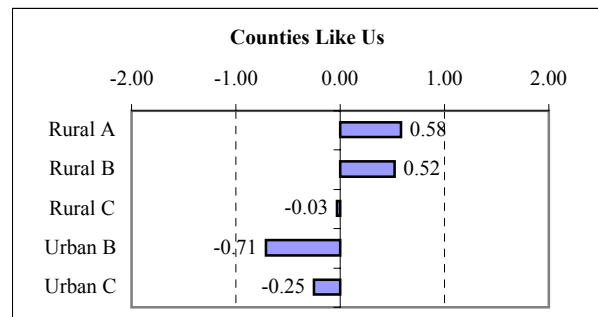
National Source: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS)

Factor: Substance Use



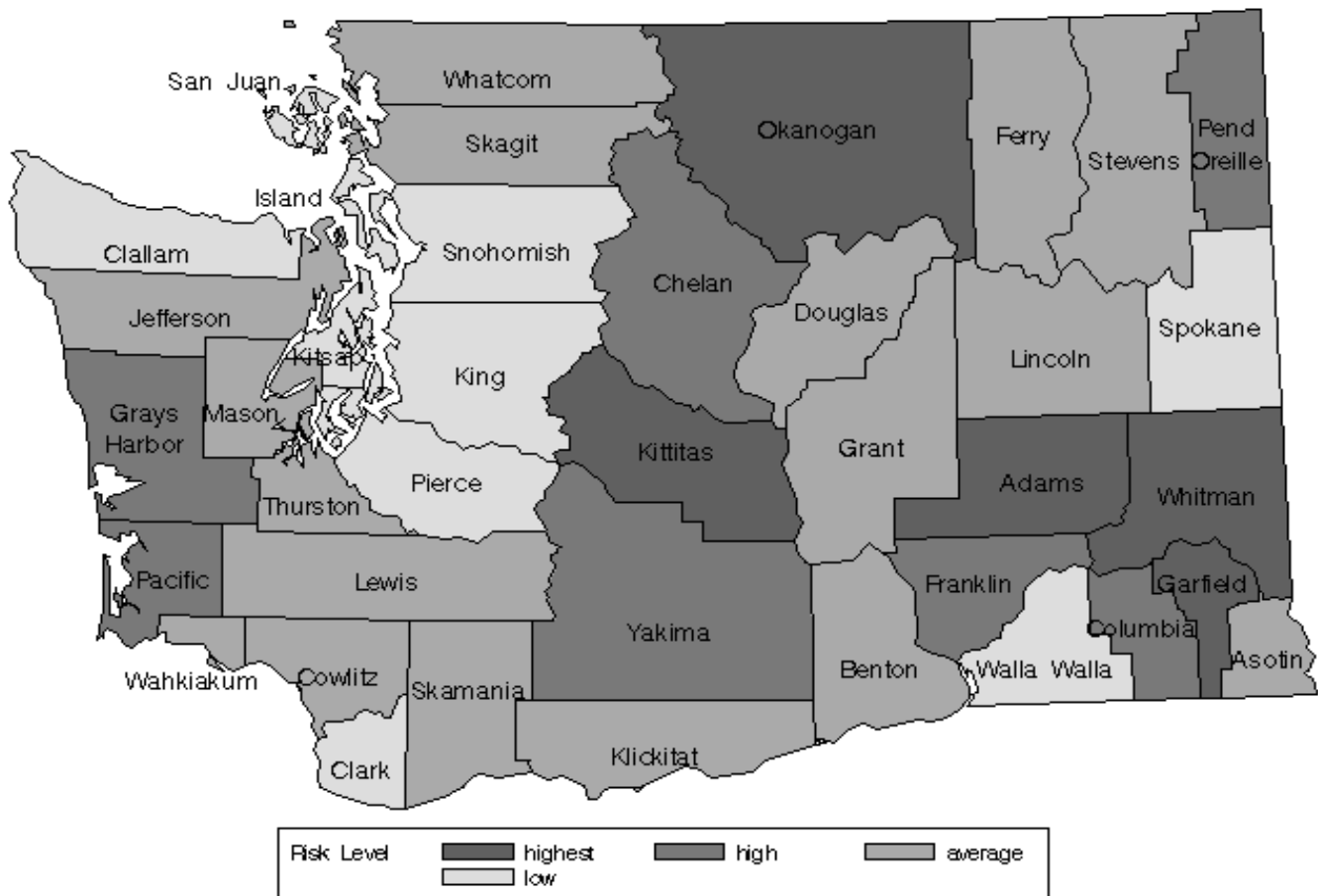
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	24.17	1.67	Rural B
Asotin	10.34	-0.14	Rural B
Benton	8.65	-0.36	Urban C
Chelan	18.85	0.97	Rural B
Clallam	6.29	-0.67	Rural C
Clark	5.54	-0.77	Urban C
Columbia	18.11	0.87	Rural B
Cowlitz	13.20	0.23	Rural C
Douglas	9.75	-0.22	Rural B
Ferry	8.72	-0.35	Rural A
Franklin	15.68	0.56	Rural A
Garfield	44.09	4.28	Rural B
Grant	14.89	0.45	Rural A
Grays Harbor	16.26	0.63	Rural C
Island	7.55	-0.51	Rural C
Jefferson	11.61	0.02	Rural C
King	4.59	-0.89	Urban A
Kitsap	6.19	-0.69	Urban C
Kittitas	25.40	1.83	Rural B
Klickitat	9.30	-0.28	Rural A
Lewis	10.83	-0.08	Rural C
Lincoln	13.01	0.21	Rural B
Mason	7.86	-0.47	Rural C
Okanogan	23.00	1.51	Rural A
Pacific	15.86	0.58	Rural C
Pend Oreille	17.38	0.78	Rural A
Pierce	5.46	-0.78	Urban B
San Juan	7.25	-0.55	Rural C
Skagit	12.50	0.14	Rural C
Skamania	12.75	0.17	Rural A
Snohomish	6.70	-0.62	Urban B
Spokane	6.09	-0.70	Urban B
Stevens	8.32	-0.41	Rural B
Thurston	10.05	-0.18	Urban C
Wahkiakum	14.31	0.38	Rural C
Walla Walla	6.64	-0.63	Rural B
Whatcom	15.02	0.47	Urban C
Whitman	23.08	1.53	Rural B
Yakima	15.69	0.56	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 18+), Alcohol-Related

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

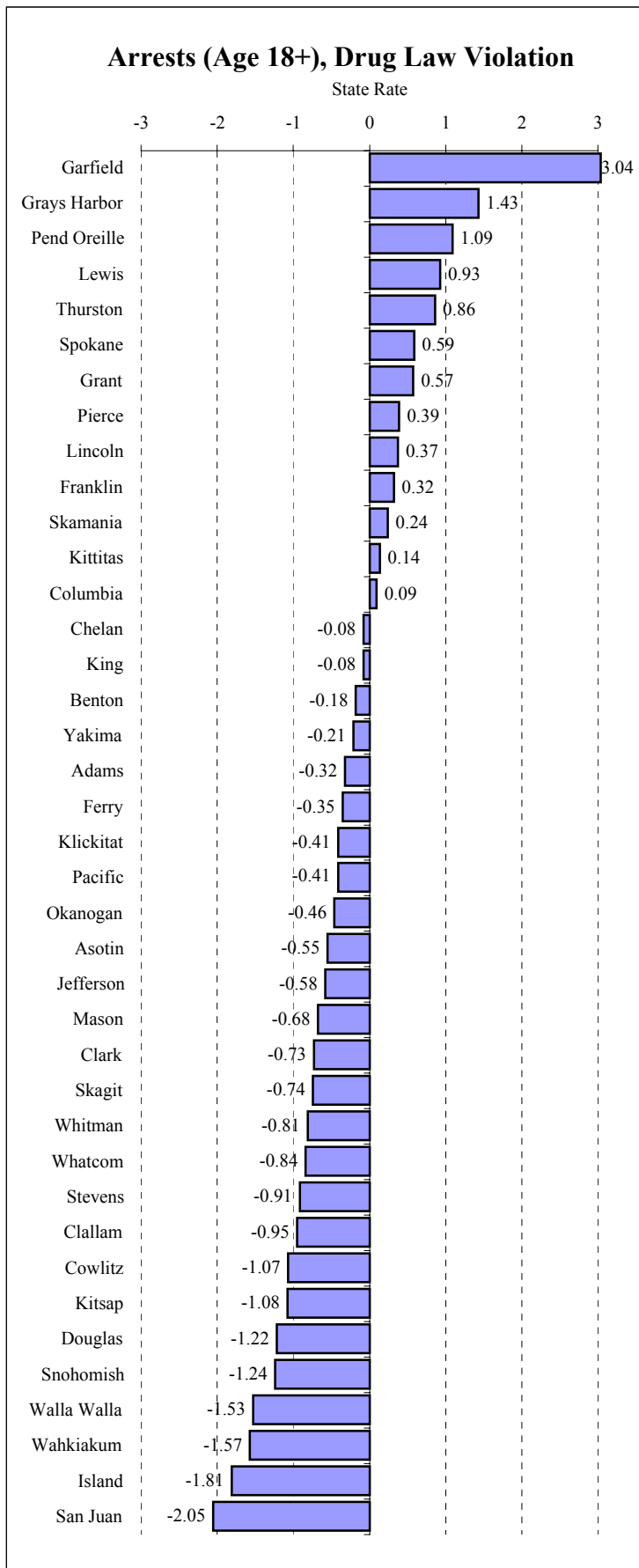


Note: The rates are the alcohol violations (age 18+), per 1,000 adults (age 18+). Alcohol violations include all crimes involving driving under the influence, liquor law violations, and drunkenness. DUI arrests by the Washington State Patrol (29% of all Adult Alcohol-related Arrests) are included in the state trend analysis. However, they are not included in the county rankings since WSP arrests are not assigned to counties. Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

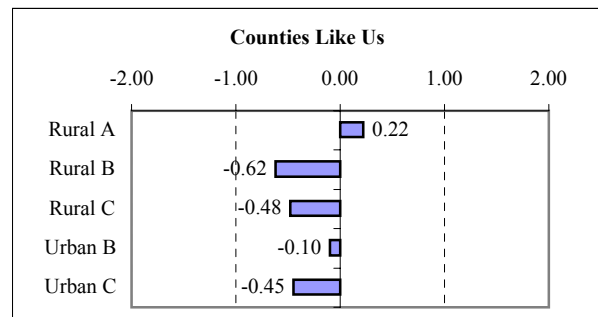
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Factor: Substance Use



County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	4.89	-0.32	Rural B
Asotin	4.43	-0.55	Rural B
Benton	5.19	-0.18	Urban C
Chelan	5.38	-0.08	Rural B
Clallam	3.59	-0.95	Rural C
Clark	4.05	-0.73	Urban C
Columbia	5.73	0.09	Rural B
Cowlitz	3.35	-1.07	Rural C
Douglas	3.03	-1.22	Rural B
Ferry	4.82	-0.35	Rural A
Franklin	6.20	0.32	Rural A
Garfield	11.83	3.04	Rural B
Grant	6.73	0.57	Rural A
Grays Harbor	8.50	1.43	Rural C
Island	1.82	-1.81	Rural C
Jefferson	4.35	-0.58	Rural C
King	5.39	-0.08	Urban A
Kitsap	3.33	-1.08	Urban C
Kittitas	5.84	0.14	Rural B
Klickitat	4.72	-0.41	Rural A
Lewis	7.47	0.93	Rural C
Lincoln	6.31	0.37	Rural B
Mason	4.16	-0.68	Rural C
Okanogan	4.60	-0.46	Rural A
Pacific	4.72	-0.41	Rural C
Pend Oreille	7.81	1.09	Rural A
Pierce	6.36	0.39	Urban B
San Juan	1.34	-2.05	Rural C
Skagit	4.03	-0.74	Rural C
Skamania	6.05	0.24	Rural A
Snohomish	3.00	-1.24	Urban B
Spokane	6.77	0.59	Urban B
Stevens	3.68	-0.91	Rural B
Thurston	7.33	0.86	Urban C
Wahkiakum	2.33	-1.57	Rural C
Walla Walla	2.39	-1.53	Rural B
Whatcom	3.82	-0.84	Urban C
Whitman	3.88	-0.81	Rural B
Yakima	5.12	-0.21	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 18+), Drug Law Violation

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

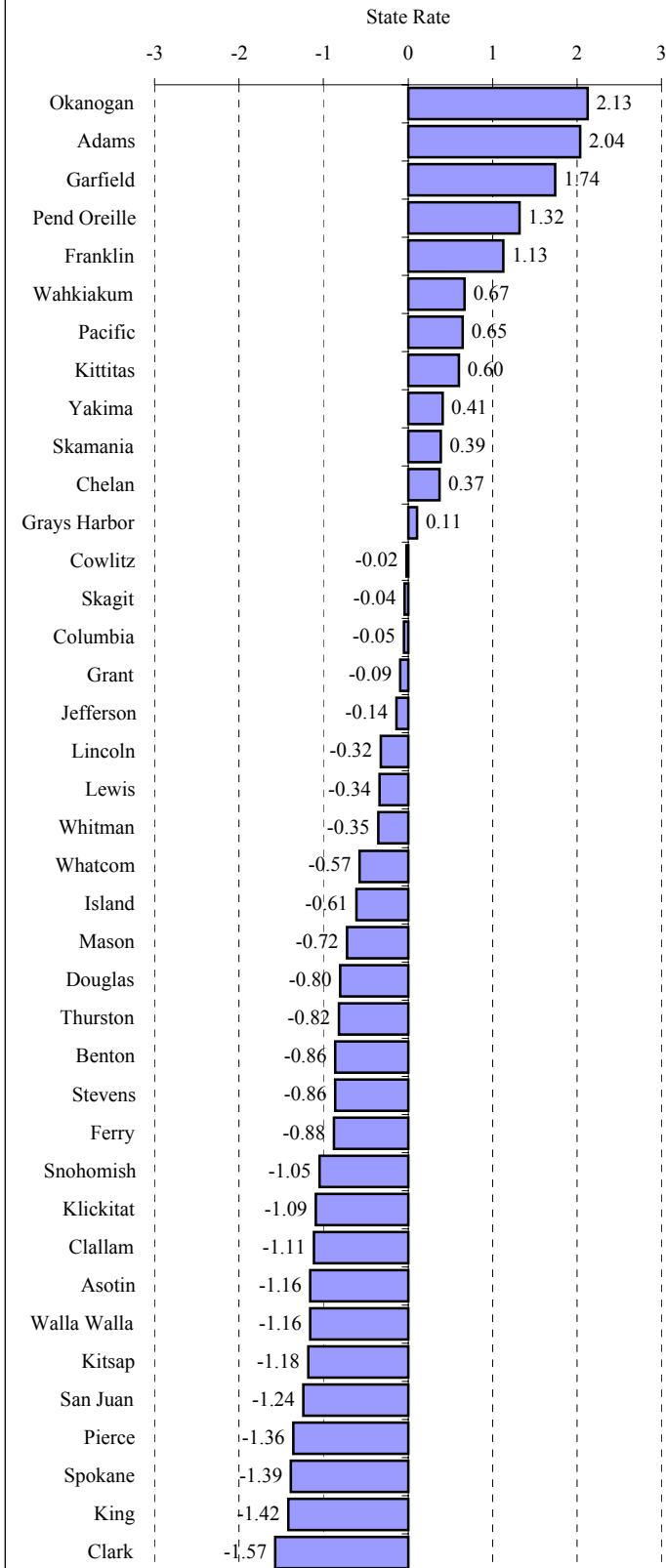


Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of adults (age 18+) for drug law violations, per 1,000 adults (age 18+). Drug law violations include all crimes involving sale, manufacturing, and possession of drugs. 1) Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. 2) No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

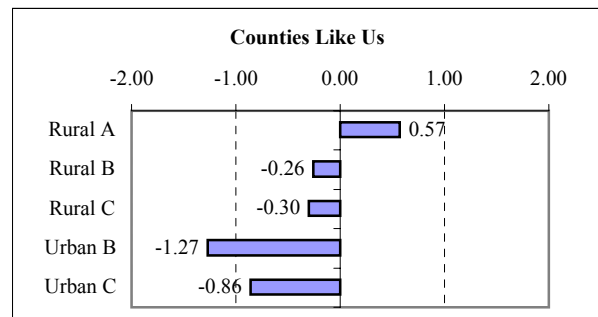
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Arrests (Age 18+), Drunk Driving



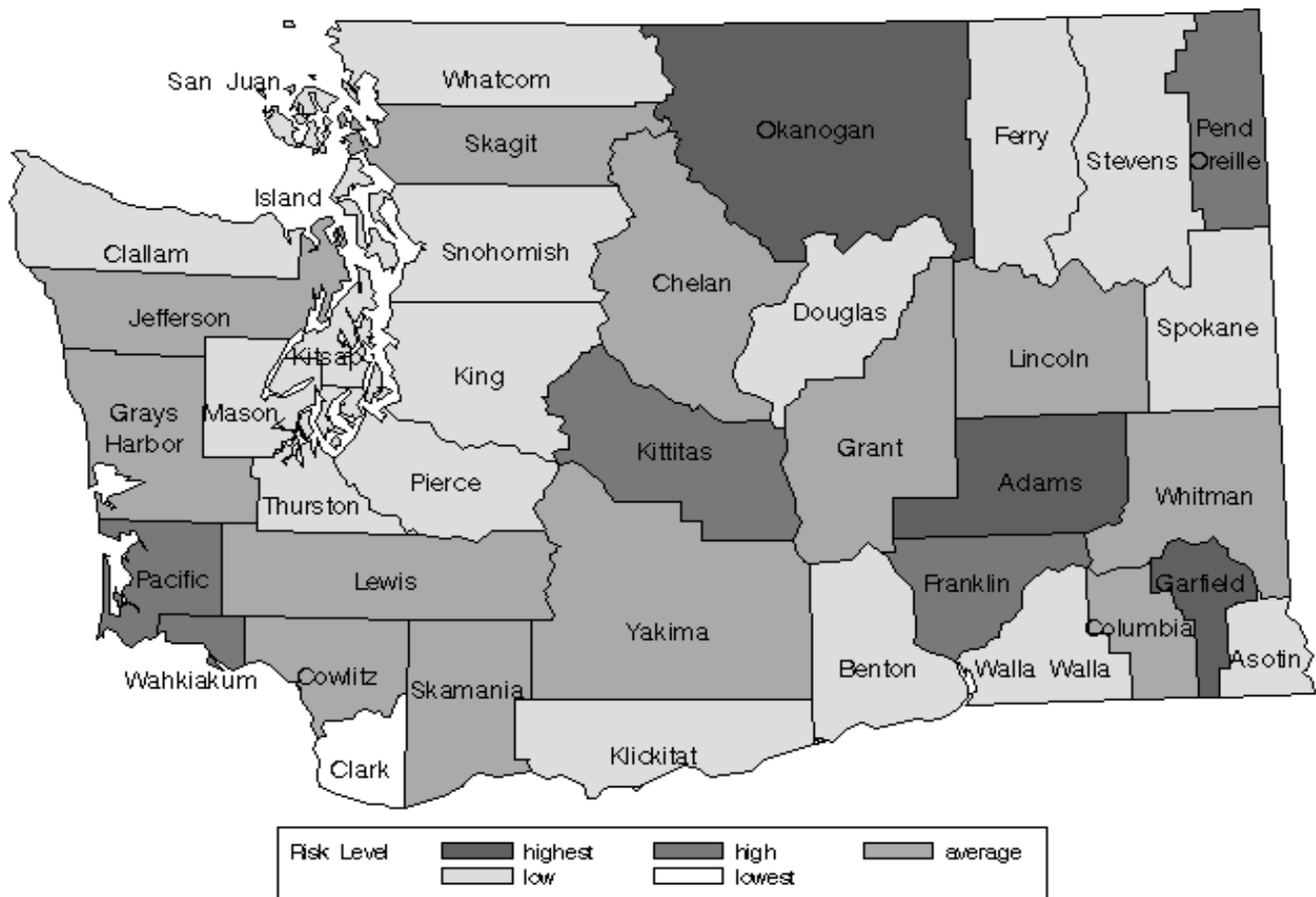
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	15.77	2.04	Rural B
Asotin	4.47	-1.16	Rural B
Benton	5.54	-0.86	Urban C
Chelan	9.86	0.37	Rural B
Clallam	4.65	-1.11	Rural C
Clark	3.03	-1.57	Urban C
Columbia	8.40	-0.05	Rural B
Cowlitz	8.49	-0.02	Rural C
Douglas	5.73	-0.80	Rural B
Ferry	5.46	-0.88	Rural A
Franklin	12.55	1.13	Rural A
Garfield	14.70	1.74	Rural B
Grant	8.25	-0.09	Rural A
Grays Harbor	8.95	0.11	Rural C
Island	6.42	-0.61	Rural C
Jefferson	8.09	-0.14	Rural C
King	3.55	-1.42	Urban A
Kitsap	4.42	-1.18	Urban C
Kittitas	10.69	0.60	Rural B
Klickitat	4.73	-1.09	Rural A
Lewis	7.39	-0.34	Rural C
Lincoln	7.43	-0.32	Rural B
Mason	6.02	-0.72	Rural C
Okanogan	16.06	2.13	Rural A
Pacific	10.87	0.65	Rural C
Pend Oreille	13.21	1.32	Rural A
Pierce	3.78	-1.36	Urban B
San Juan	4.20	-1.24	Rural C
Skagit	8.43	-0.04	Rural C
Skamania	9.93	0.39	Rural A
Snohomish	4.86	-1.05	Urban B
Spokane	3.66	-1.39	Urban B
Stevens	5.53	-0.86	Rural B
Thurston	5.67	-0.82	Urban C
Wahkiakum	10.92	0.67	Rural C
Walla Walla	4.49	-1.16	Rural B
Whatcom	6.58	-0.57	Urban C
Whitman	7.35	-0.35	Rural B
Yakima	10.02	0.41	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 18+), Drunk Driving

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

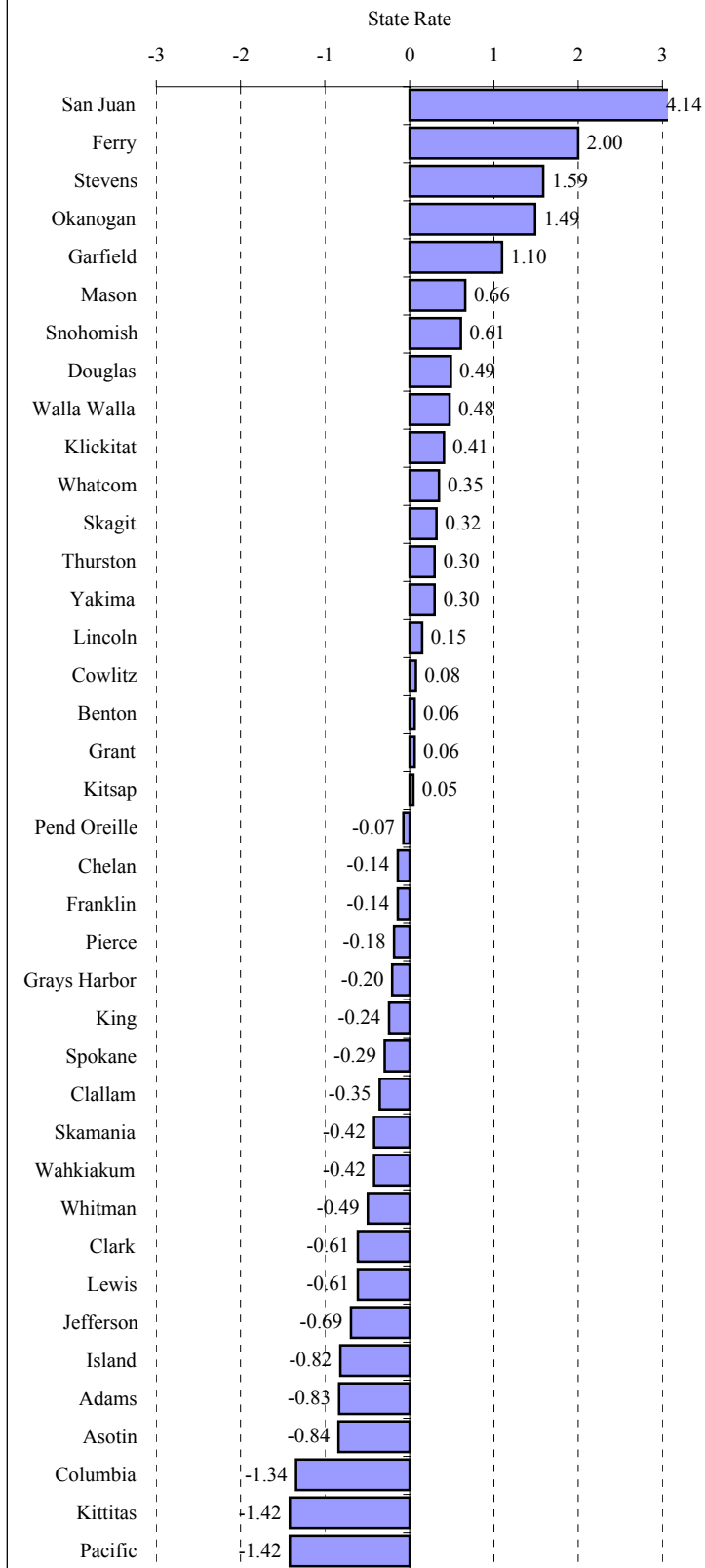


Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of adults (age 18+) for driving under the influence of alcohol violations, per 1,000 adults (age 18+). DUI arrests by the WSP (29% of all Adult Alcohol-related Arrests) are included in the state trend analysis. However, they are not included in the county rankings since WSP arrests are not assigned to counties. 1) Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. 2) No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

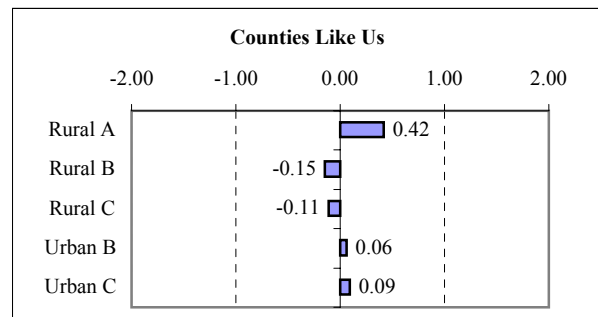
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Alcohol-Related Traffic Fatalities Per All Traffic Fatalities



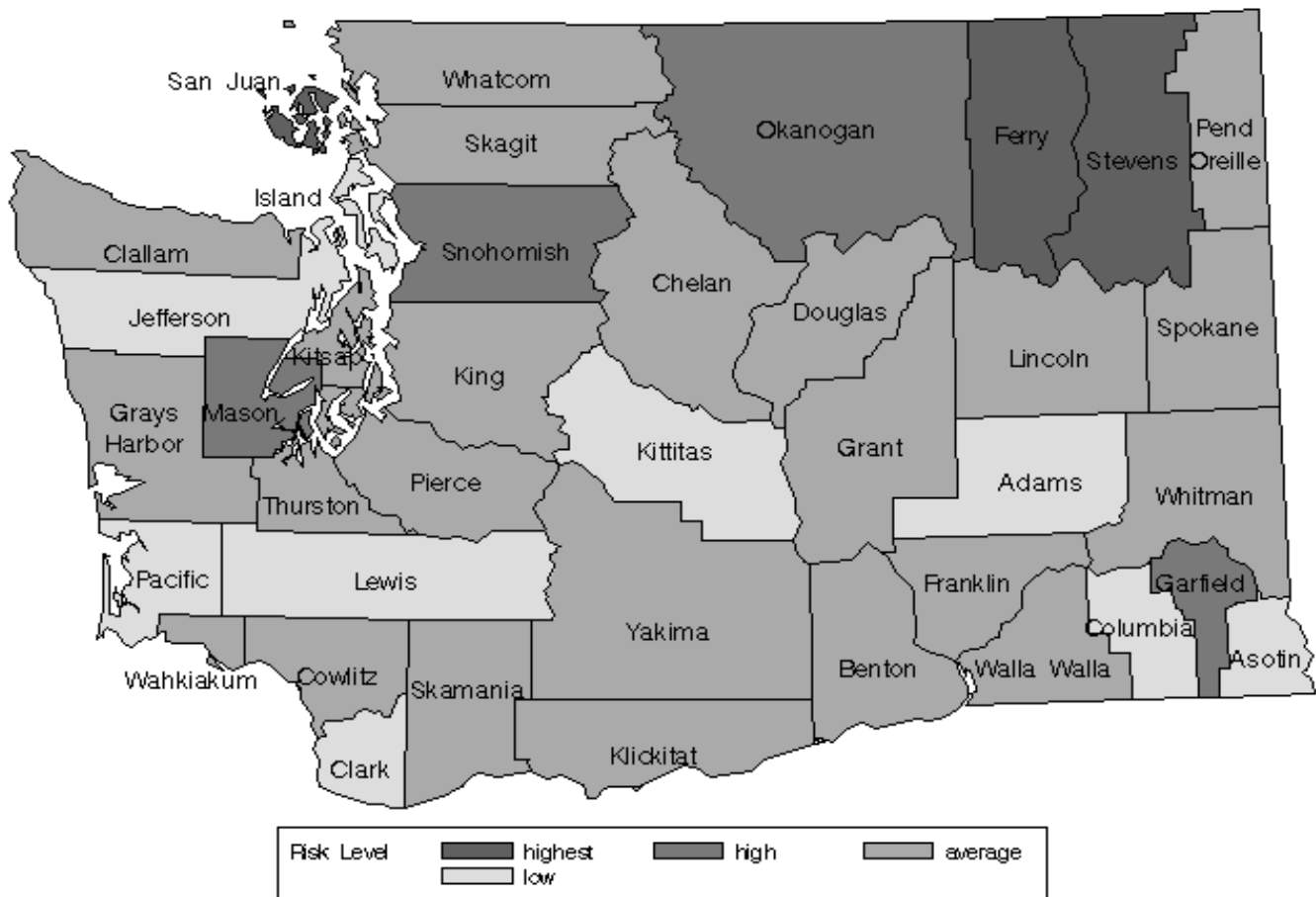
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	27.45	-0.83	Rural B
Asotin	27.27	-0.84	Rural B
Benton	40.48	0.06	Urban C
Chelan	37.50	-0.14	Rural B
Clallam	34.48	-0.35	Rural C
Clark	30.65	-0.61	Urban C
Columbia	20.00	-1.34	Rural B
Cowlitz	40.74	0.08	Rural C
Douglas	46.67	0.49	Rural B
Ferry	68.75	2.00	Rural A
Franklin	37.50	-0.14	Rural A
Garfield	55.56	1.10	Rural B
Grant	40.46	0.06	Rural A
Grays Harbor	36.59	-0.20	Rural C
Island	27.59	-0.82	Rural C
Jefferson	29.41	-0.69	Rural C
King	36.03	-0.24	Urban A
Kitsap	40.21	0.05	Urban C
Kittitas	18.75	-1.42	Rural B
Klickitat	45.45	0.41	Rural A
Lewis	30.67	-0.61	Rural C
Lincoln	41.67	0.15	Rural B
Mason	49.12	0.66	Rural C
Okanogan	61.29	1.49	Rural A
Pacific	18.75	-1.42	Rural C
Pend Oreille	38.46	-0.07	Rural A
Pierce	36.93	-0.18	Urban B
San Juan	100.00	4.14	Rural C
Skagit	44.21	0.32	Rural C
Skamania	33.33	-0.42	Rural A
Snohomish	48.50	0.61	Urban B
Spokane	35.36	-0.29	Urban B
Stevens	62.79	1.59	Rural B
Thurston	43.88	0.30	Urban C
Wahkiakum	33.33	-0.42	Rural C
Walla Walla	46.51	0.48	Rural B
Whatcom	44.68	0.35	Urban C
Whitman	32.35	-0.49	Rural B
Yakima	43.93	0.30	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data. Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Alcohol-Related Traffic Fatalities Per All Traffic Fatalities

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



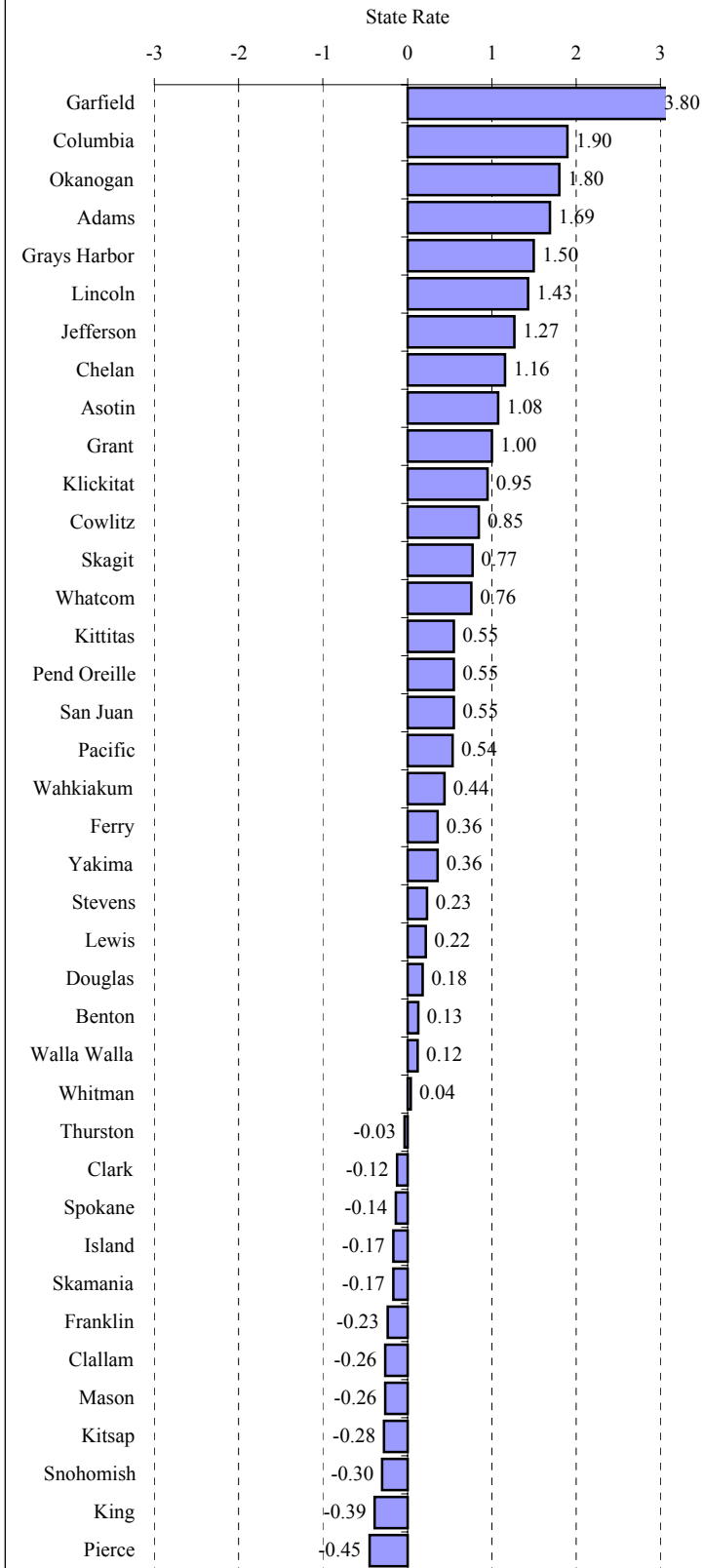
Note: The rates are the annual number of alcohol-related traffic fatalities, per 100 traffic fatalities. "Alcohol-related" means that the officer on the scene determined that at least one driver involved in the accident "had been drinking." Thus, "Alcohol-related" includes but is not limited to the legal definition of driving under the influence.

State Source: Washington State Patrol, Records Section, Traffic Collisions in Washington State, Accident Records Database

National Source: National Center for Statistics and Analysis, Fatal Accident Reporting System (FARS)

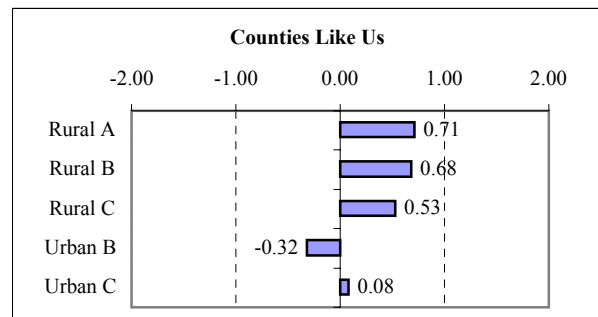
Factor: Substance Use

Arrests (Age 10-17), Alcohol Violation



County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	30.89	1.69	Rural B
Asotin	23.12	1.08	Rural B
Benton	11.00	0.13	Urban C
Chelan	24.15	1.16	Rural B
Clallam	6.04	-0.26	Rural C
Clark	7.78	-0.12	Urban C
Columbia	33.60	1.90	Rural B
Cowlitz	20.24	0.85	Rural C
Douglas	11.64	0.18	Rural B
Ferry	13.99	0.36	Rural A
Franklin	6.44	-0.23	Rural A
Garfield	57.81	3.80	Rural B
Grant	22.14	1.00	Rural A
Grays Harbor	28.50	1.50	Rural C
Island	7.22	-0.17	Rural C
Jefferson	25.52	1.27	Rural C
King	4.39	-0.39	Urban A
Kitsap	5.81	-0.28	Urban C
Kittitas	16.32	0.55	Rural B
Klickitat	21.51	0.95	Rural A
Lewis	12.20	0.22	Rural C
Lincoln	27.64	1.43	Rural B
Mason	6.08	-0.26	Rural C
Okanogan	32.29	1.80	Rural A
Pacific	16.31	0.54	Rural C
Pend Oreille	16.36	0.55	Rural A
Pierce	3.61	-0.45	Urban B
San Juan	16.32	0.55	Rural C
Skagit	19.22	0.77	Rural C
Skamania	7.23	-0.17	Rural A
Snohomish	5.49	-0.30	Urban B
Spokane	7.57	-0.14	Urban B
Stevens	12.26	0.23	Rural B
Thurston	8.98	-0.03	Urban C
Wahkiakum	14.93	0.44	Rural C
Walla Walla	10.89	0.12	Rural B
Whatcom	19.05	0.76	Urban C
Whitman	9.85	0.04	Rural B
Yakima	14.00	0.36	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 10-17), Alcohol Violation

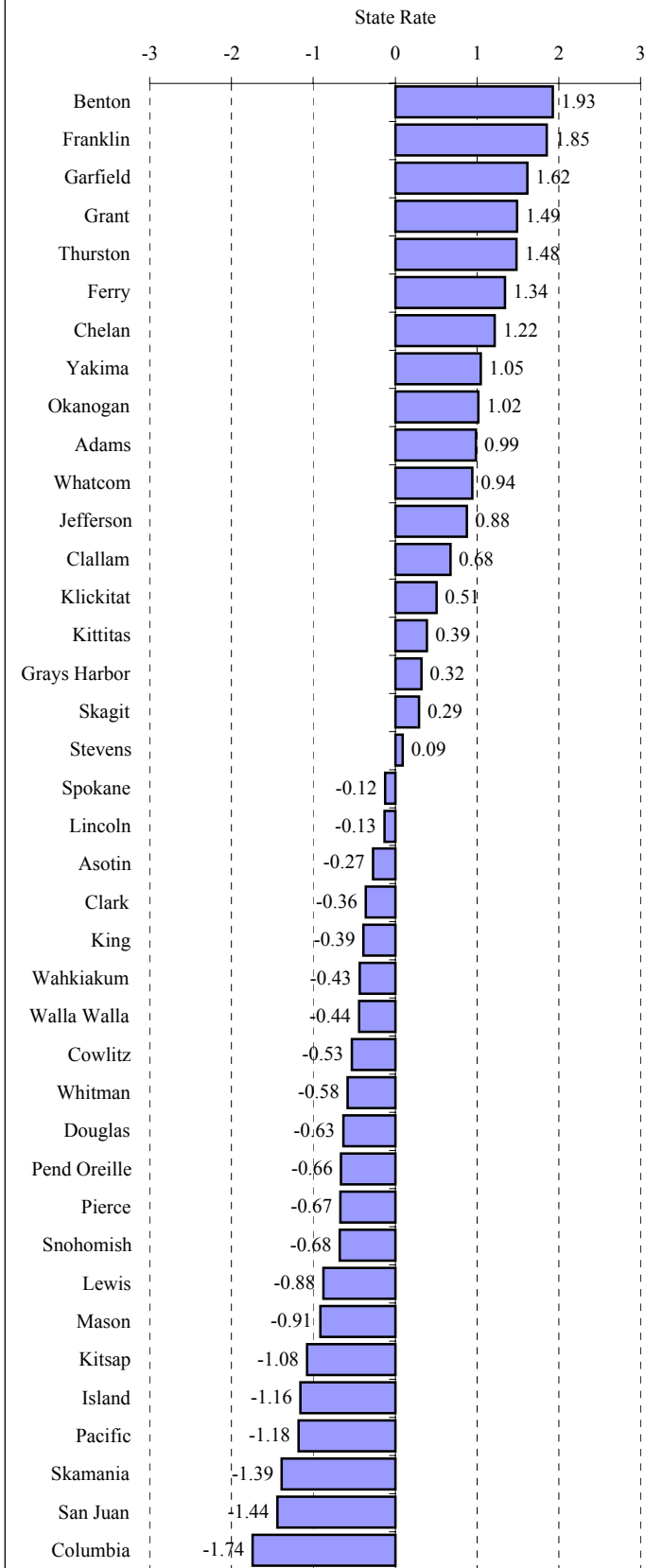
Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of adolescents (age 10-17) for alcohol violations, per 1,000 children (age 10-17). Alcohol violations include all crimes involving driving under the influence, liquor law violations, and drunkenness. For children, arrests for liquor law violations are usually arrests for minor in possession. 1) Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. 2) The DUI portion of this measure is likely understated, because arrests made by the State Patrol (approximately 40% of DUI arrests) are not attributable to counties. State Patrol arrests are included in the state rates. 3) No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

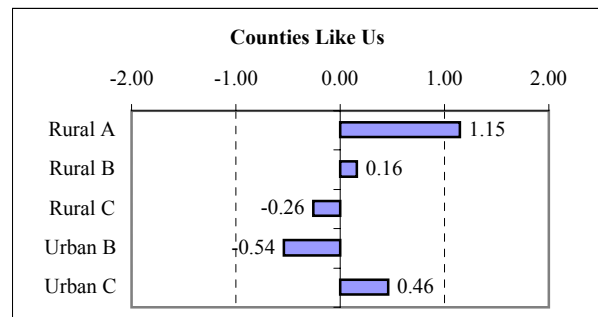
State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Arrests (Age 10-17), Drug Law Violation

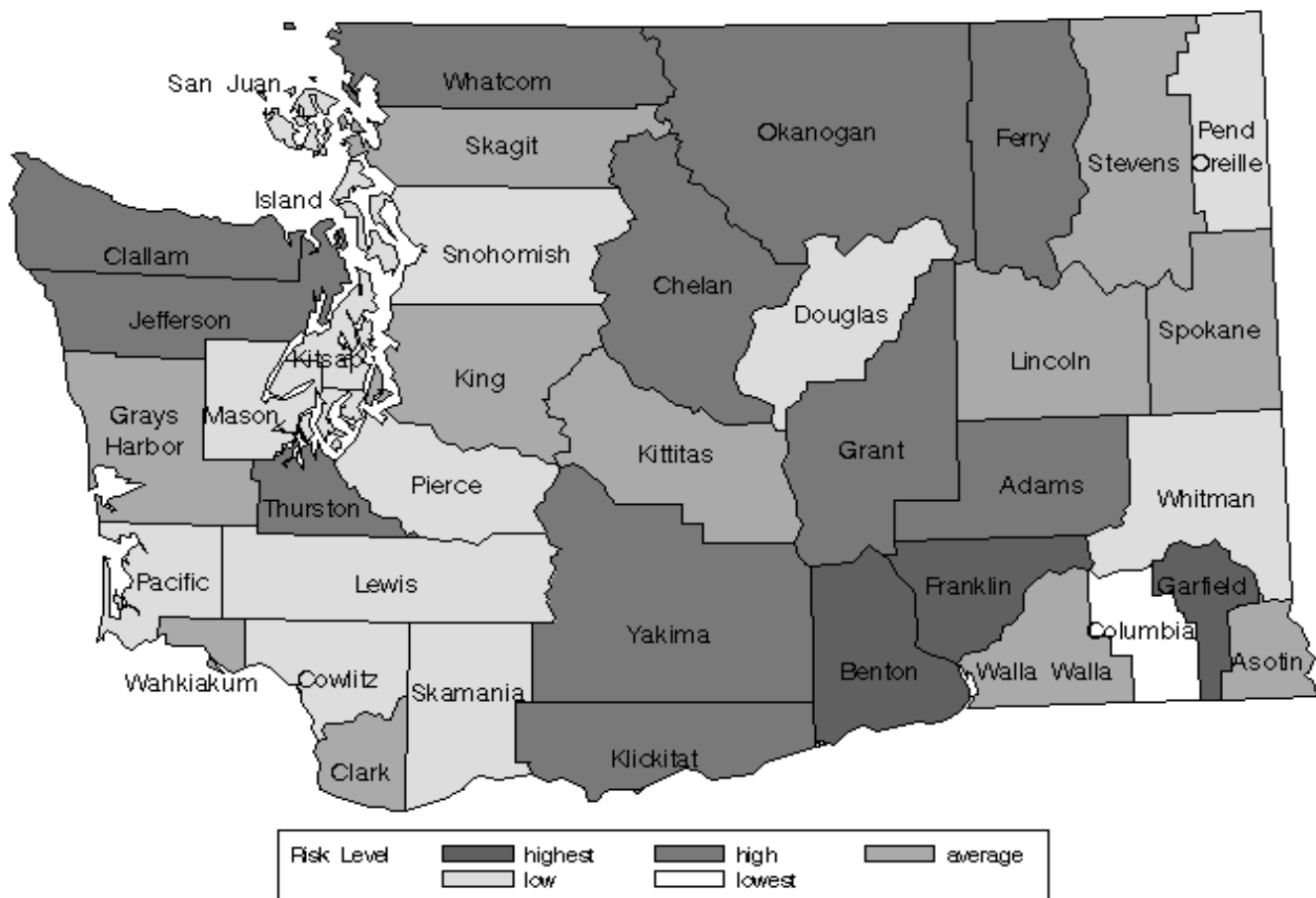
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	6.88	0.99	Rural B
Asotin	4.67	-0.27	Rural B
Benton	8.53	1.93	Urban C
Chelan	7.29	1.22	Rural B
Clallam	6.34	0.68	Rural C
Clark	4.52	-0.36	Urban C
Columbia	2.10	-1.74	Rural B
Cowlitz	4.22	-0.53	Rural C
Douglas	4.05	-0.63	Rural B
Ferry	7.50	1.34	Rural A
Franklin	8.40	1.85	Rural A
Garfield	8.00	1.62	Rural B
Grant	7.76	1.49	Rural A
Grays Harbor	5.71	0.32	Rural C
Island	3.13	-1.16	Rural C
Jefferson	6.70	0.88	Rural C
King	4.47	-0.39	Urban A
Kitsap	3.25	-1.08	Urban C
Kittitas	5.83	0.39	Rural B
Klickitat	6.04	0.51	Rural A
Lewis	3.62	-0.88	Rural C
Lincoln	4.92	-0.13	Rural B
Mason	3.55	-0.91	Rural C
Okanogan	6.94	1.02	Rural A
Pacific	3.09	-1.18	Rural C
Pend Oreille	3.99	-0.66	Rural A
Pierce	3.97	-0.67	Urban B
San Juan	2.62	-1.44	Rural C
Skagit	5.67	0.29	Rural C
Skamania	2.71	-1.39	Rural A
Snohomish	3.95	-0.68	Urban B
Spokane	4.93	-0.12	Urban B
Stevens	5.30	0.09	Rural B
Thurston	7.75	1.48	Urban C
Wahkiakum	4.39	-0.43	Rural C
Walla Walla	4.37	-0.44	Rural B
Whatcom	6.80	0.94	Urban C
Whitman	4.14	-0.58	Rural B
Yakima	7.00	1.05	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Arrests (Age 10-17), Drug Law Violation

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data

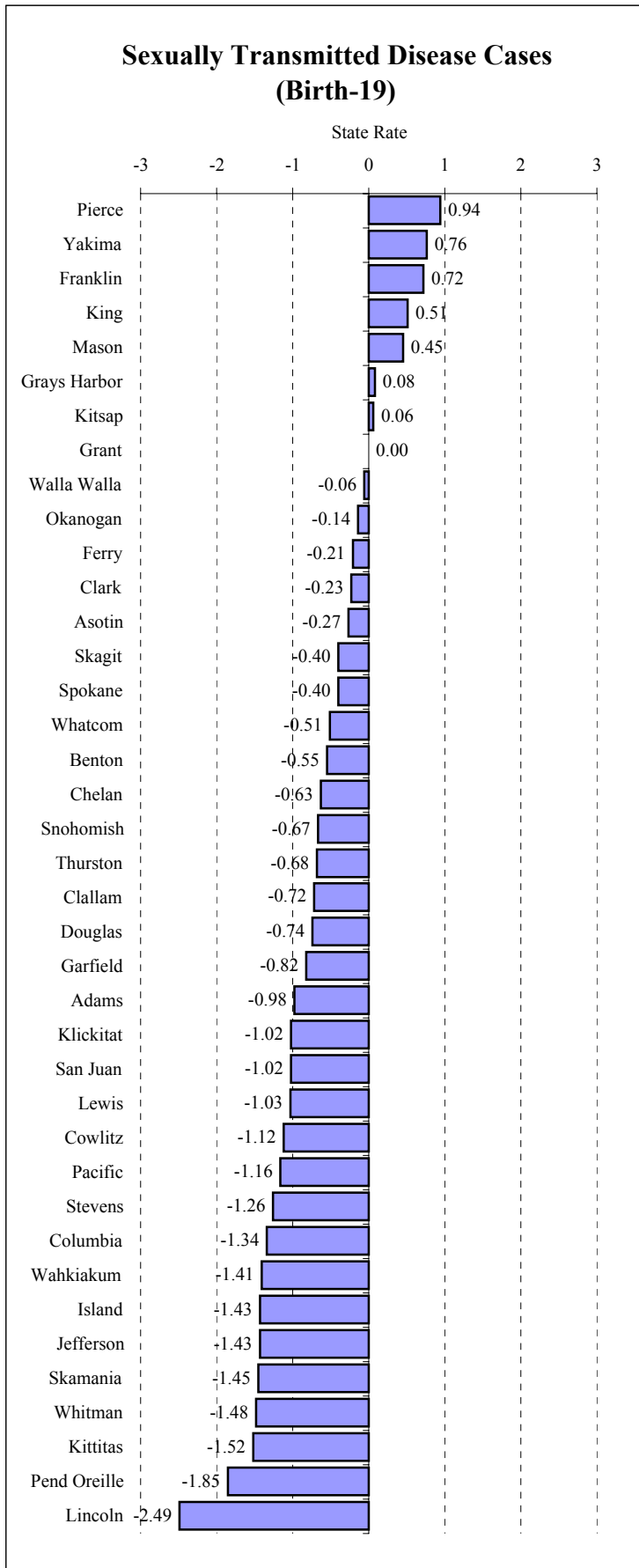


Note: The rates are the annual number of arrests of adolescents (age 10-17) for drug law violations, per 1,000 children (age 10-17). Drug law violations include all crimes involving sale, manufacturing, and possession of drugs. 1) Data may differ from our last report because of refinements to our population adjustment process. Denominators are adjusted by subtracting the population of police agencies that did not report arrests to UCR. In spite of this population adjustment, when the non-reporting police jurisdiction is where much of the crime occurs, the rate for the county will be lower than it would be if that jurisdiction was included. For percent subtracted and the agencies not reporting, see the appendix on Non-Reporting Agencies and Population. 2) No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, Uniform Crime Report (UCR), Tables 40 and 50

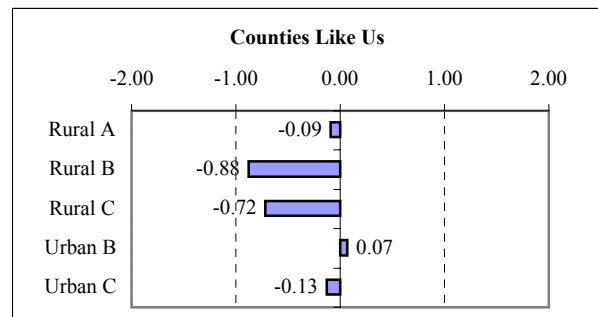
National Source: US Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online

Factor: Adolescent Sexual Behavior



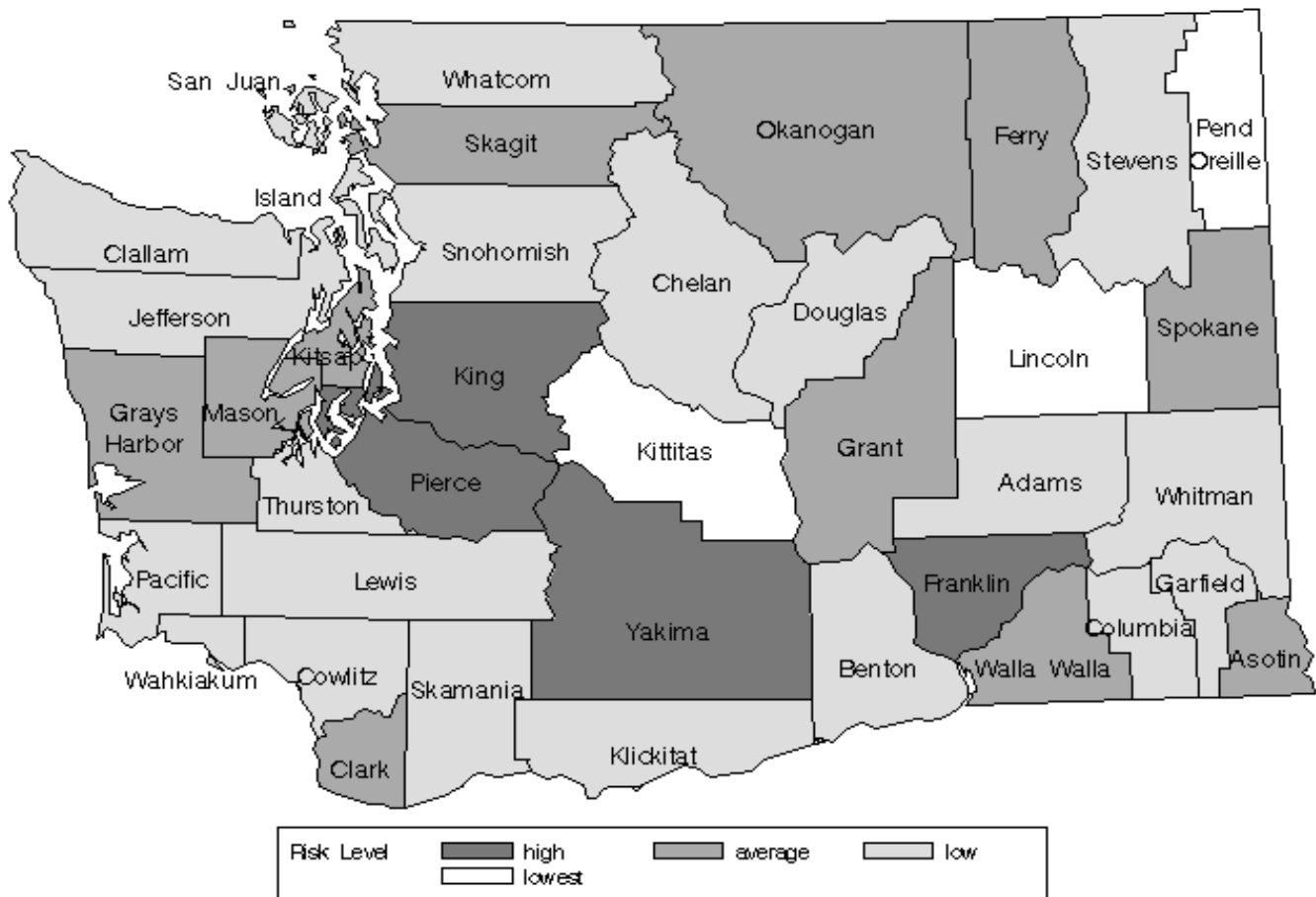
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	2.00	-0.98	Rural B
Asotin	2.73	-0.27	Rural B
Benton	2.45	-0.55	Urban C
Chelan	2.36	-0.63	Rural B
Clallam	2.27	-0.72	Rural C
Clark	2.77	-0.23	Urban C
Columbia	1.63	-1.34	Rural B
Cowlitz	1.86	-1.12	Rural C
Douglas	2.24	-0.74	Rural B
Ferry	2.79	-0.21	Rural A
Franklin	3.75	0.72	Rural A
Garfield	2.17	-0.82	Rural B
Grant	3.01	0.00	Rural A
Grays Harbor	3.09	0.08	Rural C
Island	1.54	-1.43	Rural C
Jefferson	1.54	-1.43	Rural C
King	3.53	0.51	Urban A
Kitsap	3.07	0.06	Urban C
Kittitas	1.46	-1.52	Rural B
Klickitat	1.97	-1.02	Rural A
Lewis	1.95	-1.03	Rural C
Lincoln	0.45	-2.49	Rural B
Mason	3.47	0.45	Rural C
Okanogan	2.87	-0.14	Rural A
Pacific	1.82	-1.16	Rural C
Pend Oreille	1.11	-1.85	Rural A
Pierce	3.97	0.94	Urban B
San Juan	1.96	-1.02	Rural C
Skagit	2.59	-0.40	Rural C
Skamania	1.52	-1.45	Rural A
Snohomish	2.32	-0.67	Urban B
Spokane	2.60	-0.40	Urban B
Stevens	1.72	-1.26	Rural B
Thurston	2.31	-0.68	Urban C
Wahkiakum	1.56	-1.41	Rural C
Walla Walla	2.95	-0.06	Rural B
Whatcom	2.49	-0.51	Urban C
Whitman	1.50	-1.48	Rural B
Yakima	3.78	0.76	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Sexually Transmitted Disease Cases (Birth-19)

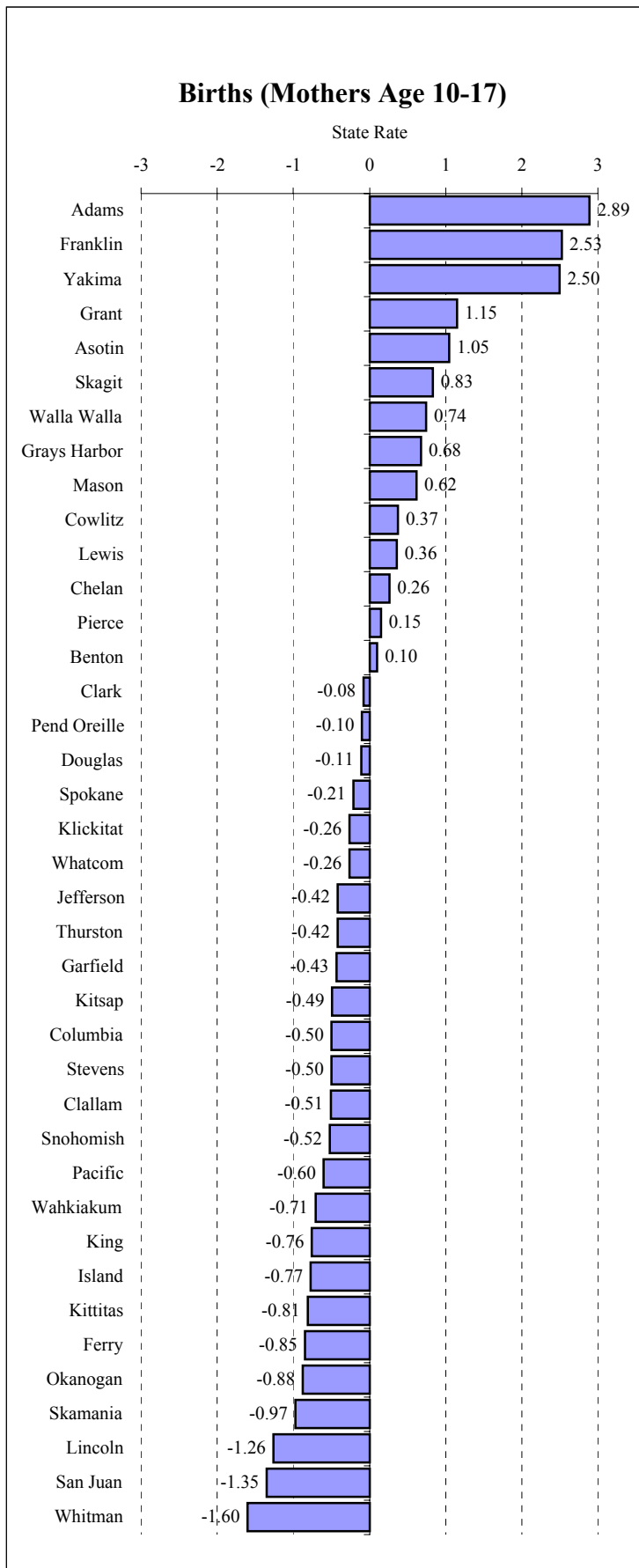
Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of reported cases of gonorrhea, syphilis, or chlamydia in children (age birth-19) per 1,000 adolescents (age birth-19). No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

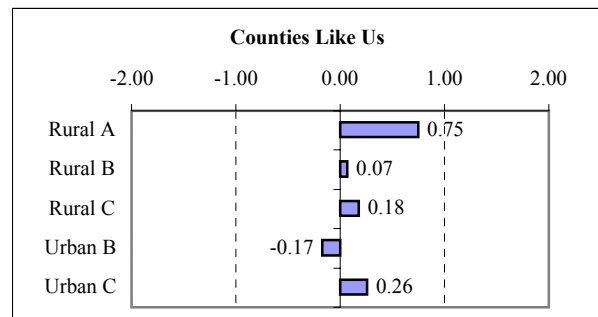
State Source: Department of Health, Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) Services, Sexually Transmitted Disease Reported Cases

Factor: Adolescent Sexual Behavior



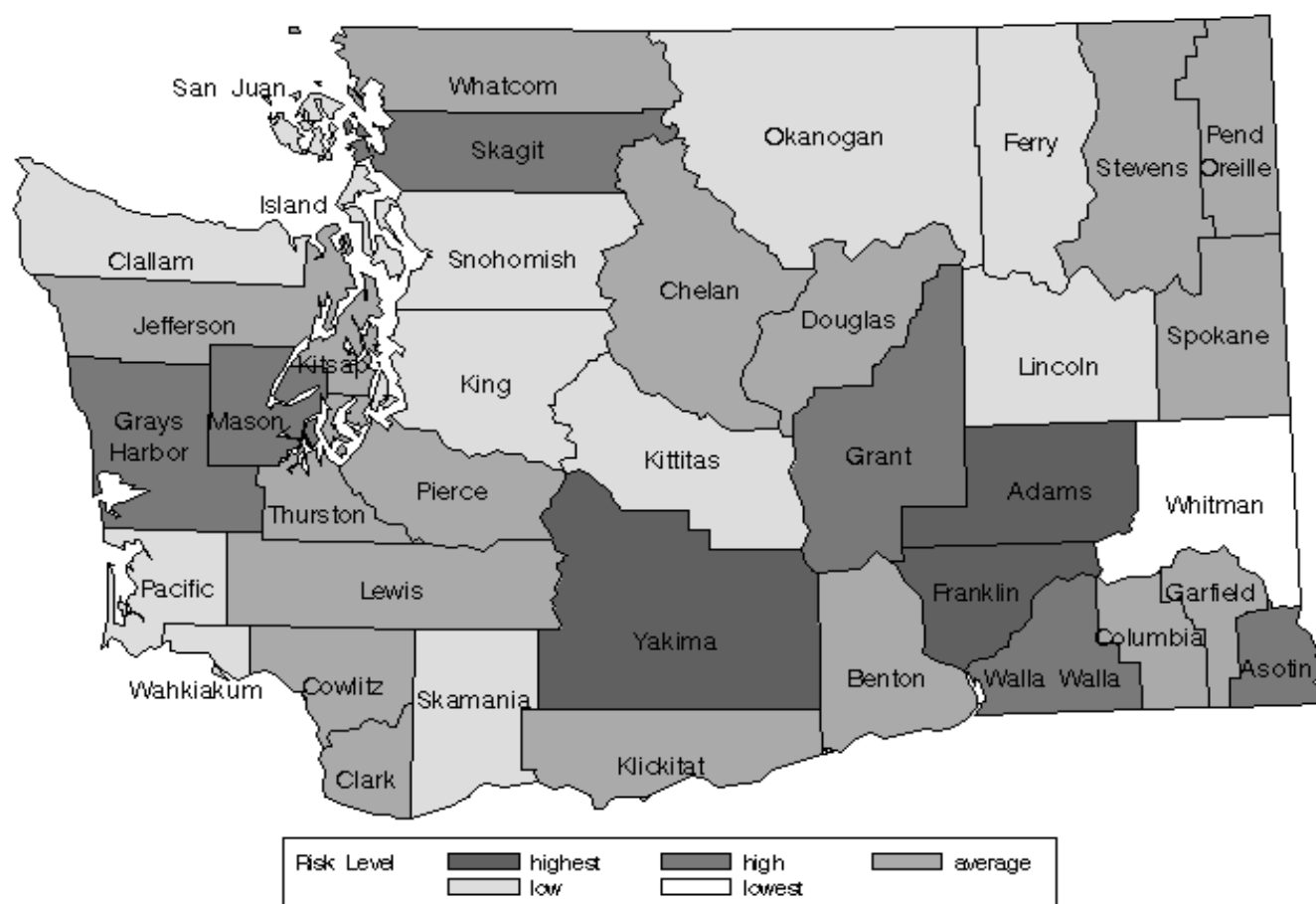
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	21.47	2.89	Rural B
Asotin	13.15	1.05	Rural B
Benton	8.86	0.10	Urban C
Chelan	9.58	0.26	Rural B
Clallam	6.12	-0.51	Rural C
Clark	8.08	-0.08	Urban C
Columbia	6.17	-0.50	Rural B
Cowlitz	10.10	0.37	Rural C
Douglas	7.93	-0.11	Rural B
Ferry	4.60	-0.85	Rural A
Franklin	19.86	2.53	Rural A
Garfield	6.46	-0.43	Rural B
Grant	13.62	1.15	Rural A
Grays Harbor	11.49	0.68	Rural C
Island	4.95	-0.77	Rural C
Jefferson	6.54	-0.42	Rural C
King	4.98	-0.76	Urban A
Kitsap	6.22	-0.49	Urban C
Kittitas	4.78	-0.81	Rural B
Klickitat	7.24	-0.26	Rural A
Lewis	10.06	0.36	Rural C
Lincoln	2.73	-1.26	Rural B
Mason	11.21	0.62	Rural C
Okanogan	4.44	-0.88	Rural A
Pacific	5.69	-0.60	Rural C
Pend Oreille	7.98	-0.10	Rural A
Pierce	9.11	0.15	Urban B
San Juan	2.32	-1.35	Rural C
Skagit	12.15	0.83	Rural C
Skamania	4.03	-0.97	Rural A
Snohomish	6.06	-0.52	Urban B
Spokane	7.47	-0.21	Urban B
Stevens	6.17	-0.50	Rural B
Thurston	6.51	-0.42	Urban C
Wahkiakum	5.23	-0.71	Rural C
Walla Walla	11.77	0.74	Rural B
Whatcom	7.26	-0.26	Urban C
Whitman	1.17	-1.60	Rural B
Yakima	19.73	2.50	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Births (Mothers Age 10-17)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



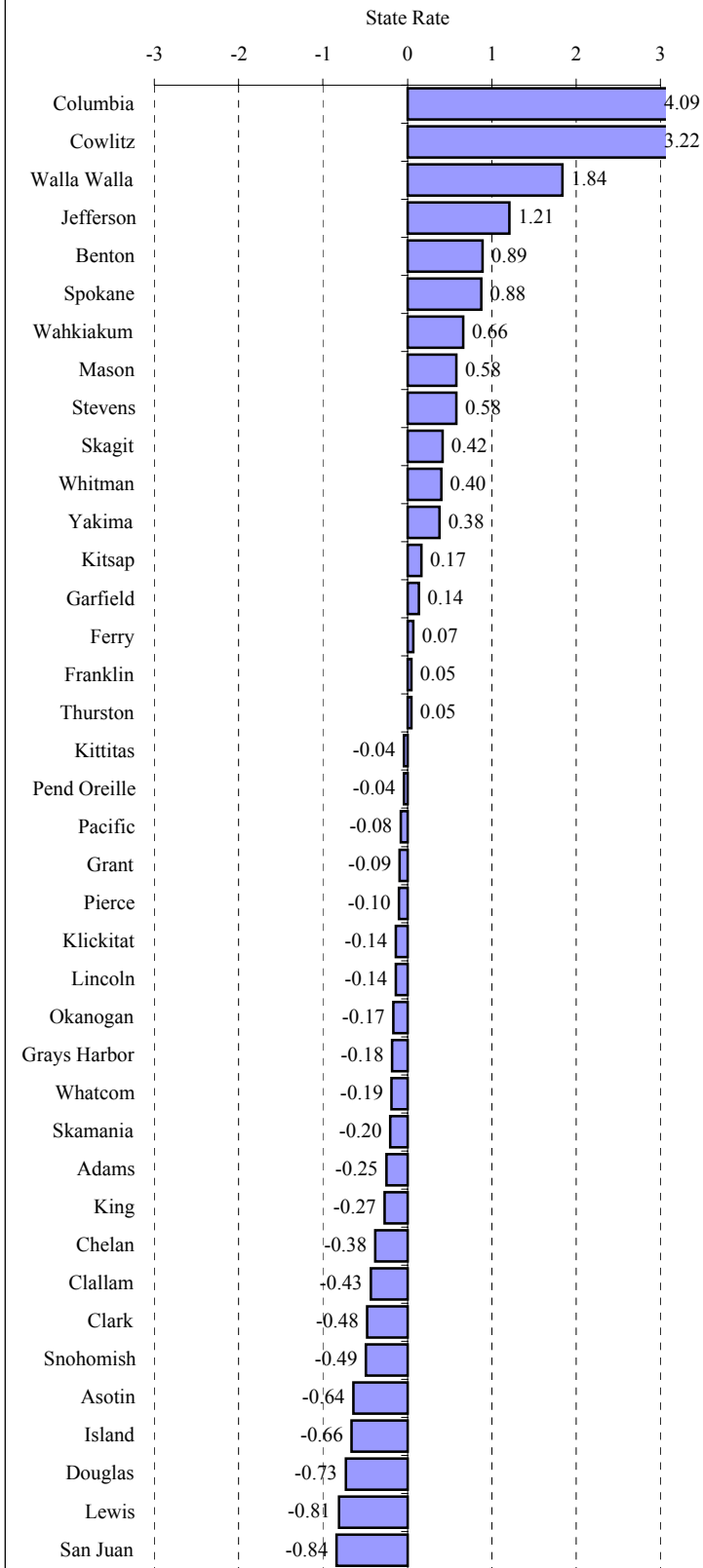
Note: The rates are the annual number of live births to adolescents (age 10-17) per 1,000 females (age 10-17). Rate changes in data result from on-going updates to birth records. No rate is given when the numerator is less than 5.

State Source: Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Certificate Data File

National Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Health Statistics
National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Services, National Vital Statistics Reports

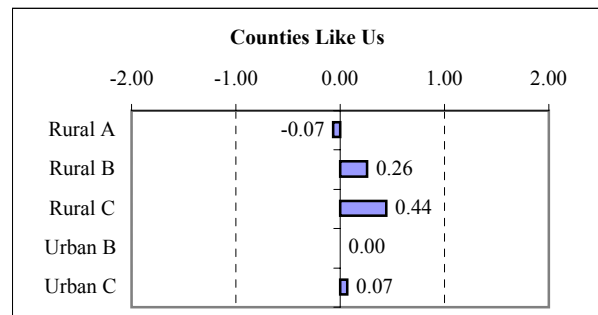
Factor: Suicide

Suicide and Suicide Attempts, (Age 10-17)



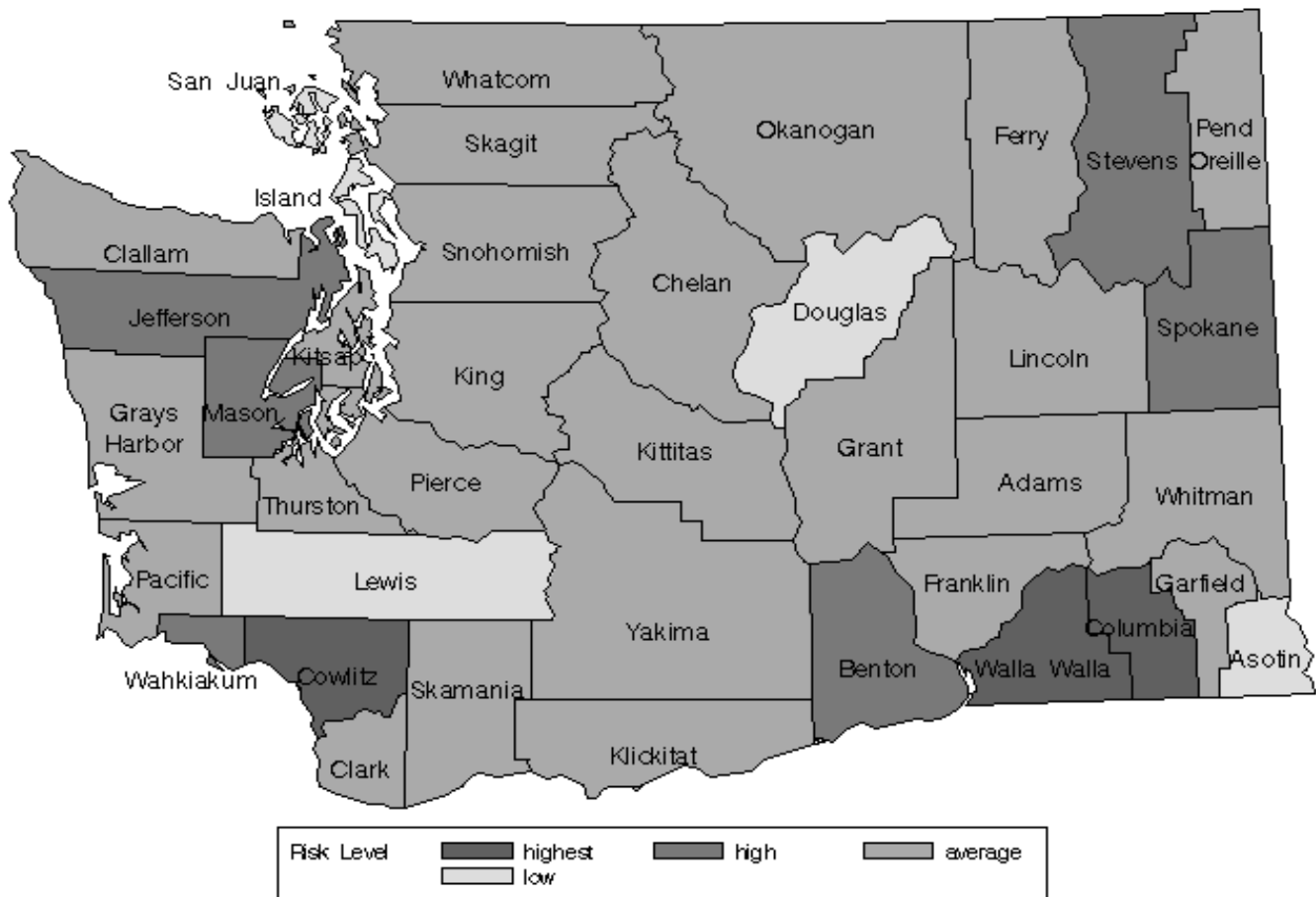
County	5 yr Rate	Standardized to State Mean	Counties Like Us (CLU)
Adams	42.73	-0.25	Rural B
Asotin	24.06	-0.64	Rural B
Benton	98.50	0.89	Urban C
Chelan	36.73	-0.38	Rural B
Clallam	33.96	-0.43	Rural C
Clark	31.72	-0.48	Urban C
Columbia	254.89	4.09	Rural B
Cowlitz	212.48	3.22	Rural C
Douglas	19.44	-0.73	Rural B
Ferry	58.53	0.07	Rural A
Franklin	57.58	0.05	Rural A
Garfield	61.77	0.14	Rural B
Grant	50.67	-0.09	Rural A
Grays Harbor	46.50	-0.18	Rural C
Island	22.61	-0.66	Rural C
Jefferson	114.38	1.21	Rural C
King	41.82	-0.27	Urban A
Kitsap	63.64	0.17	Urban C
Kittitas	53.40	-0.04	Rural B
Klickitat	48.37	-0.14	Rural A
Lewis	15.64	-0.81	Rural C
Lincoln	48.41	-0.14	Rural B
Mason	83.57	0.58	Rural C
Okanogan	46.67	-0.17	Rural A
Pacific	51.41	-0.08	Rural C
Pend Oreille	53.09	-0.04	Rural A
Pierce	50.19	-0.10	Urban B
San Juan	14.17	-0.84	Rural C
Skagit	75.67	0.42	Rural C
Skamania	45.44	-0.20	Rural A
Snohomish	31.14	-0.49	Urban B
Spokane	98.34	0.88	Urban B
Stevens	83.37	0.58	Rural B
Thurston	57.72	0.05	Urban C
Wahkiakum	87.22	0.66	Rural C
Walla Walla	144.90	1.84	Rural B
Whatcom	45.64	-0.19	Urban C
Whitman	74.74	0.40	Rural B
Yakima	73.76	0.38	Urban C

Rates are based on the average of the most current five years of data..Compare Urban A (King County) to Urban B values.



Suicide and Suicide Attempts, (Age 10-17)

Standardized Rate for Average of the Most Current Five Years of Data



Note: The State and County rates are the annual number of adolescents (age 10-17) who committed suicide or were admitted to the hospital for suicide attempts, per 100,000 adolescents (age 10-17). Suicides are based on death certificate information. Suicide attempts are based on hospital admissions, but do not include admissions to federal hospitals. Rates are not calculated for numerators less than 5.

State Source: Department of Health, Office of Hospital and Patient Data Systems, Comprehensive Hospital Abstract Reporting System (CHARS) and Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics Death Certificate Data

Topics:

Counting Alcohol- or Drug-related Deaths

Counties Like Us

Duplicated and Unduplicated Counts

Rates – Why is Raw Data Converted to Rates?

Uniform Crime Report - Non-Reporting Police Jurisdictions

Counting Alcohol- or Drug-related Deaths

Alcohol- or drug-related deaths are identified by matching the underlying cause of death from death certificate records to a list of causes that are considered AOD-related. The deaths identified as AOD-related then may be summed to provide county and state totals. Dividing the total AOD-related deaths by all deaths in a county or state gives the percent of all deaths that are alcohol and drug related. Lists of underlying causes of death that are AOD-related have been developed in several studies (see first three in list below). AOD-related deaths used in this report are determined using a comprehensive assembly of disease, accident, and injury codes identified in those studies. The codes are based upon the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision (ICD-9) from 1990 to 1998 or International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) after 1998 .

The identified AOD-related causes of death may be either fully attributable or sometimes attributable to alcohol or drugs. Some underlying causes of death are explicit in their mention of alcohol or drugs. Examples include alcoholic cirrhosis of the liver (ICD-9 code 571.2), alcohol and drug dependence syndromes (ICD-9 codes 303 and 304, respectively), and drug poisonings (ICD-9 codes E850 through E859). All deaths of this sort are fully, or 100%, attributable to alcohol or drug abuse and are considered direct AOD-related deaths.

Other underlying causes of death are related only sometimes to alcohol or drugs. For example, epidemiological studies have shown that, among persons over 35 years of age, 60% of deaths due to chronic pancreatitis (ICD-9 code 577.1) and 75% of malignant neoplasms of the esophagus (ICD-9 code 150) are alcohol-related. For persons of all ages, 42% of motor vehicle traffic and nontraffic deaths (ICD-9 codes E810 through E825) are alcohol-related. The appropriate percentage of such indirectly attributable deaths are also counted toward totals for AOD-related deaths.

The table on the following page characterizes the different diseases, injuries, and accidents by: name, ICD-9 or ICD-10 code, percent attributable to alcohol or drugs, age of inclusion. Information sources are listed below.

1. Schultz J, Rice D, & Parker D. 1990. Alcohol-related mortality and years of potential life lost - United States, 1987. *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, 39, 173-178.
2. Rice D, et al. 1990. *The Economic Costs of Alcohol and Drug Abuse and Mental Illness: 1985*. Report submitted to the Office of Financing and Coverage Policy of the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and mental health Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. San Francisco, CA: Institute for Health and Aging, University of California.
3. Fox K, Merrill J, Chang H, & Califano J. 1995. Estimating the Costs of Substance Abuse to the Medicaid Hospital Care Program. *American Journal of Public Health*, 85(1), 48-54.
4. Seattle-King County HIV/AIDS Epidemiology Unit and Washington State Office of HIV/AIDS Epidemiology and Evaluation. 1994. *Washington State/Seattle-King County HIV/AIDS Epidemiology Report (2nd Quarter, 1994)*, p. 4.

Technical Notes

Disease Category	ICD-10 Code	ICD-9 Code	Age Range	Percent AOD
Diseases directly attributable to alcohol				
Alcoholic psychoses	F10, F10.3-F10.9	291	>=15	100%
Alcohol dependence syndrome	F10.2	303	>=15	100%
Alcoholic polyneuropathy	G62.1	357.5	>=15	100%
Alcoholic cardiomyopathy	I42.6	425.5	>=15	100%
Alcoholic gastritis	K29.2	535.3	>=15	100%
Alcoholic fatty liver	K70.0	571.0	>=15	100%
Acute alcoholic hepatitis	K70.1, K70.4	571.1	>=15	100%
Alcoholic cirrhosis of the liver	K70.3	571.2	>=15	100%
Alcoholic liver damage, unspecified	K70.2, K70.9, K70	571.3	>=15	100%
Excessive blood level of alcohol	R78.0, T51	790.3	>=15	100%
Alcohol accidental poisoning or toxic effect	X45, Y15, T51.0-.1, T51.8-.9	E860.1, E860.2, E860.8, E860.9	>=15	100%
Nondependent abuse of drugs - Alcohol	F10.1	305.0	>=15	100%
Alcoholic myopathy	G72.1	New icd10	>=0	100%
Maternal care for (suspected) damage to fetus from alcohol	O35.4	New icd10	>=0	100%
Newborn affected by maternal use of alcohol	P04.3	New icd10	>=0	100%
Fetal alcohol syndrome (dysmorphic)	Q86.0	New icd10	>=0	100%
Diseases indirectly attributable to alcohol				
Neoplasms				
Breast	C50, D05	174.0-174.9, 233.0	>=35	13% F
Esophagus	C15, D00.1	150.1-150.9, 230.1	>=35	75%
Larynx	C32, D02.0	161.0-161.9, 231.0	>=35	50% M, 40% F
Lip, oral cavity, pharynx	C00-C14, D00.0	140.1-141.9, 143.0-149.9, 230.0	>=35	50% M, 40% F
Liver	C22, D01.5	155.0-155.2, 230.8	>=35	29%
Cardiovascular				
Cardiomyopathy	I42.0 - I42.2, I42.5, I42.7- I42.9	425.1, 425.4, 425.9	>=35	40% M
Hypertension	I10-I13, O10-O14, O16	401.0-404.9, 642.0, 642.2, 642.9	>=35	11%
Digestive System				
Cirrhosis	K71.7, K74.5-K74.6	571.5	>=35	74%
Duodenal Ulcers	K26	532.0-532.9	>=35	10%
Pancreatitis, acute	K85	577.0	>=35	47%
Pancreatitis, chronic	K86.1- K86.3, K86.9	577.1, 577.2, 577.9	>=35	72%
Other				
Epilepsy	G40.3,G40.4,G40.6,G40.9	345.1, 345.3, 345.9	>=15	30%
Seizures	R56	780.3	>=15	41%
Tuberculosis	A16-A19	011-013, 017, 018	>=15	25%
Other (Schultz, Rice, & Parker 1990)				
Motor vehicle accidents	V02-V04, V09.0, V09.2, V12-V14, V19.0-V19.2, V19.4-V19.6, V20-V79, V80.3- V80.5, V81.0-V81.1, V82.0-V82.1, V83-V86, V87.0-V87.8, V88.0-V88.8, V89.0, V89.2	E810-E825	>=0	42%
Pedal cycle and other vehicle accidents	V01, V05-V06, V09.1, V09.3-V09.9, V10-V11, V15-V18, V19.3, V19.8-V19.9, V80.0-V80.2, V80.6-V80.9, V82.2-V82.9, V87.9, V88.9, V89.1, V89.3, V89.9	E826-E829	>=0	20%
Water transport accidents	V90-V94	E830-E838	>=0	20%
Air & space transport accidents	V95-V97	E840-E845	>=0	16%

Technical Notes

Disease Category	ICD-10 Code	ICD-9 Code	Age Range	Percent AOD
Diseases indirectly attributable to alcohol (continued)				
Accidental falls	W00-W19	E880-E888	>=15	35%
Accidents caused by fire and flames	X00-X09	E890-E899	>=0	45%
Accidental drowning and submersion	W65-W74	E910	>=0	38%
Suicide and self-inflicted injury	X60-X84, Y87.0	E950-E959	>=15	28%
Homicide & other purposely inflicted injury	X85-Y09, Y87.1	E960-E969	>=15	46%
Other	X31, W79, W50-W52, W20- W34, Y10-Y19	E901, E911, E917-E920, E922, E980	>=15	25%
Diseases directly attributable to drugs				
Drug psychoses	F11-F16, F18-F19	292	>=15	100%
Drug dependence syndrome	F11-F16, F18-F19	304	>=15	100%
Polyneuropathy due to drugs	G62.0	357.6	>=15	100%
Drug dependence during pregnancy	F11-F16, F18-F19	648.3	>=15	100%
Suspected damage to fetus from drugs	O35.5,	655.5	>=15	100%
Noxious influences affecting fetus	P04.4	760.7	>=15	100%
Drug reactions, intoxic., withdrawal specific to newborn	P96.1	779.4, 779.5	>=15	100%
Selected drug poisonings	R78,R78.1-R78.6	962, 965, 967-971, 977 (CHARS 969.6)	>=15	100%
Selected accidental drug poisonings	X40-X44	E850-854, E858.0, E858.8, E858.9	>=15	100%
Nondependent abuse of drugs - drugs	F11-F16, F18-F19	305.2-305.9	>=15	100%
Diseases indirectly attributable to drugs				
AIDS (from IV drug use exposure)	B20-B24	042.0-044.9	>=15	5%
Cardiovascular				75%
Endocarditis	I33.0, I33.9	421.0, 421.9	>=15	75%
Other				
Hepatitis A	B15.9	70.1	>=15	12%
Hepatitis B	B16-B16.9	70.2, 70.3	>=15	36%
Hepatitis C	B17-B19.9	70.5, 70.9	>=15	10%

Counties Like Us

Knowing that your county has a particular rate for one of the indicators---say, number of tobacco sales licenses---does not help you evaluate the importance of that indicator to your risk profile. You do not know if it is higher or lower than you could reasonably expect. It is more useful to compare your county rate to the state rate, which is the average for the whole state, and to other counties, especially counties that have some characteristics in common with your county. This is especially important when urban rates differ substantially from rural rates. The comparison we present is for a group of counties that are similar in characteristics related to prevention planning: population of young people (aged 10-24), the percentage of deaths in the county that are alcohol and drug-related, and a simple geographic division into Eastern and Western Washington. For each indicator the Counties Like Us rate is the average rate across all of the counties in the cluster.

The groupings for “Counties Like Us” are as follows:

Urban A* – King County

Urban B* – Pierce, Snohomish, and Spokane

Urban C – Benton, Clark, Kitsap, Thurston, Whatcom, and Yakima

Rural A – Ferry, Franklin, Grant, Klickitat, Okanogan, Pend Oreille, and Skamania

Rural B – Adams, Asotin, Chelan, Columbia, Douglas, Garfield, Kittitas, Lincoln, Stevens, Walla, and Whitman

Rural C – Clallam, Cowlitz, Grays Harbor, Island, Jefferson, Lewis, Mason, Pacific, San Juan, Skagit, Wahkiakum

* For comparison, King County is compared to Urban B, but average scores for the indicators in Urban B do not include King County.

Duplicated and Unduplicated Counts

In an unduplicated person count, each person is counted only once in a year for the specified activity or service type, even if they receive that service multiple times during the year. Examples include Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) Child Recipients, Food Stamp Recipients, and alcohol or drug treatment. Duplicated counts are made of events such as prison admissions, arrests, births, or admission to a hospital for attempted suicide. For instance, each time a person is admitted to a prison, that “event” is counted. Therefore, a person admitted more than once is included more than once in the total count.

Rates: why is “raw data” converted to rates?

In order to make comparisons between counties and the state, and between counties that have different sizes, we use rates to describe an event in terms of a standard size population---either per 100 (percent), per 1,000 or per 100,000. For instance, what does it mean if County A has 42 alcohol retail licenses, and County B has 399? Does it mean that based on this indicator, the risk factor (Availability) is much higher in County B than it is County A? No, not if County B is a much bigger county. If County B is bigger, then the “rate” of liquor licenses per population might be the same or even lower. The only way to compare them is to convert the raw numbers to rates, based on the same population factor.

For instance:

County A: # of licenses – 42, # of persons (all ages) – 14, 297

County B: # of licenses – 399, # of persons (all ages) – 186,185

To calculate the rate per 1,000:

$42 / 14,297 = .002937$ $.002937 \times 1,000 = 2.94$

$399 / 186,185 = .002143$ $.002143 \times 1,000 = 2.14$

So the rate of alcohol retail licenses is 2.94 per 1,000 people in County A, and 2.14 per 1,000 people in County B.

Technical Notes

Uniform Crime Report - Non-Reporting Police Jurisdictions

Most law enforcement agencies report arrest data to the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC), which in turn provides data to the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting Program. This is the source of our arrest data. Some jurisdictions do not report all arrests, some report partial years, and some withhold certain categories of arrests.

The information in individual county report sections, Non-reporting Population and Non-reporting Agency, show how and when your counties police jurisdictions reported data to the Washington Association of Sheriff's and Police Chiefs. If your county is one with a significant amount of incomplete arrest data, be very careful that you adjust your risk assessment to reflect this. In other words, the reported arrest rates may not adequately reflect the entire county. This will be true especially in those cases where the non-reporting police jurisdictions have either very high or very low arrest rates, compared to the rest of the county.

In order to compensate for missing police reports, we have adjusted the denominator in the rate calculation so that it reflects only the proportion of the county for which we do have data. For instance, say County A, with a population of 40,000, has eight police districts. Now, if one of the police districts in the county did not report their arrests, the number of arrests would not be representative of the whole county. Therefore, we would not want to use the population of the whole county in the denominator because that would make the rate lower than it should be. The solution used in this report is to subtract the population of that missing police district from the county population. We follow the same procedure for police districts that report partial years: if they report only six months, we use only half of the population to calculate the rate.

Due to the uneven geographic distribution of crime, missing police data can cause spikes or dips in the trend data comparison of multiple consecutive years. We do not run into this problem in the state report because here (as opposed to the individual county reports) we are only reporting 5-year averages. Most adjustments for non-reporting population are then smoothed out at the county level.